"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER. Partly cloudy.

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SCHWAB MAY LEAVE STEEL TRUST TO-DAY

A Director Says His Resignation Has Been Tendered.

Executive Committee and Directors to Act Upon It at Once—W. E. Corey Likely to Succeed Him.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 3.—A Director of the United States Steel Corporation said to-day that President Charles M. Schwab would sever his official connection with that concern to-morrow, his resignation as President now being in the hands of the Executive Committee.

For months Mr. Schwab's resignation has been rumored, but each time the rumor appeared it was denied by Mr. Schwab himself, as well as by the corporation's Directors.

On July 1 W. E. Corey, who succeeded Mr. Schwab as President of the Carnegie Steel Company, now owned by the United States Steel Company, was appointed assistant to President Schwab, "to perform the active duties of the President of the company."

Even then it was denied that Mr. Schwab would retire as President of the corporation. The appointment was made, it was said, to enable President Schwab to take a much-needed rest, "in order to build up his health, overtaxed by close confinement to the affairs of the corporation."

As Mr. Schwab had already had a half year's holiday, the general public regarded the excuses for the appointment of Mr. Corey as "an easy way of letting Mr. Schwab down"—a sort of preliminary to his early retirement from the company.

That the public rightly gauged the situation is now proved by the announcement that Mr. Schwab will retire as President of the Steel Trust. The Executive Committee will meet to-morrow and, it is stated, will recommend the acceptance of Mr. Schwab's resignation. It will then, according to the informant, be turned over to the Directors, who will meet later in the day and formally approve it.

Mr. Schwab, it is declared, will also resign as Director, thus completely severing his connection with the company.

Mr. Corey, it is stated, will be elected Mr. Schwab's successor, but his duties will be practically the same as those he is now performing—the physical operation of the various plants comprising the corporation.

Other changes are expected to be made, but nothing definite regarding them has been given out officially, although it is intimated that H. C. Frick, at present a Director, has been prevailed upon to accept the Chairmanship of the Finance Committee.

The belief generally exists that Mr. Schwab's resignation has been forced by J. P. Morgan, who, it is stated, was greatly displeased over the rumors about Mr. Schwab during the latter's trip abroad, one of which was that the Steel Trust's President had attempted to "break the bank" at Monte Carlo. Mr. Morgan is said to have cabled Mr. Schwab at that time regarding the matter.

Mr. Schwab's personal representative in New York, when his attention was called to the report last night, said that he had nothing to say for publication.

RUSSIAN STRIKE EPIDEMIC.

Situation at Baku Very Serious—Many Incendiary Fires—25,000 Persons Idle at Odessa.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The Times's Russian correspondents say that the strike situation at Baku is so serious that Gen. von Wahl, the Assistant Minister of the Interior, has gone there, and large numbers of troops have been collected. Conflagrations at oil wells, evidently the work of incendiaries, occur daily.

Owing to the long suspension of traffic on the Baku-Tiflis Railway the intervening towns and villages are suffering from want of provisions. Even Tiflis has been without meat for some time.

The police have seized three large cases of contraband rifles consigned from Nijni Novgorod to Baku on board a Volga steamer.

Strikes are epidemic in South Russia, says the Odessa correspondent of The Times. The bulk of the workmen have struck at Batum, Nikolaieff, Ekaterinoslaff, and Elisabetgrad. In Odessa 25,000 men are idle.

Crowds of workmen and factory girls are congregating in the principal squares of Odessa, and most of the shops in the city are closed. The strikers' main grievances are the impossibly long hours, the inadequate wages, the liability to discharge on the most trivial pretext, and the unfair system of fining. The new labor law has given the strikers confidence that they will almost certainly obtain considerable concessions.

TWO-CENT A MILE RATE.

Chicago Great Western Considering a Plan to Sell 1,000-Mile Books for $20.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—The establishment of a flat passenger rate of 2 cents a mile in the territory east of the Missouri River and St. Paul and west and northwest of Chicago will probably be the result of the agitation over interchangeable mileage.

President Stickney of the Chicago Great Western has now under consideration a plan which includes the sale of 1,000-mile books at $20 flat. These books, if it is decided to introduce them, will be issued to bearer, and anybody can ride on them. It is said to be the intention of the Great Western to adopt that method of signalizing the opening of its new Omaha extension next month. Other roads will be compelled to meet the Great Western's action. The placing on sale of such a ticket would settle the interchangeable mileage trouble.

It is not believed that the railroads will suffer serious loss by adopting a two-cent-a-mile flat rate, as it will undoubtedly stimulate traffic considerably and also do away with the necessity of granting excursion rates of a fare and one-third, as a fare and one-third for the round trip is practically a two-cent-a-mile rate.

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CHICAGO OFFICIAL'S RESCUES.

Postmaster Coyne Saves Four Persons Capsized in Heavy Squall.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—Four Chicagoans were saved from drowning in Lake Beulah, Wis., on Saturday by Postmaster F. E. Coyne. While admitting that the people were in extreme danger, Mr. Coyne to-day belittled his feat, and refused to give names or details of the heroic rescue, a story of which his friends spread around Chicago.

While Coyne was cruising around Lake Beulah in his launch Saturday afternoon a heavy squall came up, lashing the surface of the lake into foam. Mr. Coyne headed his craft into the teeth of the wind, and when the worst had blown over started for his wharf. Before proceeding far he discovered a capsized yacht about 200 feet away and four persons struggling in the water. In order to reach them Mr. Coyne was forced to take the seas broadside. The ladies of his own party were badly frightened, but the Postmaster quieted their fears and ran his boat around the overturned yacht. Two women were taken from the water, both being completely exhausted in their attempts to cling to the capsized boat.

YOUTH KILLED BY A TRAIN.

Body of Stamford Builder's Son Found on New Haven Tracks in New Rochelle.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Aug. 3.—James W. Smith, eighteen years of age, son of W. H. Smith, a builder of Stamford, Conn., was killed late last night on the tracks of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad in this city, near the Larchmont line. The body was dragged about 400 feet and so mangled that an uncle of the boy, Charles W. Hendrie, a detective Sergeant in Stamford, was unable to identify it except by marks on the clothing and a pin.

Smith was last seen in Stamford Sunday night about 7 o'clock. He said nothing of coming to this city. A youth wearing clothing such as he wore was seen to alight at the depot here between 8 and 8:30 o'clock Sunday night. Early this morning the body was found. The only clue toward identification was a pin marked "S. H. S., '05." Word was sent to Stamford among other places having high schools and whose names commenced with "S." Meanwhile Mr. Smith had reported his son's absence over night at Stamford, and Mr. Hendrie came down. The pin and the laundry mark on the boy's collar enabled him to identify the body.

No one saw the boy killed, and it is supposed he tried to ride on a freight to his home city, or he may have been struck by a train.

GRANDMOTHER SEEKS CHILD.

Mrs. De Bedts Asserts That L. R. Hyde Is a Fugitive and Unfit to Have Charge of Daughter.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 3.—Charging that Lionel R. Hyde of Brooklyn is insolvent and a fugitive from justice, Mrs. Alice De Bedts, also of Brooklyn, obtained an order from Vice Chancellor Emery to-day directing Hyde to produce in court to-morrow his three-year-old daughter, now in Rahway with his brother, for decision as to the little one's custody.

The petitioner sets forth that she is grandmother of the child, Hyde having married her daughter Florence on Nov. 8, 1899, and that she cared for, clothed, and fed the girl until recently, when Hyde took her to his brother's home at Rahway. Having had the custody of the child ever since the death of its mother last December, she wants the little one back, especially as it is alleged in the petition Hyde intends to remove the child to Nantucket, Mass., where it will be more difficult for the petitioner to see it.

The custody of the child is asked for on the ground that Hyde is a person morally unfit to care for his daughter, and in support of this assertion it is alleged that he is a fugitive from justice and that his whereabouts is now unknown. Hyde, it is alleged, was President of the Halcyon Club of Brooklyn from Dec. 15, 1901, to February, 1902, and while occupying that position misappropriated the club's funds and then fled from Brooklyn to avoid arrest. It is also set forth that Hyde owes physicians', nurses', undertakers', druggists', and florists' bills since the death of his wife.

The Brooklyn Directory gives Hyde's address as 510 Hancock Street. That house, which is now vacant, was occupied by the De Bedts until two months ago, when they moved to 842 Hancock Street. There was no response to the door bell last night, and neighbors said that the family had left the city for a few adys.

STEEL COACHES FOR TUNNEL.

Pennsylvania Railroad Building First One for Use on Its Lines in This City.

Special to The New York Times.

ALTOONA, Penn., Aug. 3.—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has under construction in the shops here the first of the new steel passenger coaches that are to be used in its tunnels in New York. It resembles other passenger coaches of the company except that it is built entirely of steel, there being not a particle of wood about it except the seats.

It is fifty feet long, vestibuled, and has no steps, they being unnecessary, owing to the depressed tracks. The car is equipped with Westinghouse air brakes, and is heated with steam and lighted by electric generators. The seats are of rattan.

The car is an experimental one, and is made on plans that will allow its use in interchangeable traffic with the interborough lines of Greater New York. It will be turned out of the shops in a week or two, and if it proves satisfactory others will be built.

New Makers of Needles.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Aug. 3.—The needle manufacturing plant of Loyal T. Ives, in this city, has been sold by him to Edward Bromley and John A. Hepworth of Philadelphia and Howard A. Silcocks of this city, who will form a close corporation and operate under the name of the L. T. Ives Company. Mr. Silcocks has been Superintendent of the factory for several years. Mr. Ives retires on account of age. Deeds for the property have not passed, but the new owners took charge to-day.

Lackawanna Railroad to Buffalo. Shortest route. New Pullman cars. Superb dining car service. Tickets, 429 and 1,183 B'way.—Adv.

WIDOW OF BARRIOS A TENDERLOIN PRISONER

Relict of Guatemalan President Locked Up for Intoxication.

Son of Assassinated Executive Went to the Station to Give Bond—Cabman Caused the Arrest.

A woman, who said she was the widow of the late President Barrios of Guatemala, was taken to the West Thirtieth Street Police Station last night by a cabman, who told the Sergeant that he had picked her up in the rear of a saloon at Sixth Avenue and Thirtieth Street, and that he had tried to take her home, but that she did not seem to know where she lived. She was locked up on the charge of intoxication and placed in a cell. When she was arraigned at the desk she gave the name of Algeria Barrios. She said she had no city address, since she had recently arrived from Paris.

Her clothing was of the finest material, but was badly worn. To the matron she said that she had pawned some of her jewelry in order to buy drink. She still had several pieces of jewelry on her person.

John Kelly, the cabman who took her to the police station, said that he had been called to the side entrance of the saloon by the bartender, with whose aid he had put the woman in the cab. He said that she had complained to him at the time of feeling ill, and had ordered him to drive around for a time so that she might get some air.

After an hour she said she felt better, and told him to drive her to the Waldorf-Astoria. When he had almost reached there she said that she needed more air, and so he again drove her around the neighborhood. Her next order was to take her to the Fifth Avenue Hotel, but before reaching that place she again changed her mind, and Kelly gave her another drive of two hours' duration, at the end of which they were at Seventh Avenue and Thirtieth Street.

Here Kelly, who was becoming afraid that he would not get his fare, demanded part payment, but the woman was in such a state that he could not get any satisfactory answer. Finally, after arguing with her for half an hour, Kelly drove her to the station house, where he made his complaint to Sergt. Wall. A policeman was sent to get the woman, and, with the assistance of the cabman, he carried her into the house.

When arraigned she seemed to be in a semi-conscious condition. She made inaudible replies to the questions as they were put to her, and did not seem to realize where she was. Finally she said that she had left Paris six weeks ago, and after a week in London had come to New York. She said that she had left her daughter in London.

She is tall, a blonde, with very fair complexion, large blue eyes, and generally fine features.

After she had been in the cell for some time the woman told the matron that she had been staying at the Brevoort House, at Fifth Avenue and Eighth Street, where also lived her stepson. She sent a message to the proprietor, Antoine La Bianche, who went to the station house at once and furnished bail for her appearance at court to-day.

With him was a boy of about seventeen years, who said that the woman locked up was his stepmother, and that he was the son of President Barrios by his first wife. He appeared greatly grieved at the situation, but said that he did not understand under what charge his stepmother was locked up. He said that she had complained of feeling ill during the afternoon, and later had gone out for a walk.

When Mme. Barrios appeared after leaving the cell the young man rushed up to her, and, throwing his arms about her, kissed her on both cheeks. After the necessary signatures had been signed to the bail bond he escorted her out to the carriage which he had driven to the station, and together they drove away.

The woman had lost her shoes and walked in her stockinged feet, the toes of which appeared once in every few steps beyond the hem of her dress. She did not falter, but walked calmly to the cab, into which she allowed the young man to assist her. He got in with her and the cab was driven away.

While waiting for the woman to appear in the station the young man told Sergeant Wall that he and his stepmother and stepsister had been living in Paris. They left there about six weeks ago, stopped a week in London, where his step-sister was left with friends, and then he and his stepmother went to Central America.

They visited friends and paid some necessary attention to property they have in that part of the country and then they returned to New York. He said he and his stepmother were to sail for England to-day or to-morrow.

Gen. Barrios was the Consul General to San Francisco from Guatemala when he met the woman who later became his wife. He was a widower at the time. He later became President, and it is said that the grandest entertainment ever given in Guatemala City was when his second child, the only one by this wife, was born.

President Barrios took an active part in the affairs of Gutemala from the time he was thirteen years old. Then he fought with his uncle against President Carna. After steady promotions he became a General of artillery. He then entered the political field, being made Vice President, and in 1892 became President.

At one time, when he was trying to negotiate a loan of £3,000,000 with Europe, the National Assembly opposed him, so he dissolved that body and assumed the rôle of dictator.

The people were dissatisfied with his rule, and frequent uprisings resulted. The longest of these came about when the National Assembly extended his term of office to 1902, and was led by his opponent for the office, Prospero Morales, who said that the liberty of Guatemala was in danger. The revolution was crushed after six months, and Barrios ruled again as Dictator. In February, 1898, he was assassinated by a German named Oscar Zollinger, who was himself pursued and killed.

STEALS HOTEL BEDCLOTHES.

Thief Who Has an Unusual Specialty Leaves a Trail to New York.

The hotel managers and clerks of this city are anxious to get some trace of a young man who has of late stopped over night at several of the city hostelries, and, leaving in the morning, has carried off the bed clothing from the room which he had occupied, but has forgotten to pay his bill.

The man appeared at the Hoffman House two weeks ago. After staying at the hotel over night he left, and when the chambermaid entered the room the next morning she found the sheets, pillowcases, quilts, and blankets gone.

Returning to the Hoffman House two days later, and not being recognized, he repeated his theft, and then went to the Victoria Hotel and later to the Astor House, where he carried off every piece of bedclothing in the room. At the latter place he registered on Saturday night and disappeared on Sunday morning. Although articles of greater value than the bed clothes have been in the rooms which he has occupied, the thief has never taken anything except the bed clothes.

The hotel detectives say that they have been warned against the fellow by detectives throughout the West. They have been able to track his movements solely by the disappearance of the bed clothes.

GIRL INSISTED ON DROWNING.

Despite the efforts of two young men to save her life Hattie Cohn, twenty-four years old, of 426 East Eighty-fifth Street, committed suicide yesterday afternoon by jumping into the East River at the foot of Eighty-sixth Street. She is believed to have been demented.

On the pier when the woman jumped into the water were John Eisenhart, nineteen years old, of 520 East Eighty-fourth Street, and James Hamilton, twenty-three years old, of 506 East Eighty-fourth Street. Eisenhart is a cripple, and both wore heavy clothing, but they plunged in after her. Though they managed to reach her and support her by her clothing the woman fought so fiercely that they finally had to let her go to save their own lives. They were barely able to regain the pier.

The woman had cried to them to leave her alone, as she wanted to die. Her father, Ludwig Cohn, who keeps a small candy store, could give no reason why she should want to die, but neighbors said that she had long been acting strangely.

PRESIDENT'S GIFT TO A BABY.

Chief Magistrate Sends $100 to McKeesport Man's Twentieth Child.

Special to The New York Times.

McKEESPORT, Penn., Aug. 3.—A check for $100 has been received from President Roosevelt for Theodore Roosevelt Signet, the boy recently born to Mr. and Mrs. William H. Signet of this place, and which is the twentieth child of Mr. Signet. The money has been placed in bank to the credit of the youngster, the interest to accumulate until he is twenty-one years old.

TWO HURT IN EXPLOSION.

Mother and Child Injured by Dynamite Contained in Trunk.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 3.—By the explosion of a trunk containing dynamite bombs in the Italian section of Nutley to-day Mrs. Totroniello Siniszallo, thirty-eight years old, and her three-year-old son, of 10 Sheffield Street, this city, were probably fatally burned.

The explosion, which completely wrecked the one-story shanty in Bloomfield Avenue, in the Italian section of the town, was caused by a sudden jar in removing the trunk prepartory to shipping it to New York City. The first explosion was followed by a number of others, and the bodies of mother and child were found some distance away.

An ambulance from the Newark City Hospital was summoned and the two victims were taken to that institution, where it was found that they had been burned from head to foot. They are not expected to recover.

GOV. ODELL INTERVIEWED.

Expects Renomination and Re-election of Mayor Low—Says "There Is No National Political Situation Except Roosevelt."

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 3.—Gov. Odell of New York chatted to-day on the politics of his State. He predicted the renomination of Mayor Low of New York City, and cheerfully said it looked very much as if Mr. Low would be the winner in the mayoralty race. Asked about the National political situation, he said:

"Why, there is no National political situation except Roosevelt. Roosevelt will be the Republican candidate for President in 1904. In New York we don't hear anybody else considered."

"How about Hanna?" was asked.

"I don't think he is to be considered," replied the Governor. "My opinion is that it will be all for Roosevelt. He will get the solid vote of the New York delegation in the National convention, and he will carry New York."

"Will you or Senator Platt deliver the delegation to him?"

"Now, that's a rather direct question. Senator Platt and I will work in harmony for the success of the Republican ticket. All this talk of a rupture between us is not true. We have minor differences of opinion on some things, but our relations are not strained. Sometimes I think that when there is nothing else to write about somebody gets up a row between Senator Platt and myself. But we keep right on being friendly, and we will work together in this campaign."

Gov. Odell would say nothing about Senator Platt's possibilities for the Vice Presidency, dismissing the subject with the remark: "It is not always best to discuss Vice Presidential candidates too much in advance. The Vice President should be left for the convention to name. It is not wise to arrange too much before the convention meets."

"Who will be the Democratic nominee for President, in your opinion?" was asked.

"Of course," Mr. Odell replied, "that is hard to tell but if I were to make a prediction, judging from present indications, I should say it would be Judge Alton B. Parker of New York. He is coming up stronger right along."

DENIAL BY MR. CLEVELAND.

He Says He Will Not Discuss Politics in His Speech at the Chicago Commercial Club Dinner.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—James H. Eckels, who extended the invitation to ex-President Cleveland on behalf of the Commercial Club to be the club's guest next October, has received a letter from Mr. Cleveland definitely fixing the date as Oct. 14.

In the course of the letter, alluding to the report that he will discuss politics in his after-dinner speech, Mr. Cleveland says:

"I wonder whether it cannot in some way be given out emphatically that in what I say at the club's dinner not a single word of politics will cross my lips, and that my so-called address will be simply an after-dinner talk of probably a half hour."

HAYES HERE FOR INSPECTION.

General Master Workman of Knights of Labor May Seek Control of Building Trades.

John W. Hayes, General Master Workman of the Knights of Labor, has come to this city to undertake a general supervision of the local and district assemblies of the Knights of Labor in New York and its vicinity. This is his first tour of inspection here since he was made General Master Workman, and in view of the state of affairs in the building trades here the inspection will be rigid.

Formerly the Knights of Labor controlled many of the building trades unions of this city, and probably will take advantage of the present situation to try to regain its prestige in that line.

District Assembly 253, of the Knights of Labor, is known as the Building Constructors' District, and is formed of building trades unions. Mr. Hayes yesterday attended a meeting of delegates of districts in Gramercy Hall, Seventeenth Street, near Second Avenue.

This week he will attend meetings of District Assemblies Nos. 253 and 49 of Manhattan and 75 and 220 of Brooklyn. He will also attend meetings of local assemblies in Jersey City, Hoboken, and other places. Discussing the present situation among the workers, District Master Workman Farrell of Building Constructors' District 253, said yesterday:

"There is no doubt that the walking delegate has hitherto occupied too irresponsible a position. No body of men ought to be ordered on strike on a building without at least knowing why they strike and having a chance of saying for themselves whether they want to strike. If the salaries of walking delegates were withheld while the strikes were on there would be fewer strikes. This, I think, would solve the sympathetic strike question. While a walking delegate is paid, strike or no strike, he does not care how many strikes are ordered."

Boodler Gets Seven Years.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 3.—In the Circuit Court to-day Judge Ryan sentenced Julius Lehmann, ex-member of the House of Delegates, to seven years' imprisonment in the penitentiary on the charge of bribery in connection with the city lighting "boodle" deal.

Burnett's Extract of Vanilla imparts a superior delicacy of flavor. Try it. Use it.—Adv.

ELBERON HAS STABLE WAR

Some Cottagers Declare Dr. Woodend's Horses a Nuisance.

Exercising Animals in the Street Complained Of, and the Quarrel Is Taken Into Court.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Aug. 3.—The attitude of the Lake District cottagers at Elberon toward Dr. W. E. Woodend of the Wall Street stock broking house of Woodend & Co. is a topic of absorbing interest, and the suit brought against him by Mrs. Bingham, wife of James M. Bingham, is regarded as simply an earnest of hostile action to follow. The suit, which seeks a permanent injunction against Dr. Woodend to restrain him and his servants from continuing nuisances alleged to have been created by his large stable establishment, is to be up again for a hearing Aug. 17.

The trouble came of Dr. Woodend building a one-story carriage shed annex to the Brokaw cottage, which is in the most select part of the Ocean Avenue district at Elberon. Dr. Woodend maintains that Barbour Square, in which dwell his family, the Binghams, the Goldbergers, and the Barbours, has running through it a public thoroughfare known as Adams Street, that he has a right to have his horses walked on it to cool off, and that he is sure that his stable staff of half a dozen men have not acted in an unseemly manner.

Adams Street is a graveled and narrow path from Ocean Avenue in front of the grounds of the villa of ex-United States Senator Edward F. Murphy to the crib bluff over the ocean shore. Under the bluff are bathing houses used by a score of cottagers, some other than the residents of Barbour Square, which are between the private bathing houses of Mrs. George M. Pullman and Mr. Bingham. Access to the jointly used bathing houses is had by Adams Street, or along the beach by a roundabout route, or by trespass over private grounds north or south of Barbour Square.

Apart from the sentimental question of the lack of atttractiveness of Dr. Woodend's stable annex, or rather annexes, for besides the carriage house he has put up a row of box stalls, which it is said is a blot on the trimness of Barbour Square, is the use to which he has put Adams Street. According to some cottagers who are hostile to Dr. Woodend, his contention that Adams Street is a public thoroughfare will not hold in a court of law, as it is a private path for the exclusive use of the cottage colony to reach the beach. In former seasons, they point out, the stables in Barbour Square were not sources of nuisances because their appanages were modest. But they insist that they were not prepared to countenance "a livery stable camp," with horses constantly exercising in and littering it, and the stable staff "cutting up" at all hours of the day and night.

One Summer resident said that they might overlook the hideousness of the Woodend stable's annexes, but would resent to the last Dr. Woodend's galling indifference to remonstrances against the use to which he put Adams Street and his ignoring of complaints against his stable staff.

"Just think of it," said one of the aggrieved, "we might just as well have a large metropolitan livery stable dumped among these beautiful cottages and villas and gardens as the Woodend outfit. He has half a dozen regular men with several extra men on account of the Horse Show, and crowded into that ugly stable camp are about twenty-four vehicles of all sorts, and not less than fifteen horses. He uses Adams Street as an exercising yard attached to a New York sales stable would be used."

Gen. Thomas T. Eckert, whose villa is on the west side of Ocean Avenue, nearly opposite Barbour Square, is spoken of as having espoused the cause of the rebellious cottagers. Mrs. George M. Pullman, whose house is just west of Gen. Eckert's, said to-day:

"Certainly, I, with others, have made a complaint about the condition of affairs at the Brokaw cottage. But Gen. Eckert has the matter in hand."

Dr. Woodend, who won many prizes with the pick of his offending stable at the Monmouth County Horse Show, was seen to-night and said:

"It won't do to take the matter too seriously. I regard the whole affair as stupid. Malice is at the bottom of it. It all came of the building of that carriage shed. This was done with the consent of Mr. Brokaw. He admires it and the box stall annex, and says they are to remain after my term has expired. But my counsel, ex-State Senator Henry Calhoun, will oppose any attempt of my neighbors to tie me up and annoy me.

"It all came of the building of the carriage shed. I put up a small annex, a carriage house which was tacked on to my stable because I had not room in the original stable for my carriages. I'm the chief sufferer, because it cut off part of my ocean view. It could have been no detriment to the litigant in the case, Mrs. Bingham.

"I won't believe that my other neighbors complain. John A. McCall is on Norwood Avenue, two miles away, and Gov. Murphy half a mile. I assert that I have the best lot of servants of any man at the Branch. There are my coachman and five men under him, and my coachman is an example to any one of his kind. He doesn't drink or smoke or use bad language, and he insists on every one under him being a model as to deportment.

"They say that my horses are exercised on a private right of way. Ridiculous! The place is a public highway, and my horses are simply walked on it to cool off after they have been out. And the story that my place is a coaching stable for relays of horses is absurd. I am, it is true, interested in the Seabright-Deal Beach coach line, the Bull and Bear, tooled by C. K. Fownes, but the relays are at the Hollywood, not at my stable.

"This is my first season at the Branch. I do not know that I have made enemies or, if so, the reason. I got some insulting notes. I did not cultivate my neighbors. I simply ignored them as I did the notes.

"Horses are my fad, not for myself, for I'm too busy, but for Mrs. Woodend, who is a great horsewoman, a four-in-hand driver, and a cross-country rider, and I collected quite a stable to make her happy."

Thomas P. Fay was in the Chancery Chambers in Jersey City yesterday to argue before Vice Chancellor Stevenson a motion for an order to restrain Dr. Woodend from maintaining the stable, which Mrs. Bingham has made affidavit is a nuisance. The case was laid over until Aug. 17.

Mr. Fay returned later and told the court the stable was owned by William V. Brokaw of Great Neck, L. I., and he wanted to make Mr. Brokaw a party to the suit. The order should restrain Mr. Brokaw from leasing the stable to anybody for the purpose for which Dr. Woodend uses it. Mr. Fay said he had been unable to communicate with Mr. Brokaw by telephone. Mr. Brokaw was always out, and Mr. Fay said he understood the Brokaw house was guarded and barricaded, so it would be impossible to serve a personal notice. He asked that he be permitted to serve a notice by mail and the permission was granted.

William V. Brokaw is the father of William Gould Brokaw against whom Mrs. Katheryn Poillon has begun suit for breach of promise.

AUTO RAN AWAY INTO THE SEA.

Machine Sped Off, with Its Owner, R. C. Carroll, in Hot But Vain Pursuit.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Aug. 3.—An automobile owned by Ralph C. Carroll, son-in-law of Henry Rowland of New York, who is spending the Summer at the Tyler cottage at Bellehaven, cut up great didoes this morning while running away and eventually landed in the Sound, upside down. The badly damaged machine was finally rescued at low tide.

The Tyler cottage fronts the shore near the Bellehaven Casino, being on a knoll quite a distance back from the road. Mr. Carroll had left his machine standing in front of the house, the engines revolving, while he went inside. It was headed toward a gradual down grade.

The jar of the engine finally started the wheels, and down over the lawn it went, missing trees and shrubbery, its owner about fifty feet behind, running after it as fast as his legs would carry him.

The machine jumped over the wall at the edge of the roadway, then slid along the road by the shore as though the jar had connected the engine with the wheels. Another stone in the road shaped its course toward the Casino bath houses; then of a sudden it plunged to the right and over the sea wall into the Sound, the tide being then just past high.

Just what happened then is hard to say, for no one saw it for several hours after that. The tide was hardly strong enough to have taken the ton-weight machine out with it, and as it was found nearly a hundred feet from shore, it is concluded that the automobile made a deep sea trip of that distance.

C. H. Minchin and several helpers fastened ropes to the machine at low tide and dragged it ashore with horses. It was turned on its side and some of the castings were broken. The damage was about $200.

BURGLARS ROB A GOVERNOR.

Georgia's Executive in Pajamas Vainly Chased Marauders Two Blocks.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 3.—Burglars raided the Executive Mansion at 3 o'clock this morning and as a result Gov. Terrell lost three suits of fine clothing, $200 in cash, a gold watch, a $15 Panama hat, an ivory-handled umbrella, five boxes of choice cigars, and several other articles. Besides he is suffering from a cold caught in chasing the burglars through the streets in the gauziest of pajamas. It was Mrs. Terrell who aroused the Governor by saying there were burglars in the mansion. The Governor arose and found three men in the hall loaded with plunder.

He cried "Halt!" but the robbers fled with Terrell in hot pursuit for two blocks, when he was distanced. Returning he missed the articles mentioned. The money stolen practically represents the Governor's salary for July.

SEQUEL TO ELOPEMENT.

Clifford Schorb of Plainfield, N. J., Sues Parents of Young Bride for $50,000 for Alienation.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Aug. 3.—Another phase in the runaway marriage of youthful Clifford Schorb and Miss Ethel Marsh, a sixteen-year-old heiress, developed to-day when the young husband filed a declaration in the Supreme Court, asking $50,000 damages for the alienation of his wife's affections. He names her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Marsh, and her grandmother, Mrs. Hannah Marsh, as defendants.

Mr. and Mrs. Schorb were married at Metuchen, a village three miles from this city, several months ago. When the bride's parents learned of the event they took her away from her husband and sent her to Saratoga. The couple corresponded, and at the young woman's request, Schorb went to Saratoga and brought her to this city. They are now living at his home.

The case has attracted a great deal of attention from the fact that both families are wealthy and prominent. The matter will be heard during the September term of court.

AWAITING MISS GOULD'S REPLY

Girl Striker Hopes She Will Act as Arbitrator Between Holyoke Paper Mill Owners and Employes.

Special to The New York Times.

HOLYOKE, Mass., Aug. 3.—Miss Nellie Boland is waiting for a reply which she firmly believes Miss Helen Gould will make to her request that she act as arbitrator between the striking employes and the owners of the Holyoke paper mills.

The strike, involving more than 1,000 of the 4,000 workers, has been on for three weeks, and there is no hope of settlement in sight, except that which Miss Boland holds out in her plan to have Miss Gould use her good offices to secure an adjustment.

"If the paper mills refuse to accept a person so fair-minded as Miss Gould, it will prove that they do not intend to treat us fairly," said Miss Boland to-day. "We working girls have the utmost confidence in her, and feel that she will act as arbitrator when she sees how much she can do by settling this strike.

"If she decides against us we will abide by her decision, and if we are willing to accept her decision and run the risk of losing what we have fought so hard to gain, I do not see how our employers can refuse to accept her as arbitrator."

Miss Boland belongs to the Pulp and Sulphite Workers' Union, which she organized some three months ago. The task of bringing the girls into line had been given up until she took the matter in charge. She worked indefatigably, and in a few weeks her efforts were rewarded by the formation of a union, having 300 charter members.

Miss Gould, it is understood, is in the Adirondacks on an automobile tour.

WATERS CHANGE COLOR.

Slight Earthquakes in California Disturb Sulphur Springs—Kill All Vegetation.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Aug. 3.—Since the series of earthquakes of the past week a curious phenomenon has been presented at Evans Lake, a body of water a mile long in Riverside County, the formerly clear waters of which have changed to yellow and now emit a strong odor of sulphur that is perceptible a long distance.

All reeds and tules at the borders of the lake have died and the grass has turned the color of brimstone. The water is nauseating to the taste. Some of the ranchers in the foothills say connection has been made with the infernal regions. It is certain that the earthquakes have opened some fissure through which a subterranean flow of sulphur has made its way into the lake.

A more rational theory is that new sulphur springs have been tapped. Ten miles away is a health resort maintained by sulphur springs, but Evans Lake never was tainted till the recent disturbances. These earthquakes have been slight, affecting only the foothill towns, where some damage has been done to crockery and chimneys.

FORESHADOWS GOLD STANDARD

Mexican Monetary Sub-Committee Finds Silver Subsidiary to the Yellow Metal.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 3.—The third sub-committee of the monetary conference has adopted a report which, after citing figures regarding the world's present stock of gold, says these figures demonstrate that gold at present is nominally "not scarce," but tends to predominate absolutely as the sole standard and measure of values, silver being relegated to a subsidiary place.

The report continues:

"Our commerce is carried on almost exclusively with gold standard countries, and if we wish to avoid or mitigate a monetary and mercantile crisis it is imperative that we introduce a monetary reform that will give stability to our currency."

It is believed that a gold standard is likely to be recommended in a modified form by the entire monetary commission.

No Trace of Lapuma Child.

The police of the West Forty-seventh Street Station are still at a loss for a clue to the fate of the little Italian girl, Angelina Lapuma, who disappeared from her home, 340 West Forty-sixth Street, on July 21. It is said that Senator George W. Plunkitt has offered a reward for the finding of the child.

Good music, grand scenery, glorious sail, make travel by Hudson River Day Line enjoyable.—Adv.

LITTAUER'S CASE GOES TO ATTORNEY GENERAL

Secretary Root Thinks One Glove Contract Was Illegal.

Asks the Department of Justice to Investigate the Matter and Take Whatever Action It Deems Necessary.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The investigation of the Lyon-Littauer glove contracts with the United States Government was turned over to the Department of Justice to-day. When the reference was made Secretary of War Root made public the opinion of Judge Advocate General Davis of the army and his own memorandum of indorsement of that opinion.

Little is said in either document of the alleged offense of Mr. Littauer as a member of Congress sharing in the profits of a contract under which supplies are furnished to the Government, but it is indicated that a suit may be begun by the Government to compel Contractor E. R. Lyon to refund the amount paid him on one contract that was not in strict compliance with the statutes because the manufacturing company (Congressman Littauer's) shared the profits by prearrangement.

Secretary Root says that in this instance there appears to be a violation of law, but that it is not the duty or the right of the Secretary of War to adjudicate it. Therefore the matter is referred to the Department of Justice.

Judge Advocate General Davis's review and opinion were based on the thorough investigation made by Col. Garlington, of the Inspector General's Department, at the request of Secretary Root. In the course of his report and opinion Gen. Davis says:

"It appears from the testimony, that on Oct. 15, 1898, a contract was awarded to Lyon for 3,000 pairs of muskrat gloves at $1.54 per pair; on Dec. 7, 1898, a second contract for 20,000 pairs was awarded to Lyon at $1.70 per pair; a stipulation being inserted to the effect that deliveries under it could be increased fifty per cent. at the discretion of the officer making the contract. The Government took advantage of the stipulation and 30,061 pairs were actually called for, and delivered under the contract of Dec. 7, 1898.

SHARING OF THE PROFITS.

"Some discussion having arisen as to the price which Lyon was to pay for gauntlets delivered under the contract of Dec. 7, an agreement was entered into between Littauer Brothers and Lyon to the effect that an accurate account of the cost of manufacture was to be kept, and if, after the contract was completed, it should prove that the cost of manufacture did not equal $1.65 per pair, Lyon was to receive one-half of the profits. There was a profit of $3,537.05, one-half of which was credited to Lyon on the books of Littauer Brothers.

"A case falling within the prohibition of the statute is clearly shown in the testimony, which, in the opinion of this office, charges the department with the performance of the duty set forth in Section 3,739 of the Revised Statutes; and it is therefore recommended that a demand be made by the Quartermaster General upon the firm of Littauer Brothers for the repayment of whatever sum is found to have been paid in consideration of the contract of Dec. 7, 1898, with E. R. Lyon, as extended, in accordance with its terms, by the Quartermaster's Department.

"It will be observed that Section 3,739 of the Revised Statutes requires that demands shall be made for the repayment of any sums of money which may have been advanced on the part of the United States in consideration of any such contract or agreement, and, in the case of a refusal or delay to repay the same, the statute goes on to require that a suit shall be instituted 'for the recovery of any such sum of money so advanced,' thus making an important distinction between those portions of the consideration which are advanced and those which retain their executory character.

ASKS ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OPINION.

"Having regard to the highly penal character of the statute above cited, which requires it to receive a strict construction at the hands of the department, it is recommended that the opinion of the Attorney General be obtained as to whether, in view of the fact that the contract has been completely executed, that the entire consideration has passed, and that the articles stipulated for have been delivered to and have become the property of the United States, the whole or a portion shall be made the subject of the demand.

"The fact that a member of Congress was an active manager of a firm which made large sales of gloves and gauntlets to contractors with the Quartermaster's Department should have caused the officer charged with making such contracts to scrutinize their execution with a degree of diligence measured by the likelihood of an attempted violation of the statute; and should also have caused him to be on his guard for evidence of financial weakness on the part of the principal in the performance of the agreement.

"The fact that it was perfectly lawful for the bidder to make purchases of any firms engaged in the making of gloves, whatever their composition, made it difficult for the contracting officer to ascertain whether a corrupt intent existed, so long as the terms of the contract were carried out in apparent good faith; and it made it similarly difficult to obtain information of a positive character in respect to the execution of a particular contract that would justify a formal inquiry.

"It was the first duty of an officer charged with making purchases in behalf of the United States to see that the articles procured were of standard quality and that the prices paid were reasonable. The testimony elicited during the course of the investigation showing the prices paid, the profits realized, and the numerous rejections of goods which fell short of the standards established by the department shows that this duty was thoroughly and conscientiously performed."

Gen. Davis says that the testimony of two witnesses who could not be found by Inspector Garlington is rather important, and recommends that the investigation be continued, with a view of getting their testimony. When taken, he says it can be referred to the Department of Justice with the other papers in the case.

SECRETARY ROOT'S VIEWS.

Secretary Root makes the following indorsement on the opinion of the Judge Advocate General, which sends the case to the Department of Justice:

"I suppose there is no doubt that a manufacturing firm, one member of which happens to be a member of Congress, has a right to manufacture and sell goods to jobbers who are filling Government contracts, and that they do not come within the prohibition of the statute so long as the contract between the firm and the jobber is a separate and distinct transaction from the contract between the jobber and the Government.

"There appears to be no evidence, but in the manufacture of gloves by the Messrs. Littauer Brothers to be used in filling Government contracts made by Lyon and others there was any violation of the statute except in one case, the contract of Dec. 7, 1898. It is not the duty or the right of the Secretary of War to adjudicate that case

or to determine whether the statute was or was not violated, except in so far as it may be necessary for him to decide what action, if any, should be taken by the War Department in view of the facts disclosed.

"I think the indications of an interest by the manufacturing firm in the jobbers' contract with the Government are sufficient to require me to proceed upon the theory that there is a prima facie case of violation of the statute. Three duties are thereupon devolved upon the War Department:

"First, to put the Department of Justice in possession of the facts, in order that if that department finds the law to have been violated it may take appropriate measures for its enforcement. This will be done.

"Second, to direct the proper officer of the department to demand repayment of any sum of money which has been 'advanced on the part of the United States in consideration of such contract.' Strictly speaking, no money has been advanced in consideration of the contract, but the goods purchased by the Government were paid for on delivery. As recommended by the Judge Advocate General, the opinion of the Attorney General will be asked whether within the meaning of the statute such payment constitutes an advance for which a demand should be made.

"Third, to determine whether any officer of the army who was concerned in the making of the contract was culpable within the true intent of the law. Upon this I find no evidence that the facts known to the officers of the Quartermaster's Department indicated any other relation between the firm of Littauer Brothers and the furnishing of gloves to the Government than the lawful relation described at the beginning of this memorandum. The contracts were all made in compliance with the requirements of law upon public advertisement, on awards to the lowest responsible bidder; and each contained a declaration by the contractor that no member of Congress was interested; the prices appear to have been reasonable; the Government appears to have got full value for its money; the inspection appears to have been rigid, and the requirements of the specifications appear to have been enforced. No influences and no motives except a desire to attain the best interests of the Government appear to have operated upon the officers of the army in the transactions.

"ELIHU ROOT, Secretary of War."

WILL FIGHT GEORGE HILLIARD.

Samuel S. Koenig Seeks Republican Leadership in the Sixteenth District.

Protesting against the tactics of George Hilliard, the Republican leader in the Sixteenth Assembly District, and Deputy State Commissioner of Excise, members of the Federal Club, an organization of the district, formed to combat Mr. Hilliard's leadership, met last evening and placed Samuel S. Koenig in the field as an opposition candidate.

Resolutions were passed declaring that Mr. Hilliard has been "notoriously inefficient, incompetent, and unmindful of the best interests of the Republican Party, in that he failed to maintain a proper, efficient, and vigorous Republican organization, and instead surrounded himself with a petty clique operated and controlled by him and those in his confidence for the mere advancement of what they deemed their personal ends."

These resolutions further declare that this action of Hilliard's has been such that the Republican vote of the district has so decreased that at times it has been less than that of the Socialist Party in the same district. They further declare that Mr. Hilliard is no longer a resident of the district, but that during nine of the twelve months each year he is at his home in Central Islip, Long Island, and, therefore, entirely out of touch and sympathy with the persons of his district.

The meeting was held at Avenue C and Sixth Street, and after the meeting Republicans of the district charged freely that Hilliard had been accustomed, during his many years of leadership in the district, to deal with ex-Chamberlain Patrick Keenan, the Tammany district leader, to such an extent that Keenan had been accustomed to have the Tammany vote in the district just what he desired it to be.

The Sixteenth District is one of the districts in which Gov. Odell received a remarkably low vote last Fall, and is one of the districts which came in for severe criticism at the hands of the Governor after the election returns had been announced.

EXCURSION CALLED OFF.

Police Captain O'Reilly Objects to His Men Obligating Themselves to Saloon Keepers.

To prevent the men of the Ralph Avenue Station from obligating themselves to saloon keepers and other individuals who would buy tickets to their annual outing, Capt. Miles O'Reilly yesterday caused the outing to be called off. The outing was to have been held at Rockaway to-morrow. Many of the men's faces yesterday betrayed disappointment.

Capt. O'Reilly was found by a reporter last night at the big Italian celebration near the East New York loop. He seemed disinclined to talk about the matter, but finally said:

"My men can have an outing, provided they are willing to pay the expense. But I will not permit them to obligate themselves by accepting financial aid from storekeepers. I am here to serve the public and I am determined to be under obligation to nobody and so always be free to act for the welfare of the community at large."

Arrangements for the outing had all been made, a brass band had been hired, and tickets had been issued and sold. Each "cop" was expected to sell as many tickets. Among the most generous purchasers were saloon keepers. When the Captain learned that his men were selling tickets he quickly expressed to them his dissatisfaction, incidentally reproving them, it is said, for associating with saloon keepers.

TO TRY PARKS AUG. 13.

Counsel Declares He Will Ask Change of Venue Because Special Panel Is Ordered.

The trial of Samuel J. Parks, walking delegate for the Housesmiths and Bridgemen's Union, for extortion, was set down for Thursday, Aug. 13, by Recorder Goff yesterday. The Recorder also granted an order for a special panel of jurors to try Parks on a motion made by District Attorney Jerome, in the face of strong opposition from ex-Magistrate Brann, Parks's counsel, who declared he would go into the Supreme Court and ask for a change of venue.

Parks and his fellow delegate, Timothy McCarthy, will be placed on trial in the Court of Special Sessions for the alleged assault on Peter O'Neill of the Plasterers' Union, which is said to have been committed in a saloon about two weeks ago.

PRESTON HARRISON TO RUN.

Brother of Chicago's Mayor to be a Congressional Candidate.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—Preston Harrison is a candidate for Congress from the Eighth District to succeed Congressman W. F. Mahoney. According to information made public by a close personal friend of the Mayor's brother and one of Mayor Harrison's political advisers to-day, Congressman Mahoney does not desire another term, and the Democratic leaders in the Eighth District have practically agreed to give the nomination to Preston Harrison.

While it is declared by his friends that it is not necessary for a candidate for Congress to reside in the district from which he is elected, it is announced that Preston Harrison will take up his residence in the Eighth District immediately upon his return to the city this Fall. The announcement was not a surprise to the friends of the Mayor and his brother, but to the general public it is quite a bombshell, as this is the first time the Mayor's brother has shown any political ambition.

If the present plans carry, Preston will go to Congress, but the Mayor will have had eight years' start of him in politics. There is no doubt of the election if Preston is nominated, for the district includes the Fifteenth, part of the Sixteenth, the Seventeenth, Eighteenth, and Nineteenth Wards, and is overwhelmingly Democratic. John Brennan practically controls the nomination, and it is understood that he will favor the Mayor's choice.

Deputy Sheriff Is Arraigned.

Deputy Sheriff Ferdinand Von Doesten appeared before Magistrate Ommen in the Tombs Police Court yesterday in answer to a summons obtained by Ernest H. Mont of 5 East Eighth Street, who charges that while he (Mont) was a prisoner in the Tombs he paid the Deputy Sheriff $100 to aid him in obtaining bail and having the charges against him dropped. The case against the deputy was adjourned until to-morrow.

SHOT FELLOW-PURSUER

Two Burglars Got Away, but with No Booty.

Exciting Chase Through a House and Across a Lawn—Vincent Mulholland's Ear Suffered from Oscar Schuyler's Revolver.

Two burglars in the home of Calvin D. Hickok, in Brookline Street, near Decatur Avenue, the Bronx, were chased out of the house last night by Oscar Schuyler, Vincent Mulholland, and Delos Hickok, and, though Mr. Schuyler discharged a revolver at the fugitives, he succeeded only in hitting Mr. Mulholland's ear, while the burglars ran down the road and finally disappeared.

Mr. Hickok's family, with the exception of Delos Hickok, twenty-four years old, are spending the Summer at Chatham, N. Y., so that when the latter attended a small party at the home of his neighbor, Oscar Schuyler, last night, the house was left deserted.

Mrs. Schuyler, while wandering about her lawn, happened to glance towards her neighbor's house, and saw a light moving about inside. Knowing that the house had been left deserted her suspicions were aroused, and she notified her husband. He called Mr. Mulholland and Mr. Hickok to his aid, grabbed up a revolver, and started for the house. Some of the other guests followed at a distance.

Mr. Schuyler was startled, perhaps, when he ran against somebody in the front hallway, but he made a good attempt to seize the unknown, and chased him through the hallway and down the cellar stairs. There he seized the fugitive, but the latter broke loose and ran up the outside cellar steps, with Mr. Schuyler close behind. The burglar ran across the lawn, and it was then that Mr. Schuyler discharged his revolver.

Mr. Mulholland, who was close behind Mr. Schuyler in entering the house, heard some one moving in the parlor. As he entered he saw no one at first, but as he moved slowly around the room a man suddenly sprang from behind a table and leaped through an open window.

Mr. Mulholland jumped through after him and pursued him across the lawn. The man had just leaped over the hedge, when Mr. Schuyler and his quarry appeared from the cellar. Mr. Schuyler possibly took Mr. Mulholland for a burglar. At any rate the bullet from his revolver took some flesh off Mr. Mulholland's ear, though the latter was not aware of his injury until the excitement was over.

The two burglars ran down King's Bridge Road to Jerome Avenue, and thence into Berian Farm, where all trace of them was lost. The pursuers had been reinforced by other guests and by persons who had heard the hue and cry, but in the thickets of Berian Farm pursuit was vain.

It was later found that nothing was missing from the house. Mr. Mulholland's injury was found to be scarcely more than an abrasion of the skin of the ear.

MEET OF MONMOUTH HOUNDS.

Alfred G. Vanderbilt First in at the Second Beach Run.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, Aug. 3.—The meet of the Monmouth County Hounds this afternoon was at the Second Beach, and a large number of spectators gathered to see the start and as much of the run as possible by road. The run was the longest and hardest of the Summer, covering fully eleven miles, lasting fifty-three minutes, and including one hundred jumps, some of them very difficult.

From the Second Beach the run was northerly along the west side of Paradise Avenue to Honyman Hill, then turning east to and along the east shore, and returning westerly, then south across Braman's and Mitchell's Lane to the field north of the Brier farm.

Mr. Collier was mounted on Spree Boy, Alfred G. Vanderbilt on Mr. Collier's chestnut Delight, and Percy Wyndham of the British Legation on another of Mr. Collier's hunters, Ting Tim.

Roger Wetmore, who went to Oakland Farm, where the meet was originally planned, joined the hunt at the first check and continued to the finish. Messrs. Vanderbilt and Wetmore had a lively race for the first place, and were coming down the hill together to the last jump, when Mr. Wetmore had to dismount to arrange his harness, and Mr. Vanderbilt was first in, close behind the hunters.

Among those at the meet were Baron von Echt and Miss Alice Pfizer on horseback, Mr. and Mrs. J. McCbell Clark, Robert Graves and party, and Mrs. George C. Scott and Miss Scott in automobiles, and Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt, Miss Pauline French, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Wysong, Mrs. Ogden Goelet, J. De Wolfe Cutting, Anita Sands, Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mrs. J. Stewart Barney, Henry W. Bull, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Mayor, Henry Bedlow, and Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Powell in carriages.

PRESIDENT TO CATHOLICS.

Commends Work of National Federation of Church Societies—Quiet Day at Oyster Bay.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 3.—The third day's convention of the Catholic Federation of Societies was commenced with a solemn requiem mass in St. Nicholas Church in memory of Leo XIII.

President Roosevelt sent the following to President Minahan:

"Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 27.

"My Dear Sir:

"I have received your letter, and also have spoken personally about the matter with Bishop McFaul. I regret greatly that it is out of my power to accept your very kind invitation. I believe most heartily in the work you are doing in your American Federation of Catholic Societies, and it would have been a peculiar pleasure to have accepted your invitation. I am well aware of what your society has accomplished for the social betterment, not only of Catholics, but all our people in promoting the unification and naturalization of our countrymen and in working for morality and decency, especially in the intimate home relations upon which rest the ultimate well-being of the entire State. Wishing you all success, and congratulating you on what you have done in the past, I am, with great regard, sincerely yours,

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

Delegate Joaquin Ferran of Porto Rico addressed the convention. He said that in his country there were but ninety-five priests for nearly a million Catholics. He asked the convention to ask the American Government for an order directing that the title to the lands of the Church in Porto Rico be placed in the name of the Church, as, although the Church was in possession of the property, the title had never been placed on record in its favor.

The representative of the Sioux congress, Mintani Hanska, addressed the convention in his native language.

GREETING TO PORTUGAL'S KING.

President Roosevelt Sends Response to Royal Cablegram—Quiet at Oyster Bay.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Aug. 3.—In response to a message from the King of Portugal announcing that he had had the pleasure of drinking to the President's health and to the prosperity of the American Navy on board the cruiser Brooklyn at Lisbon, President Roosevelt sent the following cablegram:

"Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 1, 1903.

"His Majesty, the King of Portugal, Lisbon:

"I most cordially reciprocate your Majesty's greeting, seeing in the friendly occasion which prompts it a renewed proof of the good will which unites the two countries and peoples.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

The heaviest mail which has needed the attention of the President since he came here accumulated between Saturday afternoon and this morning, and the President and Mr. Barnes spent a long time over it this morning. There were no visitors, so there was nothing to interfere with the work. This afternoon the President went riding in company with his eldest son.

The excursion of the Holy Name Societies of the Catholic Diocese of Long Island, which was to have come here and been addressed by the President, has been again postponed, and it is believed that this time it is off for good. The practical impossibility of bringing 8,000 or 10,000 persons to Oyster Bay in one day and returning them within a reasonable space of time is responsible.

Dr. William E. Halsey, 330 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn, to-day sent the President a big sea bass which he caught while fishing with a party of friends yesterday. The bass weighed fifteen pounds, and gave the messenger boy who brought it up from Brooklyn all he could do to negotiate it.

The President will not go to Ellis Island this week, but may visit it late in August. A number of visitors are expected to-morrow.

Baron Speck Von Sternburg, the Ambassador of Germany to the United States, is expected to visit the President at Sagamore Hill next Friday. Apartments have been engaged at a local hotel for the Ambassador, his Secretary, and his valet. Ambassador Von Sternburg is a close personal friend of the President. His visit to the President will be for the purpose of presenting his credentials as Ambassador. Baron Von Sternburg will have the unique distinction of being the first Ambassador formally to present his credentials and be received by a President outside of the White House.

LISBON, Aug. 3.—President Roosevelt's cablegram in reply to the message from King Charles, which is published to-day by the Portuguese newspapers, has created an excellent impression here.

THE MISSOURI "BOODLERS."

New Investigation by Cole County Grand Jury Begun.

Special to The New York Times.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Aug. 3.—The Cole County Grand Jury, which convened here to-day, will devote its attention exclusively to the investigation of "boodling" in the State Legislature. Judge Hazell, in his charge to the Grand Jury to-day, said:

"Gentlemen, the special session of last March had the organized opposition of the enemy against which to contend. This panel has the advantage of meeting a disorganized condition, where evidence can be more easily obtained, and that evidence of a more satisfactory character.

"The people of the State of Missouri are as intelligent and honest as the people of any State in the Union. When a large number of the members of the Legislative Assembly organize in the interests of gigantic corporations it does not mean that the sturdy masses of this great Commonwealth have lost that moral stamina which must be first in a free country, but it does emphasize the truth that eternal vigilance is the price of liberty.

"The State of Missouri has been held up to scorn and has been the target for the shafts of ridicule ever since the session of our last General Assembly. The longing of a certain element of the press for 'something rotten in the State' with which to fill its columns has been satiated by the last Legislature to an unprecedented degree. All the sectional, political, and financial enemies of the State have been in clover up to their necks. The air has been filled with the noise of demagogues of various stamps trying their remedies for poor old Missouri, just as if malfeasance in office, bribery, larceny, or any other crime is more likely to break out in one section of the Union than another or become more prevalent during the administration of one political party than another.

"If the vigilance of the courts of Missouri can ferret out crime in high places and set an example for the other States in punishing it, she should be hailed as the morning star of a reformation that is so badly needed in our State capitals, whose moral stench smells to heaven since the enthronement of great corporations in many of our States. In the galaxy of States Missouri has always taken the lead and proved herself to be great. In taking the lead in cleaning out her Augean stables I predict that she will so acquit herself that within a few years other States will be found imitating her example.

"That legislative bribe-givers are immune, so to speak, from detection in rascality seems to be a prevailing idea. When the people become alive to the inroads that are being made upon the public wealth by dishonest lawmakers and turn their attention to methods of discovering evidence there will be no greater proportion of rogues in legislative halls than in ordinary every-day life or private business."

NAVAL WAR GAME BEGINS.

"Hostile Squadron" Sails from Bar Harbor and on Wednesday Rear Admiral Barker Will Assume Defensive.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 3.—The war manoeuvres for the week ending Monday next, actually began to-day when the so-called hostile squadron withdrew from the combined North Atlantic fleet and departed from the harbor.

The squadron in command of Rear Admiral Sands consists of the battleships Texas, Indiana, and Massachusetts, and the torpedo boat destroyers Lawrence and Whipple. The vessels when last seen were heading in a south-southeasterly direction.

Wednesday at noon the remainder of the fleet, under Rear Admiral Barker, will assume the defensive. Each vessel will hurry to a point assigned by secret instructions. Some time between Wednesday noon and next Monday the enemy must make whatever demonstration is to be made, or secure an anchorage, in order to win. An attack may be attempted at any point between Eastport and Cape Ann.

BARBER HAD LITTLE FAILINGS.

Scotch Plains Artist Would Lather a Face, Then Stroll Around the Block.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Aug. 3.—Every male resident of Scotch Plains, a suburb of this city, in the habit of visiting the place's only barber shop, breathed easier to-day when the proprietor, Adolph Fleischer, was committed to the Union County Jail pending an examination as to his sanity.

During the last few months the tonsorialist has been acting queerly, and his customers underwent peculiar experiences while seated in the chair. He would frequently lather a man's face for a shave, and then walk around the block, returning an hour or so later to complete the job, provided the victim had not gone away. Several times he shaved one side of customers' faces and then unceremoniously told them to leave the shop. This lost him his trade, and he then imagined every one was his enemy.

A technical charge of disorderly conduct was preferred against Fleischer, and Justice Clark caused his arrest and commitment to-day.

SURETY PERJURY CASE.

Recorder Refuses to Let Indicted Delaware Company Officials Demur.

Recorder Goff declined yesterday to entertain a demurrer interposed by Franklin Bien, counsel for the Delaware Surety Company, to two indictments charging Robert L. Martin, its old President, and Harry Velthusen, its Secretary, with perjury. The indictments are two years old and the cases an outgrowth from the fight between the Heinze copper mining interests and the Amalgamated Copper Company.

The alleged perjury has to do with some statements made under oath by the two officials of the surety company in regard to the amount of capital stock paid in. A point that will be raised at the trial, which was fixed for Aug. 18, is whether a perjury charge can be entertained when the records introduced in evidence are not the original documents but photographs.

Oswego Wants 1,000-Ton Barge Canal.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Aug. 3.—A committee of fifty prominent citizens was appointed by a non-partisan mass meeting to-night to help carry out the thousand-ton barge canal project. A permanent organization in each city ward was formed. State Excise Commissioner Cullinan and Deputy Attorney General Bulger spoke in advocacy of the measure.

STRANGLED BY BELLBOY

Gen. Ketcham's Wife Left for Dead in Her Apartment.

Neighbor Took Knotted Handkerchief from Around Her Throat—She Will Not Prosecute.

Knocked down and strangled by a negro bellboy in her home, 216 West Eighty-second Street, Mrs. Ketcham, wife of Gen. John H. Ketcham, Representative in Congress from the Eighteenth New York District, was found by a neighbor, who loosed the knotted handkerchief around her throat in time to save her life. Though the attack was made on Saturday, the police were not informed of it until a considerable time had elapsed, as Mrs. Ketcham declared that she did not wish to prosecute her assailant. Inspector Walsh sent detectives from the West Sixty-eighth Street Station as well as Central Office men in search of Henry Miller, who is accused of the crime.

The neighbor who saved Mrs. Ketcham's life is a member, with her, of the Fourth Church of Christ, Scientist, at Eighty-second Street and Amsterdam Avenue. She noticed the door of the apartment open, and, going in, saw Mrs. Ketcham lying senseless on the floor, the twisted handkerchief tight about her windpipe. Her head was bruised, and it was afterward learned, her collarbone was broken. Notwithstanding these injuries, three hours later she walked unassisted to the church.

Mrs. Ketcham told the police that on Saturday she went to the bank and drew out considerable money. She made several purchases, and then went home. As she opened the door to her apartments she saw the bellboy rummaging about, and when she asked him what he was doing, he struck her with what appeared to be a poker. She shielded herself with her left arm. The boy struck again, and she did not remember anything after that until she came to herself with her friend at her side.

Mrs. Ketcham told the police that even if they should find the boy she would not appear against him. Perhaps he was very poor, and perhaps he was mad, she said, but at any rate it was not her part to send a boy to jail for a long time. She thought that he must be sorry for what he had done, and would make a good man if left alone.

The robber entered the apartments by climbing from a vacant apartment along the ledges of the airshaft. The airshaft is only a few feet across, and the climb would not be difficult for an active and powerful young man, such as the bellboy is described as being.

The detectives believe that after the bellboy had struck down Mrs. Ketcham he was terrified at what he had done and tried to strangle her, so that she could not appear against him. In his excitement and fright he had taken away only $5, though his victim had a large sum with her. He had also stolen a gold watch valued at $50. He had probably taken this before he attacked the woman, who had been kind to him and told him that she believed he would make the best bellboy the apartments ever had.

George Peterson, the janitor, says that he passed the new bellboy not ten minutes before Mrs. Ketcham returned to the flat, and that the first he knew of trouble was when he was notified by one of the tenants that Mrs. Ketcham had been hurt. He had seen her go unassisted to the Christian Science Church and had not thought that she was seriously injured.

On her return from the church a private physician was sent for by the neighbors. He insisted that Mrs. Ketcham remain in bed. He set her broken collar bone and saw to it that she was attended by a private nurse. Later she disobeyed the orders of the physician and went to her supper as if she had not been hurt. Under the advice of her family she is now resting in her apartments, where she continues to insist that she is suffering from no injury other than excitement.

Gen. Ketcham is at Nantucket with his daughter, Ethel. Harry B. Ketcham and Charles B. Ketcham are stopping with their mother, but were away at the time of the robbery. Harry B. Ketcham, a lawyer, with offices at 35 Wall Street, said yesterday:

"My mother was severely injured. She is suffering from shock, a broken collarbone, and is terribly bruised. She is sixty-five years old, and her injuries may result seriously. My family went away about two weeks ago, and I left my apartment at 10 East Forty-eighth Street to be with my mother and brother. I went away Saturday, and knew nothing of the assault until I was notified this morning. I hurried to my mother's apartments, where I found that she was doing everything to keep the affair secret, and that she had even insisted that I should not be notified."

Neighbors of Mrs. Ketcham, and particularly those who live in the same apartment house, are indignant at the employment of the negro bellboy, who had been only three days in the house at the time of the assault. He came to the place, giving excellent references from an apartment house on West Fifty-eighth Street. In these it was said that he had been in the employ of those recommending him for eleven months, and had been faithful and energetic. He made friends with all the children in the house before he had been there a day. He had performed several small services for Mrs. Ketcham, winning her favor.

Miller, according to the police, was released from the House of Refuge only last June, after serving a six months' sentence for stealing a gold watch and overcoat. He lived with his mother in the basement of 353 West Forty-eighth Street.

THE NEWS OF NEWPORT.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, Aug. 3.—It is reported that Peter D. Martin has purchased the Christopher M. Bell estate on Bellevue Avenue. This estate is one of the most desirable in Newport, since, besides having an avenue frontage, it extends back to the Cliffs. There is a large modern brick dwelling.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt returned to-day from Monmouth Beach, N. J., where they have been attending the Monmouth County Horse Show.

Among the prominent visitors here is George Von L. Meyer, American Ambassador to Italy, who is the guest of James Van Alen at Wakehurst.

Miss Anderson is the guest of ex-Commodore and Mrs. E. D. Morgan at Beacon Rock.

Mrs. C. Ogden Jones gave a largely attended reception at her cottage, Midcliff, this afternoon.

At the annual corporation meeting of the Newport Casino this morning Hamilton McK. Twombly, William R. Travers, Lorillard Spencer, and Samuel F. Barger were re-elected members of the Board of Governors, their terms to expire in August, 1905.

Ex-Commodore E. T. Gerry, accompanied by George Griswold, left for New York on the steam yacht Electra, August Belmont going on the same vessel.

Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt and Miss Gladys Vanderbilt left this afternoon in their private car Columbia for Bar Harbor. Mrs. Richard T. Townsend of Washington, who is occupying the Ellis villa, also left to-day for Bar Harbor.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Thayer have arrived at their Summer residence in Bellevue Avenue.

Graham Bell is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt at Oakland Farm.

W. Hamilton Busk is a guest of Mrs. J. R. Busk at "Indian Spring."

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Widener have gone to Saratoga for the races.

C. R. Berkeley of New York and Mr. and Mrs. W. B. McCracken of Yonkers, N. Y., are at the New Cliffs Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Rogers of Hyde Park, N. Y., have arrived at the H. M. Cushion Villa for the remainder of the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor Sorchan are expected at the Cottage on the Cliffs this week.

Nelson Brown of Philadelphia, one of the best known whips in the country, who is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence W. Dolan, appeared on Bellevue Avenue this afternoon with his coach and a large party of friends.

Henry S. Redmond, George Von L. Meyer, W. A. M. Burden, W. Hamilton Busk, and Thomas Ridgeway are registered at the Casino.

Rear Admiral N. H. Farquhar, United States Navy, with Mrs. Farquhar, Miss Louise King, Mrs. Gertrude H. Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Martin of New York, J. Murray Watts, Mrs. F. S. Gaser, and H. R. Barber of Philadelphia; Mrs. E. P. Simms of Montclair, N. J.; Mrs. W. H. Miller of Lynn, and Mr. and Mrs. T. Northup of Plainfield, N. J., are at the Jamestown hotels.

The steam yacht Astec, owned by A. C. Burrage, has arrived here from the Mediterranean, having stopped at the Azores for coal.

KING AT YACHT RACES.

With Queen Alexandra Sees Opening of Solent Season — Emperor William's Meteor Wins.

COWES, Aug. 3.—The Solent yachting season, which opened this morning with matches under the auspices of the Royal London Yacht Club, promises to be more than usually interesting. The presence of King Edward and Queen Alexandra guarantees the social success of the week, while the entries for the races will be up to the average. The fleet of pleasure yachts at Cowes includes many large steamers, but A. J. Drexel's Margarita dwarfs all with the exception of the royal yacht Victoria and Albert. The other American yachts are Allison Armour's Utowana and Mrs. Robert Goelet's Nahma, while among the racers the German Emperor's yacht Meteor and Herr Watjen's Navahoe represent American yacht-building yards.

A smart westerly wind was blowing when the fleet of cruisers started on a thirty-mile course for a cup worth 60 guineas, presented by the Vice Commodore of the club. There were five entries. The gaff of Sir James Pender's yawl Brynhild snapped just before she crossed the line, while immediately after the Therese carried away her bowsprit, leaving Mr. Eckford's Namara, Mr. Donaldson's Bona, and Mr. Kerr's Valdora to compete for the prize. The Valdora won.

The race for the Rear Admiral's Cup, value 110 guineas, brought out three schooners. The German Emperor's Meteor led over the line with Mr. Quentin's Cicely on her weather beam and Mr. Cayley's Adela close astern. In the course of the first round the Cicely carried away her gaff and the Meteor led to the end of the round and won the race easily.

The King landed at Cowes this morning and visited Consuelo, Duchess of Manchester, who, with her sister, Miss Emily Yznaga, and the Hon. and Mrs. George Keppel, are among the guests of M. Poklewski at Egypt House.

Sea Cliff Y. C. Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting and election of officers of the Sea Cliff Yacht Club will be held at the clubhouse on Thursday evening, Aug. 13, at 8 o'clock. The Nominating Committee presents the following ticket: Commodore—Theodore W. Sheridan; Vice Commodore—Charles E. Silkworth; Treasurer—C. S. Dunning; Secretary—C. Sackett Chellborg; Trustees for Three Years—Charles E. Berner, Dr. Francis Forster, and Joseph Kling.

MURPHY'S RELATIVE IN JAIL.

Brother-in-Law of ex-Treasurer of Stone Cutters Ignored Subpoena to Appear at the Trial.

William F. Howe, a brother-in-law of Lawrence Murphy, the convicted ex-Treasurer of the Stonecutters' Union, was arrested yesterday by Detective Sergt. McNaught of the District Attorney's office on a charge of contempt of court, under which Recorder Goff, in the Court of General Sessions, committed him to the Tombs until to-day.

Howe was served with a subpoena calling upon him to appear as a witness for the prosecution at the Murphy trial. He failed to respond when his name was called, although he had been seen in court earlier in the day. Yesterday, when he was taken before Recorder Goff, who asked him why he had disobeyed, he first said that he had not been served with a subpoena, and did not know he was wanted. He was confronted by the court officer to whom he had handed his subpoena upon entering court, and then admitted that he had been served and had appeared in court but had absented himself later.

FIFTEEN BOYS FINED.

They Were Arrested for Disorder on Third Avenue Elevated Train.

The seventeen boys who were arrested Sunday afternoon for alleged disorderly conduct on elevated trains between Bronx Park and the One Hundred and Fifty-sixth Street station were arraigned before Magistrate Baker in the Morrisania Court yesterday morning, and all except two of them were fined $2 or $3 each. They were all severely lectured.

The boys were said to make a practice of filling their pockets with stones and apples and throwing them out of the car windows at pedestrians below. They also annoyed passengers.

ROBBED A SALOON KEEPER.

Three Men Took Money by Force in Brooklyn Saloon.

An assault and robbery which was noted for its boldness was perpetrated last evening on Joseph Jacobson, a saloon keeper at 377 Flushing Avenue, Williamsburg.

Shortly before 5 o'clock three well-dressed men, each about thirty years old, entered and after lining up against the bar they ordered drinks. Just as Jacobson was setting glasses in front of the three to serve them, one of the strangers seized his arms at the wrists and held on with all his might, besides pulling Jacobson tightly against the bar. Jacobson, who had divined the object of the men, began to shout for help. He had hardly begun to do so when a second man leaned over the bar and getting a grip on his throat began to choke him. The third went behind the bar and rifled the saloon keeper's pockets, securing $57.

Meanwhile Jacobson had tried to resist with his feet, but he was no match for his assailants. The thief who rifled his pockets gave him a terrific punch in his left side, which knocked the wind out of the saloon keeper. Before letting go of Jacobson the robbers choked him so severely that he was rendered nearly unconscious. Just as some acquaintances of the saloon keeper entered the robbers ran out.

Jacobson crawled from behind the bar and raised an alarm. His shouting and that of the customers brought Policeman Behmke of the Clymer Street Station. When he discovered what had happened he started in pursuit of the thieves. At Park and Franklin Avenues he overtook two men who subsequently described themselves at the Clymer Street Police Station as Thomas Jordan, twenty-six years old, of 769 Kent Avenue, and Charles H. Chisholm, aged thirty-nine, of 8 Harrison Avenue. They resisted, and Behmke summoned another policeman, when the two men were arrested.

Jacobson, who was attended by a doctor, identified the prisoners, although they declared he was mistaken. Both were locked up for assault and robbery. A general alarm was sent out for the other thief, and last night a man who said he was James A. Donohue, thirty years old, of 12 Vanderbilt Avenue, was arrested and locked up as an accomplice.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

(From 12 o'clock Sunday night to 12 o'clock Monday night.)

12 Midnight—808 Westchester Avenue; Louis Warshaw; damage, $175.
6:36 A. M.—1 Charles Street; William Hitnald; damage, $100.
8:40 A. M.—458 Brook Avenue; Henry Grandt; damage, $50.
10:40 A. M.—33 Bayard Street; Joseph Rannelly; no damage.
10:50 A. M.—261 West Forty-fourth Street; H. Handel; no damage.
11:45 A. M.—185 Henry Street; Benjamin Dorst; damage, $500.
12:08 P. M.—850 Broadway; Automatic Restaurant; damage, $25.
12:50 P. M.—51 Leonard Street; R. F. Merritt; no damage.
2:05 P. M.—202 West Eighty-eighth Street; Mrs. Walters; damage, trifling.
3:25 P. M.—30 Attorney Street; Tony Morrow; damage, $10.
4:40 P. M.—344 East One Hundred and Tenth Street; Giuseppe Gissandi; damage, trifling.
6:30 P. M.—223 West One Hundred and Twentieth Street; John Sampson; damage, trifling.
6:55 P. M.—24 East Fourth Street; owner unknown; damage, trifling.
7:20 P. M.—530 West Twenty-ninth Street; Mrs. John Cerry; damage, $10.
8:45 P. M.—314 West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street; Max Hamburg; damage, $1,000.

SHAMROCK III. AT HER BEST

Challenger's Fine Work Turning to Windward in Light Airs.

With Luck Against Her, New Boat Defeats Shamrock I. Nearly Ten Minutes in Thirty Miles.

Shamrock III. had an opportunity to show her quality yesterday in turning to windward in a light air, the conditions under which she will undoubtedly make her best showing against Reliance. In a fifteen-mile beat to windward and a run back the challenger defeated Shamrock I. by nine minutes and fifty-seven seconds, seven minutes and ten seconds of which were gained on the beat to the outer mark. The difference would have been much greater but for the fact that the old boat caught a favoring slant of wind, which enabled her to get to windward of the challenger, and fetch the mark in two tacks less.

Shamrock III. led by more than a mile at the finish, and this also would have been greater had not Shamrock I., with a freshening breeze behind her near the end of the race, cut down some of the challenger's lead. Sir Thomas and Designer Fife were much pleased with the showing made by the boat after the restepping of her mast, and consider her gains the more noteworthy, as Shamrock I. had all the luck in the matter of winds. Summary:

	Start.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.
Shamrock III.	11:12:17	4:11:09	[illegible]
Shamrock I.	11:12:37	4:21:17	5:08:40

Sir Thomas and his party arrived at Jersey City at 8:30 yesterday morning, and left at once for Sandy Hook on the Erin. The yachts left their moorings in the Horseshoe at 9:30, and the start was made at the Scotland Lightship, the Cruiser going ahead to log fifteen miles southeast. The force of the wind was between four and five miles an hour. Shamrock III. got away first, Shamrock I. crossing twenty seconds later under the challenger's counter.

The boats got away on different tacks, Shamrock I. heading off shore, while the challenger started toward the Jersey coast. The new boat came about after a few minutes and followed the other seaward, to windward and astern of her. After a half hour of that both tacked for a long leg along the Jersey coast. From a position on the old boat's lee bow the cup hunter, by outpointing the other, worked up to windward until, an hour after the start, she was nearly a mile ahead, though not to windward. The new boat seemed to be eight minutes ahead. They passed within three miles of Long Branch and Elberon in that order. Off West End Shamrock III. made a short tack off shore, and then fetched to a point off Ocean Grove. Shamrock I., carrying a more favorable slant, and thereby gaining materially, was not forced to tack until off Ocean Grove, and then both boats headed for the mark with the challenger leading. Shamrock I. from a windward position fetched the turn, but Capt. Wringe had to make two short tacks. The times of the rounding and the elapsed times for the fifteen miles to windward were:

	Outer Mark.	Elapsed Time.
Shamrock III.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Shamrock I.	[illegible]	[illegible]

Both boats broke out spinnakers and balloon jib topsails for the run back to the finish line. All the way home the challenger ran like a witch in a freshening breeze. Rarely before had she given such a splendid exhibition of superiority in running before the wind. Shamrock I. was more than a mile astern of the challenger at the finish. The finish times and the elapsed times for the run were:

	Finish.	Elapsed Time.
Shamrock III.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Shamrock I.	[illegible]	[illegible]

Shamrock III. gained 3 minutes and 47 seconds on the run.

RELIANCE LEAVES BRISTOL.

Cup Defender, Thoroughly Equipped with Many Suits of Sails, Ready for Sandy Hook Races.

Special to The New York Times.

BRISTOL, R. I., Aug. 3.—Fitted out in the finest possible condition, the Reliance left this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock for a trip to Newport to try her sails, which have just been readjusted at the Herreshoff shops. Though the tender Sunbeam left Bristol Harbor also, towing a whaleboat and a naphtha launch, with a lot of racing gear on the upper deck and in the hold, it is probable that the cup defender may return to Bristol before she begins the contests for the America's Cup off Sandy Hook.

The Reliance went down to Newport more to try the recently refitted sails than for anything else. Though the boat has now well on toward a dozen suits of sails, all told, another new suit is being made for her in the Herreshoff shops, and may be completed before the present week has ended. The mainsail now under construction here is one of medium-weight canvas, similar to a mainsail turned out for the boat six weeks ago.

The new sails being made for the Reliance may never be put in use, because of a number of other good fits, but it was decided to have a duplicate of one of the finest suits the craft is fitted with, and consequently orders were placed for the new suit. It may be that some of the sails now in use on the craft will meet with injury, and by having this new suit in readiness no time will be lost. Owing to the desire to try the new suit on the boat, Mr. Iselin may decide to bring the craft back to Bristol again, but if he does not return, the sails, when finished, will be shipped to the craft wherever she may be.

The general overhauling of the Reliance, with the exception of the fitting of the suit of sails referred to, was brought to a finish at noon yesterday, when she looked like a racer, the finest ever sent away from Bristol. One of the boatswains, in telling of her perfect racing condition just before the boat sailed to Newport, said that there was not a thing the matter with her.

C. Oliver Iselin, the manager of the craft, who had been in Providence, arrived here in an automobile at 3 o'clock. The Reliance's anchor was then ready to be broken out, as the mainsail was bent early in the morning, the headsails sent up in stops, and the spare headsails and spars for the clubtopsails taken aboard from the Herreshoff shops soon after the noon hour.

The large clubtopsail was set over a mainsail used once or twice, and within a couple of weeks. All the sails the craft carried on her trip out of the harbor showed that they were brought to a high state of perfection. The decks and sides of the defender looked clean and glistening in the sunlight.

Mr. Iselin went on board the Reliance at a few minutes past 3 o'clock, when the anchor was taken up, the jib set, and then she swung to her course down the east channel, with a light northeast wind blowing. Soon afterward she set the forestaysail and fetched to the turn around the southeast point of Hog Island, a distance of about two miles, in 11½ minutes. She is fitted now to enter the cup contests.

COLUMBIA'S MAST TAKEN OUT.

Special to The New York Times.

CITY ISLAND, Aug. 3.—The mast was lifted out of the twice successful cup defender Columbia this morning, and the famous boat will be laid up, for the balance of this season, at least. As she was so clearly outclassed by the Reliance, it is doubtful if ever she will be used as a trial horse again, but rumor says that a prominent New York yachtsman is negotiating for her purchase and will rerig her as a schooner. Columbia should sail fast and look well in a schooner rig, but her success as a cruiser would be doubtful, as boats of the recent cup defender type have scant room for comfort. The yacht is now at the Hawkins yard, and the dismantling is being done by a Merritt & Chapman derrick.

The new sloop yacht Galatea, owned by Anson Phelps Stokes, has been completed and launched out of the shops at Wood's yard. The feature of this craft is a heavy bronze centreboard, one inch in thickness and manipulated from the cabin floor by a hand wheel, supplied with an automatic brake and other gearing. A large brass seat is situated at the rear of the cockpit within easy access of the steering wheel, the shaft of which is perpendicular.

Reliance Arrives at Newport.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, Aug. 3.—Reliance, the new cup defender, arrived from Bristol this afternoon and took up her moorings back of the torpedo station. She will remain here several days for further tuning up trials with the Constitution.

August Belmont took a party out in the Constitution this afternoon for a sail up the bay to meet the Reliance.

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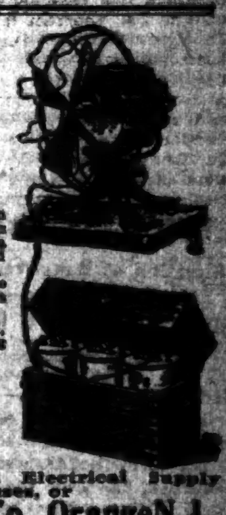

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A teaspoon of Horsford's Acid Phosphate in a glass of water quenches abnormal thirst, cools the blood, improves the appetite and invigorates the entire system. Insist on having
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CARDINALS' VOTING STILL RESULTLESS

Two More Ballots Taken, but No Pope Elected.

ONE CARDINAL MAY BE DYING

Last Communion Administered to Herrero y Espinosa—Rumors as to What Is Going on Within the Conclave.

ROME, Aug. 3.—After three full days of deliberation, in the course of which six ballots have been taken, the members of the conclave still remain shut up in the Vatican without having selected a successor to Leo XIII. The futility of both the ballots taken to-day was evidenced by the smoke which arose from the Sistine Chapel. This mute signal was this evening watched by another large crowd which partly filled the Square of St. Peter's, and which, it was estimated, numbered about 15,000. Great disappointment was manifested when the little puff of smoke appeared, and there were loud cries, not only of disappointment, but even of derision.

Rome is becoming extremely impatient over the delay in the selection of the new Pope, of which there appears to be no definite explanation owing to the rigid secrecy with which the proceedings within the conclave are being guarded.

To-day practically the only news which came from the Vatican was that of the extremely grave illness of Cardinal Herrero y Espinosa. It is presumed, however, that other aged Cardinals are also suffering from their prolonged incarceration and the intense heat.

Among the Ambassadors and ecclesiastics there exists a general opinion that, if only for the sake of relieving the aged Cardinals, much may be sacrificed within the conclave to arrive at a speedy conclusion. On the other hand, there are those who are pessimistic enough to believe that the hostility among the factions in the Sacred College is so bitter that the struggle may be continued for several weeks. This view, however, finds little credence.

Out of all the rumors and gossip afloat concerning what is transpiring in the conclave the most persistent report is to the effect that the Rampolla and Serafino Vannutelli factions have remained compact and that the attempt of one faction to press forward a new candidate in the hope of breaking the strength of the other has failed. The Italia says that matters have reached a point which presages the possibility of the election of a foreign Pope, and that Cardinal Kopp, Bishop of Breslau, who is most frequently mentioned in this connection, has the support of the German Emperor. If this is true, the Italia interprets it as a move on the part of the Rampolla faction to win over the Austro-German Cardinals from Serafino Vannutelli.

It is reported that when Cardinal Sarto, Patriarch of Venice, received the good wishes of his friends he replied, smilingly: "Oh, no. I purchased a return ticket when I left Venice."

Those who are superstitious are saying that as the conclave opened on St. Ignatius Loyola's day it will probably close to-morrow, the day of St. Dominic, one of the fighting Saints in the calendar, thus fulfilling the prophecy attributed to St. Malachi, which is that the motto of the next Pope will be "Ignis Ardens."

There are those who profess to-night to believe that a Pope has already been elected, but that the fact is being kept secret. They recall that in August, 1740, Cardinal Lambertini (Benedict XIV.) was elected Pope in the evening, but that the conclave postponed the proclamation of his election until next morning, keeping the fact of the election secret even from the conclavists. On that occasion the head which was to wear the tiara was uneasy. Cardinal Lambertini could not sleep, and his conclavist hearing him moving restlessly several times inquired the cause of his nervousness. At last the Cardinal, no longer able to contain himself, shouted:

"I am Pope! Now, can you sleep! Just try."

NO VOTE BY "ACCEDO."

It Is Believed the Cardinals Up to Now Have Used the Form "Eligo."

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—It is fairly certain, says the Rome correspondent of The Times, that no recourse has yet been had in the conclave to a vote by "Accedo."

The duration of the six votes already taken has never exceeded 90 minutes, whereas the time required for an ordinary vote, followed by a vote of "Accede," is 150 minutes.

The correspondent says it also may be presumed that there has been no great dispersion of votes, as it is this which generally causes a vote by "Accedo."

In alluding ironically to the guesses as to what is taking place within the conclave, the correspondent says the Giornale d'Italia was apparently less successful yesterday than on Saturday and Sunday in divining the significance of the "sfumata," though uninitiated eyes detected no difference in the quality of the smoke.

To each Cardinal, when he enters the Sistine Chapel to vote, a number of voting papers ready printed are supplied. They are ruled in five crosswise compartments. The first contains the words "Ego — Card.—," and the third, "Eligo (I choose) in Summum Pontificem Rm. Dom. meum D. Card. —." After "Ego" the voter writes his Christian name, and after "Card." his surname, and after the legend in the third division he puts down the name of the Cardinal for whom he votes. In the fifth compartment he writes a number and a motto. The first division is then folded down over the second, which is left blank, and the fifth over the fourth, which is also blank, so that the only words left visible are those in the centre compartment stating the name of the candidate voted for. Two seals are affixed to each fold—four in all.

The voter walks from his place to the altar, carrying the folded schedule held high between his finger and thumb. Kneeling at the altar, he swears the following oath: "Testor Christum Dominum, qui me judicaturus est, me eligere quem secundum Deum judico eligi debere, et quod idem in accessu praestabo." On the altar is a vessel, sometimes described as an urn and sometimes as a chalice, covered with a paten. The Cardinal, having again folded his schedule so that the name of the candidate for whom he is voting cannot be seen, places it on the paten, which he then takes in his hand, and slides its contents into the urn. When all the votes are in the urn they are well mixed and then counted on a large table in front of the altar, after which the schedules are ceremoniously filed.

If no election has been accomplished, another vote may be taken by means of the "accessit," a fresh voting paper being filled up in which the words "Accedo ad" (I consent to) are printed instead of "Eligo."

CARDINAL HERRERO'S ILLNESS.

ROME, Aug. 3.—The Osservatore Romano, the organ of the Vatican, officially announces that Cardinal Herrero y Espinosa, being gravely ill, has received the last communion.

Mgr. Boniface Marin, the Vicar General of Cardinal Herrero's archdiocese, (Valencia,) who accompanied his Eminence to this city, was admitted to the conclave to-day, the doors being opened for that purpose with all the prescribed precautions. Outside were the Governor and Marshal of the conclave, assisted by Captains of the guard. The Apostolic prothonotaries and two sons of Prince Chigi acted as witnesses. Inside the door when it was opened were Mgr. Merry del Val, Secretary of the Consistorial Congregation; Mgr. Roggi, Prefect of Ceremonies, and Mgr. Marzolini. The fact of the admission of Mgr. Marin was officially recorded in a document which will be placed in the archives.

The Cardinal is suffering from heart disease. It is reported that artificial respiration is being resorted to.

Cardinal Herrero is being treated by Dr. Lapponi, and nursed in turn by his fellow Cardinals, besides his conclavist.

Cardinal Sancha y Hervas, Archbishop of Toledo; Cardinal Cassanas y Pagés, Bishop of Barcelona, and Cardinal Martin de Herrera y de la Iglesia, Archbishop of Santiago (Spain) insisted upon remaining at the bedside of Cardinal Herrero during the night. The Spanish Cardinal was also visited by many other of his colleagues, including Cardinal Gibbons.

Cardinal Vives y Tuto is confined to his cell, being slightly indisposed.

King Alfonso of Spain has telegraphed to his Ambassador inquiring as to the condition of Cardinal Herrero.

GUARDS IN VATICAN DOUBLED.

ROME, Aug. 3.—The correspondent of The Associated Press visited the inside of the Vatican this morning and found that all round the precincts of the Conclave the guards had been doubled.

Wherever there is the slightest possibility of communication with the conclave the Swiss Guards, gendarmes, and Palatine Guards watch together. The antagonism existing between these bodies is the best guarantee that nothing underhand will be allowed. Besides, the Captains of the conclave in their cocked hats and uniforms embroidered with gold lace, assisted by the servants of Prince Chigi, the Marshal of the Conclave, in gorgeous liveries, are constantly on the qui vive.

AN EPICUREAN CARDINAL.

ROME, Aug. 3.—One of the daily sights at the Vatican is the arrival of the nun whom Cardinal Vaszary, Prince-Archbishop of Gran and Primate of Hungary, brought with him from Hungary to act as his cook.

Cardinal Vaszary is the wealthiest of the Cardinals, and is reputed to have an income of $400,000 annually. He desired to have his cook enter the conclave, but the presence of women being forbidden by all the rules he arranged to have her cook his dinner outside and bring it to the Vatican. She comes daily in a cab escorted by two Hungarian soldiers in uniform.

Plan an Anti-Clerical Demonstration.

ROME, Aug. 3.—The Republican Party, which is very small in Italy, is trying to organize a demonstration against the Vatican on the day of the coronation of the new Pope, hoping to make a show of strength by gaining the adherents of all the anti-clerical elements. Premier Zanardelli has decided to prevent any such demonstration on the ground that it is against "public order."

HUNGARIAN BRIBERY SCANDAL.

Premier Hedervary Examined by the Parliamentary Commission—Makes a Favorable Impression.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—A serious attempt, says the Vienna correspondent of The Times, is being made by the semi-official press of Hungary and Austria to dispose of the Hungarian bribery scandal as an incident arranged and inflated by the Opposition in order to damage the Premier, Count Khuen Hedervary, and to ruin Count Szapary. The latter is represented as the quasi-innocent victim of a band of unscrupulous blackmailers. Unofficial journals, on the other hand, argue that Count Hedervary is not the right man to deal with the situation which has been allowed to develop.

Count Hedervary appeared yesterday before the Parliamentary commission which is investigating the bribery charges and stated that he had absolutely no knowledge of Count Szapary's doings until he was informed by an official that Szapary had confessed that he was the author of the attempt to bribe Deputy Papp. The Premier denied acquaintance with ex-Deputy Dienes, (whom Papp charged with attempting to bribe him,) and said he was not present at the National Casino at the time when Dienes is alleged to have reported to Szapary his success in bribing Papp.

The Premier admitted that he had repeatedly conferred with Count Szapary during the days preceding the attempted bribery, but declared that this intercourse was of a private and not official character.

By The Associated Press.

BUDAPEST, Aug. 3.—The general impression of the Premier's testimony before the Bribery Commission to-day is a very favorable one. He answered all the questions put to him by the Opposition Deputies in a simple and straightforward manner. When he quitted the hall the Liberal Deputies raised impassioned cries of approval.

The Premier has started for Ischl to see Emperor Francis Joseph and report upon the situation. It is rumored that he will tender his resignation, although his friends aver that he is determined not to yield or resign.

The preponderance of opinion, however, seems inclined to the belief that the Premier must have known Count Szapary's intentions, but purposely avoided knowledge of details. Should he persist in retaining office the struggle between the parties will continue with increased violence.

MACEDONIANS AGAIN ACTIVE.

Several Bands in Turkish Territory—Mohammedans Murdered in Monastir Vilayet.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Official Constantinople telegrams to Vienna, says the Times's correspondent in the Austrian capital, report the murder of a number of Mohammedans and the abduction of others by a Bulgarian band sixty strong in the Vilayet of Monastir. The members of the band were well armed with Mannlicher and Gras rifles and two of them wore officers' uniforms.

Another band of twenty encountered Turkish troops in the District of Erilep, losing four killed.

A third band lost five killed while checking the advance of Turkish troops between Vodena and Vlioshta.

Two new bands are reported to have entered the district of Tirnovo from Bulgaria.

By The Associated Press.

VIENNA, Aug. 3.—The continued excesses of the Turkish troops in Macedonia occasion much disquietude in official circles.

It is reported that the Austrian, Russian, and German Embassies at Constantinople have made fresh representations on the subject to the Grand Vizier.

LAMAR PRISONERS HELD

Delaney and Brown to be Extradited to New Jersey.

Powerful Influences Fail to Save Alleged Assailants of Coachman from Trial.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 3.—Lieut. Gov. Higgins, as Acting Governor, to-night authorized the extradition to New Jersey of William Delaney, alias "Monk" Eastman, and Joseph Brown, now in custody in New York City. These are the men charged with a murderous assault at Long Branch, N. J., upon James McMahon.

McMahon had been employed as coachman by David Lamar, a Wall Street broker, and the two had quarreled. He was assaulted by four men, alleged to be New York roughs, at the door of the Long Branch court room, where he was to appear against Lamar in a suit for wages.

Prosecuting Attorney John E. Foster of Monmouth County was here to support the requisition before the Acting Governor. State Senator Thomas F. Grady, as counsel for the accused men, had signified his desire for a hearing, but he failed to appear, and after waiting all the afternoon the Lieutenant Governor authorized the extradition.

Powerful influences which have been working to save from extradition "Monk Eastman" and Joseph Brown, notorious Cherry Hill characters, wanted in Monmouth County, N. J., on a charge of committing a murderous assault on James McMahon, a coachman, at the instigation of David Lamar, a Wall Street operator, received a setback in the Tombs Police Court yesterday morning, when, after numerous adjournments, Magistrate Ommen committed both prisoners for thirty days without bail pending a requisition.

Senator Thomas F. Grady and his associate, John Hoyer, appeared in behalf of the prisoners. The proceedings were brief. Although Monmouth County Detective Charles E. Strong had three witnesses on hand to identify the men as those whose hotel bills Lamar had paid for two days before the assault, none was called, and the only person to take the stand was McMahon, the complainant. Deputy Assistant District Attorney Johnstone opposed calling him, saying he believed an attempt was to be made to impeach the coachman's character.

"You have been in prison, haven't you?" was Senator Grady's first question. "No," replied McMahon, giving the same negative when asked in quick succession whether he hadn't been sentenced to three months in Allentown, Penn.; whether he hadn't been arrested in Heloistown, Md., and several similar inquiries.

Asked if he hadn't put up $200 as bonds for two burglars in this county, who then jumped bail, McMahon responded that he couldn't remember ever having more than $20 at one time in his life.

In response to another question McMahon said that he had seen his assailants standing near by at one time while he was driving Mr. Lamar to the Rossmore Hotel in this city. Immediately after the Magistrate announced his decision Senator Grady and Mr. Hoyer appeared before Justice Dugro in the Supreme Court and made application for a writ of habeas corpus, upon which the question of admitting the men to bail will be argued this morning.

Gov. Franklin Murphy of New Jersey has issued requisition papers for the men, but Mr. Hoyer said yesterday that he would fight the extradition in every way, and added that he hoped for a hearing on the subject before the Governor at Albany to-morrow or next day. The police, who have been watching the progress of the case with more than a little interest because of their own difficulties with Monk Eastman, say that they have completed their labors in connection with it.

"Monk Eastman" and his followers have taken an active part in numerous political campaigns in the lower east side, and some who are familiar with conditions there state that the strenuous efforts made in their behalf may be due to a desire on somebody's part to utilize their services this coming Fall, instead of having him and his fellow-prisoner absent from the State. The New Jersey officers have expressed great astonishment at the manner in which the case has been delayed.

LORDS DISCUSS IRISH BILL.

Devonshire Warns Them Against Serious Alteration of the Measure—Second Reading Passed.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The Duke of Devonshire moved the second reading of the Irish Land bill in the House of Lords yesterday. He used the same arguments in favor of the used the same arguments in favor of the necessity for passing the measure as were previously used by George Wyndham, the Irish Secretary, in the House of Commons.

The Duke declared that the Government was confident that the expenditure of the £12,000,000 provided for in the bill would be fully compensated for by the economies in the judicial machinery and the reduction in the police expenses which the adoption of the measure would render possible.

In conclusion his Grace said that the House of Lords could not substantially alter the bill as adopted by the House of Commons without serious risk of losing it altogether. The bill was in the nature of a treaty, or instrument of peace, and, although it would be rash to predict that it would prove a final settlement of the Irish question, any serious alteration would release the contracting parties from the obligations mutually undertaken. Never before had the representatives of the various interests concerned asked Parliament to sanction a settlement the main principles of which they had themselves suggested.

The Duke of Abercorn (Conservative) said the representatives of the landlords would offer some amendments which were not of a contentious nature. While appreciating the liberality of the financial provisions of the bill, he declared that nothing could recompense the landlords for the losses they would have to sustain. If their sporting rights were lost and their property sold, there would be no inducement for the country gentlemen to remain in Ireland.

The Earl of Crewe (Liberal) said that unless the landlords sold on a large scale serious results would follow, because the unsold estates would become centres of discontent and disturbance.

The Earl of Dunraven (Conservative) congratulated the Government on the bill, which he said was broad and statesmanlike. He regretted, however, that the bill failed to carry out the entire recommendations of the Irish landlords and tenants' conference at Dublin.

Many other Peers spoke, very few showing a disposition to prolong the discussion of the bill. One of its stoutest opponents was Viscount Hampden, (Liberal,) who characterized it as thoroughly mischievous and corrupt. He said it would result in a land war more fierce and embittered than any before.

The Marquis of Londonderry (Conservative) claimed that the measure was for the benefit and welfare of all classes and entailed no risk whatever to the Imperial Exchequer.

Earl Spencer (Liberal) supported the bill, saying he thought the possibility of settling the agrarian difficulty justified even the large expenditure involved.

The Marquis of Lansdowne, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, said he did not share the sinister views which had been expressed regarding the effect of the bill on resident landlords. On the contrary, he believed the measure was so framed as to induce them to remain in Ireland, and he expressed the hope that both the landlords and tenants would do their utmost to make it successful.

The discussion was concluded soon after midnight, when the bill was passed to its second reading without a division.

Irish Prelate a Privy Councillor?

LONDON, Aug. 4.—According to The Daily Chronicle, it is not impossible that the King's Irish visit will result in the appointment of Archbishop Walsh of the Diocese of Dublin to the Irish Privy Council. Hitherto no Catholic prelate has been on the Council, but it is said to have been a cherished dream of Lord Beaconsfield to have on the council a prelate possessing the confidence of the Irish people and of the Pope.

TRAIN DISASTER IN AUSTRIA.

Thirty Persons Reported Killed and Fifty-two Badly Hurt.

BERLIN, Aug. 3.—A dispatch to the Volks Zeitung from Breslau reports a serious disaster on the railway between Sucha and Kalvaria, Austrian Silesia.

Eleven cars heavily loaded with stones broke loose from the engine and ran at terrific speed down a sharp grade for twenty miles, until they collided with a passenger train.

Thirty persons are said to have been killed and fifty-two others severely injured.

FISH DEALERS' CRUSADE.

Appeal to be Made to Mayor Low Against Peddlers' Methods.

That the Fish Dealers' Protective Association and the Fish Cutters and Oyster Openers' Protective Union are determined to rout the fish peddlers out of the city was shown last evening at a meeting which was held at 644 Eighth Avenue, when it was voted to draft protesting resolutions and send them to Mayor Low. Additional petitions will be circulated throughout the city among the landlords and janitors, who are equally desirous of ridding the city of the fish-peddling nuisance. The meeting was held for the purpose of showing that the public is in favor of the crusade the retail fish men are waging not only against injury to their business but also for the observance of health laws.

Many letters were read of W. C. Wellman of the Fish Cutters' and Oyster Openers' Protective Union which protested against the littering of the hallways and the throwing of the refuse in the yards. In one letter the janitor of an apartment house in West One Hundred and Fifty-third Street stated that a peddler had stolen a clock while he was absent, while another termed them as "a pack of thieves," as they stole some knives when he was in the front part of the house. Another janitor in West Fifty-ninth Street complained of peddlers entering a near-by apartment and coming into his flat by the roof and selling fish. In all the letters they were spoken of as a nuisance and asked that every effort be used to prohibit them from selling their fish in the manner in which they do.

Chairman W. W. Greenwood of the Retail Fish Dealers' Protective Association stated that the association had the full support of Dr. Lederle of the Health Department. On his motion, it was voted to write to the railroads asking them to prohibit the peddlers with baskets of fish from traveling on their cars.

SMOKE NUISANCE EXCUSED.

Justice Mayer Says Zeal in Enforcing Ordinance is Hurting Business.

Justice Mayer of the Court of Special Sessions, in giving the decision of the court in a smoke-nuisance case, yesterday made a statement in which he said that too much business had been driven away from this city by overzealousness in this direction and that the large commercial and industrial interests of the community should be shown proper regard and consideration.

Complaints had been coming to the health authorities from people living in the vicinity of the large Edison plant at First Avenue, between Thirty-eighth and Thirty-ninth Streets, to the effect that dense volumes of black smoke and odors issued from its chimneys.

On May 28 William Devlin, the engineer, was arrested. He was tried yesterday.

In handing down the decision Justice Mayer said:

"This is a commercial community. We have driven out too many business interests already just by this sort of thing. We want the business and the money to stay with us. We are compelled in the construction of the ordinance to find the defendant guilty, and we so find him. As to the punishment, we realize that this is the situation:

"On the one hand the residents of the neighborhood and their personal comfort must be considered. On the other hand we have this great commercial concern, which is of the greatest value to the community. Even those that are suffering discomforts from the plant are deriving benefits from it. I am satisfied that this company is doing all in its power to relieve the trouble, and as long as they show good faith we are not here to impose severe punishment. We are here to see that the nuisance is abated, but when a plant of this magnitude is concerned fair opportunity should be given to remedy existing conditions."

An adjournment was then taken until the last of the month, with the understanding that if by that time the nuisance has been abated sentence would be suspended.

TWO WILL OPPOSE HOPPER.

Three-Cornered Fight Developed in Thirty-first Assembly District.

As a result of a meeting held last night at the rooms of the Monroe Club, in the Thirty-first Assembly District, a three-cornered fight for the Tammany leadership of the district has been started. Isaac A. Hopper is the leader at the present time, but last week Daniel O'Connell was named as an opposition candidate by a meeting held at the rooms of the Massasoit Club, in which meeting several other clubs of the district participated. Other clubs claimed the meeting was not representative, and so last night the other meeting was held, having been called by the Monroe Club.

Five clubs were represented at last night's meeting, the Deyan Association, the Miller Association, the Hearst Club, the Madison Club, and the Monroe. The Massasoit, Carondelet, and Sagamore were invited, but did not respond. After a resolution had been passed making the action of the meeting binding on all, Elias G. Levy was nominated to oppose the re-election of Hopper.

Mr. Levy was brought before the meeting, and said that, while the district within the last five years had given a 3,000 Republican majority, he believed it would go 1,500 Democratic under proper leadership. He said that Mr. Hopper was a good business man, and an honest man, but not a good political leader. Mr. Levy is a lawyer, whose offices are at 157 East Fifty-seventh Street.

To Investigate the Trinidad Riots.

PORT OF SPAIN, Trinidad, Aug. 3.—The appointment of Sir Henry Bovell, Chief Justice of British Guiana, as Commissioner to inquire into the alleged uncalled-for shooting and bayoneting by the police at the time of the recent riots, has been officially announced.

The riots in Trinidad occurred on March 23. Subsequently a commission was appointed, and on July 22 it reported in favor of the prosecution of the rioters, holding that the police were justified in firing and in what they did, except in the case of two persons who were bayoneted.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The pressure has fallen generally and decidedly from the Rocky Mountains eastward, with rising temperature as a rule, as the weather has been quite warm throughout the interior of the country. There were local showers and thunderstorms in the Southern States, the lake region, and Upper Mississippi Valley; west of the Rocky Mountains the weather has been fair, with falling temperature and higher pressure as a rule.

The eastward movement of the low pressure area over the extreme West will cause unsettled weather during the next few days over the northern half of the country, with showers Tuesday from the lake region westward into Eastern Montana and Northeastern Colorado. Showers probably will continue Wednesday from the northern slope eastward through the lake region and extend into New England. Over the southern half of the country the weather will be fair, except in Eastern Florida and the West Gulf States.

Temperatures will rise in the Eastern States and the Ohio Valley, will continue high in the Central West and Southwest, and fall in the Northwest.

On the New England coast the winds will be light to fresh east to southeast; on the Middle Atlantic Coast light to fresh; on the South Atlantic Coast light to fresh, mostly northeasterly; on the Gulf coast light to fresh east to south, and on the great lakes fresh and mostly easterly, though variable and squally at times. Steamships departing Tuesday for European ports will have light to fresh east to south winds, and partly cloudy weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York, partly cloudy Tuesday; warmer in central portions; Wednesday partly cloudy, probably showers; light to fresh winds, mostly south.

New England, partly cloudy Tuesday; warmer in northwest portion; Wednesday showers and warmer; light to fresh east to south winds.

New Jersey, partly cloudy Tuesday; Wednesday fair, with warmer in interior; light to fresh south winds.

Delaware, partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday; light to fresh east to south winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania, partly cloudy Tuesday; Wednesday fair; warmer; light to fresh south winds.

District of Columbia and Maryland, partly cloudy Tuesday; Wednesday fair; warmer; light to fresh south winds.

Virginia, partly cloudy Tuesday; warmer in central portion; Wednesday fair; warmer in interior; light to fresh east to south winds.

West Virginia, fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

North Carolina, partly cloudy Tuesday; Wednesday fair; warmer in central portion; light to fresh northeast to east winds.

South Carolina, partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday; light to fresh northeast winds.

South Dakota, showers and cooler Tuesday; Wednesday showers.

North Dakota, showers and cooler Tuesday; Wednesday fair.

Minnesota, showers Tuesday, warmer in northeastern portions; Wednesday fair in west, showers in east portion; fresh to brisk east to south winds Tuesday.

Western Pennsylvania, occasional showers Tuesday and probably Wednesday; light to fresh winds, mostly south.

Western New York, partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday, with occasional showers; light to fresh east to south winds.

LOCAL FORECAST—Partly cloudy Tuesday; Wednesday partly cloudy, probably showers; light to fresh winds, mostly south.

The record of temperature for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from THE NEW YORK TIMES's thermometer and from the thermometer of the Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	—Weather Bureau— 1903.	1902.	Times. 1903.
3 A. M.	71	65	67
6 A. M.	72	67	69
9 A. M.	73	71	77
12 M.	70	76	81
3 P. M.	77	77	80
6 P. M.	74	77	78
9 P. M.	73	73	73
12 P. M.	73	72	71

THE TIMES's thermometer is 6 feet above the street level; that of the Weather Bureau is [illegible] feet above the street level.

Average temperatures yesterday were as follows:

Printing House Square	76
Weather Bureau	71
Corresponding date, 1902	72
Corresponding date for last 25 years	75

The thermometer registered [illegible] degrees at 3 A. M. and 71 degrees at 8 P. M. yesterday, the maximum being 77 degrees at 1 P. M. and the minimum 65 degrees at 3 A. M. The humidity was [illegible] per cent. at 8 A. M. and [illegible] per cent. at 8 P. M.

All Cravats are Creaseable and Wearoutable if made of Silk but —

There's a Big Difference in Cravat Silks.

Keiser-Barathea Cravat silks are guaranteed to wear longer, crease less and fray less than any made, and they are the only ones sold with such a guarantee.

Early in September the new Fall Patterns of Keiser Cravats will be on sale at a majority of the stores that carry reliable furnishing goods for men.

They'll be worth seeing and buying.

KEISER CRAVATS — The Label Protects You.

A 36-page text-book called "THE CRAVAT" tells of the What, Where, When and How of a Man's Cravat—Its Names and Shapes, Its Tying, Its Care, Its Selection, Its Various Forms for Special Occasions and Functions, Its Color Scheme, Its Adjuncts, Pins, Fasteners, etc. Its Don'ts; in fact, ALL ABOUT A MAN'S CRAVAT. Sumptuously illustrated. Copy for the asking, by sending 6 cts. in stamps (deLuxe edition 15 cts.), with this advertisement, to JAMES R. KEISER, 125 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK. Wholesale only.

Business Founded Over Half Century Ago.

Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREETS

Did You Discover Something About Furniture Yesterday?

What a lot of fun we all had reading the Furniture news Sunday and yesterday. A regular freshet, wasn't it? You read and dissected it; picked the chaff from the wheat, as it were.

And yesterday—you made the rounds to see whose furniture was best and cheapest. Quite a journey, but you made it.

Some spots you covered quickly—the same old story of inflation. Others took longer—for careful comparison and criticism.

Then you came to this store.

Wasn't it a relief to find so perfect a display; such grandly good Furniture, and so fairly priced to you? Now, honest! wasn't it?

The crowd, the enthusiasm, the interest, all lead to one turnpike—and every verdict when placed on the signboard reads alike

The Finest and Lowest Priced Collection Ever Shown in New York.

50,000 Yards COLORED DRESS LAWNS - - - 6½c. Yd.

Ready This Morning at 8:30.

All the Wash Goods offerings of the year pale into nothing as compared with this one. You may think it's late in the season, perhaps. Not a bit of it. And we'll prove it with more people than ever attended a sale before.

The saving is considerable—unusual.

We do not know of a store where the same quality can be purchased for less than 12½c. and 15c; the same goods have gone over our counters at the former price. It is more than a bargain at 6½c.

Colored Dress Lawns (and no material is greater favored for Summer wear) in a profuse assortment of dots, sprays, stripes, floral and other designs—on grounds of every tint that the rainbow knows.

They will launder perfectly; colors are absolutely fast.

Extra selling space has been provided, with plenty of salesfolk to care for you in a hurry.

FIRST FLOOR.

We're in the Midst of SHOE Values.

You never got more for your money. We never gave so much. It is an extraordinary saving time. We cleaned up a factory whose footwear we knew all about; else you'd not be saving two or three dollars on every pair.

All $5.00 and $6.00 Women's Shoes and Oxfords, that were $2.95 last week, more than fifteen of the best styles, are now........ $2.45

All the $5.00 Women's Shoes and Oxfords, that were $2.45 last week, twenty styles or more, cut to........ $1.95

Two lots of Boys' Shoes, the regular Simpson Crawford $3.50 grade—a number of styles, reduced to........ $1.85

Sizes 12½ to 5½; widths A to E; well soles; patent calf and enamel leather; handsome styles and dependable quality.

SECOND FLOOR.

Men's Negligee Shirts at 58c.

GOING WITH A RUSH.

There's good reason for it too. Such good shirts were never before offered at so little a price. Seventy-five hundred of them, however, insures you good choice again to-day. At present rate of selling they cannot last many days.

The material is Garner's Glen Argyle printed cords. The making is fully as good as any $1.50 shirt. Full sized bodies, full length gathered yokes, cushion neckbands, four-ply detached cuffs; they are in sixty patterns, with perfectly plain fronts. Mostly in black and blue stripes and figures on white grounds.

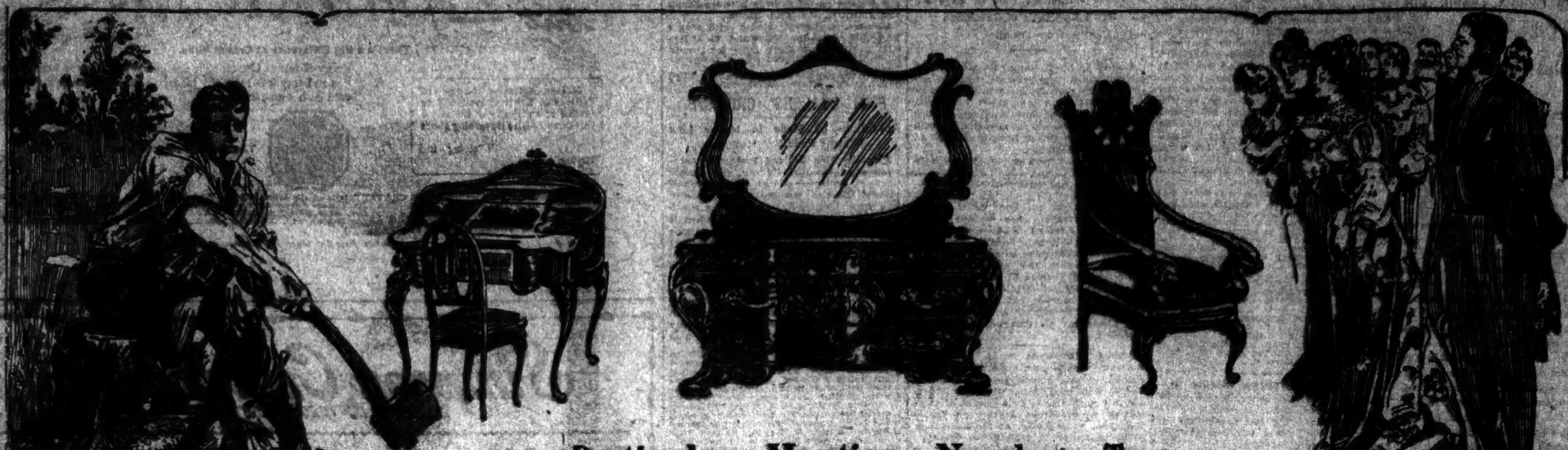
Elsewhere you would have to pay a dollar for them.

FIRST FLOOR.

The Wanamaker Store

Store Opens at 8:30 A. M. and Closes at 5 P. M.
Closes Saturdays at Noon

The Wanamaker Store



Particular Mention Number Two:

Twenty-six Stirring Items
From the August FURNITURE SALE

This August Furniture Sale is built on broad-gauge lines—not a narrow, single-tracked affair, beginning and ending nowhere, with a few small and unimportant offerings as way-stations.

It is a trunk line—leading straight from the best manufacturers to your home; with a terminal station in every room in the house. And for the whole month of August there is a splendid service scheduled, with rates that save you on an average, *one-third of the usual cost of the trip.*

The twenty-six offerings announced for today represent the wonderful scope of the movement. We have picked them at random from the quantities of goods now displayed on our floors. They are types of, not exceptions to, the general run of these August offerings. And they could be varied almost indefinitely.

Think of them, if you choose, as mere suggestions of vast varieties of similar goods, at equally strong economies:

$2.25 Bedroom Chairs at $1.50
One hundred and eighty mahogany-finished Bedroom Chairs; shaped seat, shaped legs, open cane seat, shaped back posts with flat-rode spindles; highly polished.

$9 Bookcases at $6.50
Seven golden oak Bookcases; open front; three adjustable shelves, 48 in. high, 32 in. wide; quartered oak top and front.

$12 Bookcases at $9
Twelve quartered golden oak Bookcases; one glass door, three adjustable shelves, moulded edges; 5 ft. high, 37 in. wide; highly polished.

$21 Bureaus at $14
Ten mahogany veneered Bureaus; square front top, 42x20 in.; two large and two small drawers; beveled edge; French plate mirror, 22x28 in.; highly polished.

$25 Toilet Tables at $16
Six bird's-eye maple Toilet Tables; top, 36x20 in., two drawers; shaped legs; French plate mirror, 22x20 in.; carved frame and standard; highly polished.

$9 Iron Bedsteads at $6
Ninety white enameled Iron Bedsteads; fancy scroll pattern head and foot; continuous posts; 4 ft. 6 in. wide, 6 ft. 4 in. long; gilt decorated ornaments.

$40 China Cabinets at $25
Eight mahogany-finished China Cabinets; full swell front and ends; moulded base and carved top; four shelves; bent glass ends; 67 in. high, 48 in. wide.

$22 Bureaus at $15
Nineteen quartered golden oak Bureaus; full swell front; two large drawers, two small drawers; swell top, 42x20 in.; upright oval French plate mirror, 22x28 in.; selected quartered oak stocks; highly polished.

$17 Chiffonniers at $12
Nine quartered golden oak Chiffonniers; shaped top, 32x21 in.; four large and two small drawers; moulded edges, highly polished.

$50 Music Cabinets at $25
Two mahogany Music Cabinets, 41 in. high, 22 in. wide; one door, brass railing around top; one drawer; brass trimming, porcelain decorated plaques.

$25 Sideboards at $18
Thirty-two quartered golden oak Sideboards; swell top base, 45x20 in.; one large drawer, two small drawers, double cupboard, cabinet top with three shelves; French plate mirror, 28x16 in.; highly polished.

$65 China Cabinets at $45
Three quartered golden oak China Cabinets; bent glass ends, swell front, carved and molded, claw feet; French plate mirror back; four shelves; 6 ft. high, 4 ft. wide.

$20 Library Tables at $12.50
Nine mahogany Library Tables, 36 in. long, 24 in. wide; deep rim, one long drawer, shaped legs; highly polished.

$36 Sideboards at $25
Sixteen golden oak Sideboards; swell top base, 46x28 inches; two cupboards, one large and two small drawers; carved claw feet, cabinet top with three shelves; carved top, French plate mirror, 40x18 in.; 6 ft. 9 in. high.

$25 Couches at $16
Twenty-five raised head Couches; plain seat and head; hair top, fine spring construction; tapestry cover, foliage designs.

$75 Brass Bedsteads at $55
Twenty-six full-size Bedsteads; extra heavy design of finest construction; 2-inch pillars, 3½-inch vases, ⅞-inch top rails; ¾-inch filling, cast goose-neck connections, cast "T" ball-filler connections; highly polished and finished in best quality lacquer. At the same price, we have eleven 3 ft. 3 in., three 3 ft. 6 in. and seven 4 ft. of this bedstead.

$7.50 Chairs at $5
Eleven mahogany Chairs; Ipswich design; high spindle back, saddle shaped wood seat; highly finished.

$35 Extension Tables at $25
Eight quartered golden oak Extension Tables; round top, 52 inches in diameter; 8 feet long when extended; deep moulded rim, tapered legs; finest selected stock, highly polished.

$4.50 Rockers at $3
Twelve mahogany finish Rockers; shaped seat, high arms, carved back; spindle and panel back; highly polished.

$28 Brass Bedsteads at $20
Six 4 ft. 6 in. Brass Bedsteads; extended foot-piece, 1½-in. pillars, ⅜-in. filling; head-piece 66 in. high, foot-piece 42-in. high; highly polished and finished with best lacquer.

$20 Bureaus at $14
Twenty-six quartered golden oak Bureaus, Colonial style; top 42x20 in., three long drawers, French plate mirror, 20x24 in.; fine construction and highly finished.

$33 Toilet Tables at $22
Six quartered golden oak Toilet Tables; top 36x20 in., moulded edges, four drawers, French legs; oval French plate mirror, 30x20 in.; selected quartered oak stock.

$40 Bureaus at $30
Sixteen mahogany Bureaus, Colonial design; top 36x20 in.; four long drawers, French plate mirror, 45x20 in.; moulded edges, highly finished.

$28 Chiffonniers at $18
Five bird's-eye maple Chiffonniers; shaped top 32x21 in.; four large drawers, two small drawers; oval French plate mirror, 20x16 in.; highly polished.

$11 Arm Chairs at $6.75
Eleven quartered golden oak Arm Chairs; wood seat; small size; Colonial pattern; artistic design.

75c Clothes Trees at 60c
Two hundred Clothes Trees, in oak or mahogany finish; six pins, four legs, turned pole.

Here follow other hints. We suggest that you mark on this list pieces, and prices that appeal to you, and bring it with you. It will help you materially in seeing *first* precisely what interests you most:

Toilet Tables.
$15, from $22—Mahogany
$15, from $22—Bird's-eye maple
$16, from $24—Golden oak
$16, from $25—Mahogany
$16, from $26—Mahogany
$22, from $33—Bird's-eye maple
$24, from $40—Mahogany
$26, from $45—Mahogany
$27, from $45—Mahogany
$30, from $40—Mahogany
$35, from $55—Mahogany
$38, from $62—Mahogany
$45, from $70—Mahogany

Bureaus
$8, from $10—Golden Oak
$14, from $20—Natural birch
$16.50, from $20—Golden oak
$18, from $26—Golden oak
$18, from $26—Natural birch
$19, from $28—Bird's-eye maple
$19, from $25—Mahogany
$20, from $30—Golden oak
$21, from $27—Bird's-eye maple
$22, from $32—Bird's-eye maple
$24, from $38—Curly birch
$24, from $35—Bird's-eye maple
$28, from $40—Golden oak
$28, from $40—Mahogany
$31, from $42—Bird's-eye maple
$35, from $50—Golden oak
$36, from $50—Mahogany
$37, from $45—Bird's-eye maple
$50, from $60—Golden oak
$90, from $110—Mahogany

Chiffonniers
$14, from $21—Golden oak
$17, from $24—Golden oak
$18, from $28—Bird's-eye maple

Chiffonniers
$20, from $32—Golden oak
$22, from $35—Bird's-eye maple
$23, from $36—Bird's-eye maple
$24, from $32—Curly birch
$22, from $35—Golden oak
$26, from $40—Golden oak
$32, from $45—Mahogany
$32, from $46—Bird's-eye maple
$60, from $75—Mahogany
$117, from $130—Mahogany
$132, from $165—Mahogany
$157, from $175—Mahogany

Sideboards
$18, from $25—Golden oak
$25, from $36—Golden oak
$37, from $47—Golden oak
$38, from $50—Golden oak
$40, from $65—Golden oak
$42, from $47—Mahogany
$43, from $48—Mahogany
$45, from $50—Golden oak
$45, from $65—Mahogany
$50, from $70—Golden oak
$60, from $75—Golden oak
$60, from $90—Mahogany
$75, from $110—Mahogany
$80, from $105—Mahogany
$95, from $130—Golden oak
$95, from $135—Mahogany
$117, from $150—Golden oak
$189, from $210—Golden oak
$247, from $275—Golden oak

China Cabinets
$12, from $16—Golden oak
$25, from $40—Imitat'n mahogany
$27, from $38—Golden oak
$28, from $48—Imitat'n mahogany
$30, from $45—Imitat'n mahogany
$35, from $48—Golden oak

China Cabinets
$45, from $65—Golden oak
$55, from $80—Golden oak
$55, from $80—Mahogany
$60, from $85—Golden oak
$65, from $90—Mahogany
$65, from $95—Golden oak
$85, from $125—Mahogany
$95, from $125—Mahogany
$95, from $150—Mahogany

Extension Tables
$15, from $20—Weathered oak
$18, from $25—Weathered oak
$20, from $30—Golden oak
$22, from $27—Golden oak
$22, from $36—Weathered oak
$25, from $35—Weathered oak
$28, from $40—Golden oak
$30, from $50—Mahogany
$33, from $50—Mahogany
$45, from $60—Golen oak
$48, from $65—Mahogany
$80, from $115—Mahogany

Brass Bedsteads
$16, from $24—4 ft. 6 in. size
$22, from $32—3 ft. size
$25, from $35—4 ft. 6 in. size
$28, from $42—3 ft. size
$30, from $45—3 ft. and 4 ft. 6 in.
$33, from $48—4 ft. 6 in. size
$35, from $50—3 ft. 6 in. size
$40, from $60—4 ft. 6 in. size
$45, from $70—4 ft. 6 in. size
$45, from $65—4 ft. 6 in. size
$50, from $70—4 ft. 6 in. size
$65, from $90—4 ft. 6 in. size
$70, from $100—4 ft. 6 in. size
$95, from $120—4 ft. 6 in. size

Our Way of Doing With Carpets

About the First of August every year, before the Carpet season fully opens we settle on the patterns that are to be discontinued, and sell all the remainders, that we may start the Carpet business afresh without any remnants.

The Time Has Come

About 15,000 yards of the various patterns are to be sold this week to get them out of the way of our plans. The qualities are just as good as the mills will ever make, and the patterns are the very same that we have sold large quantities of.

The singularity of it all is that while the Fall carpet prices for first quality, choice goods will be higher, these particular goods are to be sold at very much reduced prices:

CARPETS

The usual $1.40 Wiltons for $1, that are to be $1.50.
The usual $1.10 Velvets for 75c, that are to be $1.15.
The $1.40 Body Brussels for $1, that are to be $1.50.
The usual 80c Tapestry Carpets for 60c, highest grade, that are to be 90c and $1.
The usual $1.35 to $1.65 Axminster Carpets, in various grades, for 90c to $1.25, that will be worth one-half more in the new patterns.
Border and Stair Carpets to match in many patterns.
Third floor.

RUGS

Brussels Rugs, best quality, 11 ft. 3 in. x 15 ft., $32, from $42; 6 x 9 ft., $13.50, from $17.
Smyrna Rugs; all sizes, from 18 x 36 in. to 48 x 84 in. Prices, 90c to $5, from $1.15 to $7.
Special grade of Cotton Art Squares in imitation of the finest all-wool, high class art rugs. Sizes and prices:
7 ft. 6 in. x 10 ft. 6 in., $6.50, from $8.75
9 ft. x 9 ft., $6.75, from $9
9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 in., $7.75, from $10.50
9 ft. x 12 ft., $9, from $12

An Unrivaled Display Of Dinner Ware

Excepting in our Philadelphia Store, an equal stock of Dinner Ware is not to be found in this country.

That's a strong statement, but we make it unreservedly. Come and let us prove it to you.

Choose among *one hundred and forty-nine* distinct patterns of Dinner Sets—*eighty-six* of which are kept in open stock, from which you can buy anything from a single piece to an entire matching set.

The output of the best factories is broadly represented—French, English, German, American—in splendid assortment of qualities and decorations.

And as to prices—note these offerings of Dinner Sets at savings of at least a quarter:

Dinner Sets

At $10, worth $[illegible]—Fine American porcelain Dinner Sets of 100 pieces, including soup tureen and three large platters, in two flower decorations with all pieces gilt.

At $[illegible], worth $22.50—Austrian china Dinner Sets of 100 and 102 pieces, with soup tureen and three large platters; six pretty flower decorations and all handles gilt.

At $17, worth $22.50—Fine English Porcelain Dinner Sets of 112 pieces, with tureens and three large platters, in several new border decorations and all pieces gilt.

At $[illegible], worth $35—French china Dinner Sets of 100 and 101 pieces; two of the best makes and four fine decorations.

At $30, from $[illegible]—Charles Field Haviland & D. A. Dinner Sets of 101 pieces; fine flower decoration and all pieces gilt.

At $[illegible], worth $[illegible]—Theodore Haviland Dinner Sets of 112 pieces; fine flower decoration and all handles gilt.

At $40, worth $[illegible]—Charles Field Haviland & D. A. Dinner Sets of 101 pieces; three border decorations and gold-stippled.

At $[illegible], worth $[illegible]—Pouyat china Dinner Sets of 11[illegible] pieces in two fine border decorations and heavily gilt.

At $75, worth $100—Theodore Haviland dinner Sets of 11[illegible] pieces; festoon of flowers and gold border.

Basement.

Bavarian China

A large counter on the Cross Aisle, Main floor, contains the following assortment of Bavarian China at about half regular prices. Pretty flower decoration with double gold lines:

Bread and Butter Plates, 10c each.
Tea Plates, 15c each.
Breakfast Plates, 15c each.
Oatmeal Saucers, 15c each.
Syrup Jugs with plate, 50c each.
Condensed Milk-holders, 50c each.
Celery Trays, 50c each.
Salad Bowls, 35c, 50c, 75c each.
Cake Plates, 35c each.
Chocolate Pots, 75c each.
Also a line of fine porcelain Water and Milk Jugs, various sizes, 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 45c, 60c and 85c each.
Cross Aisle, Main floor.

The Midsummer Sale of Pictures

It is a new departure, this instituting of a Sale of Pictures in conjunction with our semi-annual Furniture Sale. And there's a fitness of things in being able to decorate the walls of the rooms that are being newly furnished, and to select artistic pictures at the same sort of price-savings that you are making on the furniture you buy.

The attractive new arrangement of our Fifth Floor Picture Store makes seeing and choosing the pictures a much easier matter.

One room is given over to the display of Pictures at midsummer reductions ranging from a quarter to one-half—as following popularly priced groups indicate:

At $2, worth $3—Artotypes, mounted and matted in oak and gilt frames; 20x24 in., in attractive subjects.

At $2, worth $3.75—Carbongravures in ornamental frames; landscape subjects.

At $2, worth $4.50—Landscape Etchings, mounted and matted in ornamented gilt frames; also some in oak frames; 17 x 26 in.

At $3, worth $4.50 to $6.50—Colored and plain Pictures in gilt frames; figure subjects; also a group in wood frames with oval opening, square outside. Water Colors in gilt frames, white mats; Venetian subjects. Also a widely varied group of Carbon Photographs and Colored Pictures, in specially made frames.

At $5, worth $7.50 to $10.50—Colored Photogravures in gilt frames, without mats; figure subjects.

Colored Artotypes, in heavy sweep frames.

Colored Photogravures in panel shape; specially designed frames.

Etchings in landscape subjects, matted and framed in wide ornamented wood frames.

At $10, worth $15 to $22.50—Plain Photogravures in oak and gilt frames; or colored in fine gilt frames; some with mats, others in heavy gilt frames and shadow boxes.

Colored Photographs in landscape subjects, matted with white mats, in fine gilt frames.

In addition, there remains a number of the Proof Etchings and American Water Colors we told of on Saturday.

New Picture Store, Fifth floor.

Rich Hungarian Linens

The strikingly effective Embroidered Table-pieces, worked by the Hungarian peasants in bold blues and reds, have called forth much admiring comment since we have had them on display.

Today comes the opportunity to secure these pretty things, that are so appropriate for country and seashore homes, at sharp reductions, like those on standard household linens that have signalized the early days of our new Third Floor Linen Section.

Designs in these decorative pieces are most attractive and all have scalloped edges. Priced as follows:

Doilies, 6-inch, round or square, at 10c, from 12½c; 9-inch, at 18c, from 25c; 12-inch, at 25c, from 35c.
Centerpieces, 18 inches square, at 30c, from 00c; 24-inch, round or square, at 75c, from $1.15.
Table Cloths, 36-inch, round or square, at $1.50, from $2.[illegible]; 54-inch, at $4, from $5.
Scarfs, 16 x 30 in., at 50c, from 75c; 16 x 45 in., at $1, from $1.25; 16 x 60 in., at $1.25, from $1.75.
Third floor.

Lawn Mowers, $4.25

This attractively low price applies on a group of our "Wanamaker Highwheel" Lawn Mowers, well known for their easy running qualities. They have four revolving blades, are self sharpening and may be set for long or short grass. In 14-inch and 18-inch sizes, regularly sold at $5 and $6, respectively. These at

$4.25 Each

All fully warranted.

Basement.

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway, Fourth Avenue, Ninth and Tenth Streets.

WATERBOY WON THE SARATOGA HANDICAP

Racing Season Opens Auspiciously at the Spa Track.

J. B. Haggin's Four-Year-Old Was Heavily Backed—Great Crowd Witnesses the Sport.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 3.—The largest crowd that ever gathered on the Saratoga race track to-day witnessed the opening of the Summer race meeting and the victory of the champion race horse of the East, J. B. Haggin's fleet four-year-old, Waterboy, whose triumph made him thrice winner in the great events of the New York racing season.

Gloomy weather undoubtedly prevented a much greater attendance, but the crowd straight through was one that suggested professional racing, for, aside from the partisans of the strictly sporting members of The Jockey Club, society was not much in evidence, though the family of William C. Whitney was present in force and the hunting and riding sets of Long Island were well represented.

A great number of Western turfmen were on hand, however, with John A. Drake and John W. Gates the most conspicuous members of this delegation. Mr. Gates had been very ill at his hotel, but the rumors circulated to the effect that he was dangerously sick caused him to go to the track to-day, in spite of his indisposition, to prove that he still is far from being an invalid.

The Drake-Gates combination, as expected, made itself felt in the betting, and pulled off one coup with Vinegnes in a selling race, though the winnings in this event only about covered the losses on South Trimble, which was backed to win the Saratoga Handicap, and which fell in the race just at the time when he moved from behind at the end of the stretch and looked to have a winning chance. The betting of the Westerners had a greater effect than it might have had ordinarily, because of the fact that the betting from every viewpoint was much lighter than it was last season.

The Saratoga Handicap made a splendid race, and one that stirred visitors to the heaviest speculation of the day. The Whitney entries, Gunfire and Goldsmith, and J. B. Haggin's Waterboy starting about equal favorites in a field of eleven, the entire number named to start. There was a heavy and steady support for the Whitney pair, but Waterboy always was the most fancied among the horsemen.

The Brighton Handicap winner proved that the horsemen were right by going on in the race and taking command in the first furlong, hanging on in the first division to the end, shaking off one after another the horses that challenged him. After the first quarter Hermis was the only horse which ever showed before Waterboy, that being on the last turn, but Waterboy slipped away from him at the head of the stretch and going on in front, won ridden out by three parts of a length from Hunter Raine, which closed from far back in the crowd and forced Odom on Waterboy to ride out to the end.

Caughnawaga also came from the rear, and was only three parts of a length behind the second horse. The heavily backed Whitney pair never figured prominently, while South Trimble, cut off by Hermis on the last turn, was so interfered with that he fell. The time of the race—2:05 1-5—just equaled the Saratoga track record.

In the opening event Chuctanunda, the winner, broke the track record for six furlongs by running in 1:12 1-5.

In the Ballston Cup steeplechase Double Thong, with Mara up, fell in front of the grand stand. The Virginian was steered clear of Mara, who was unhurt, and finished the race after his mount had been recaptured. The Flash Stakes went to Tippecanoe, 25 to 1 shot. There were two added starters in this race, W. P. Schultz's Batts, which finished fourth, and the Pepper Stable's Crown Prince, which finished in the ruck. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—Six furlongs. Chuctanunda, 115 pounds, (Jenkins,) 9 to 10 and out, won; Leonora Loring, 114, (T. Burns,) 4 to 5 and out, second; Sadducee, 114, (Rice,) 150 to 1 and 5 to 1, third. Time—1:12 1-5. Earl of Warwick also ran.

SECOND RACE.—The Ballston Cup Steeplechase; the full course, about two and a half miles. Rockstorm, 146 pounds, (Green,) 8 to 5 and out, won; The Virginian, 154, (Donohue,) 2 to 1 and out, second; Double Thong, 158, (Mara,) 11 to 5 and out, third. Time—5:24. Ten Below Zero also ran.

THIRD RACE.—The Flash Stakes; five and a half furlongs. Tippecanoe, 117 pounds, (Hicks,) 25 to 1 and 8 to 1, won; Ormonde's Right, 125, (O'Neill,) 4 to 1 and 9 to 5, second; Montreson, 117, (Redfern,) 7 to 1 and 2½ to 1, third. Time—1:08. Batts, Euphrata, Dimple, Reliance, Rapid Water, Mohariff, Stroghon, and Crown Prince also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—The Saratoga Handicap; one mile and a quarter. Waterboy, 127 pounds, (Odom,) 13 to 5 and even, won; Hunter Raine, 104, (H. Cochran,) 15 to 1 and 5 to 1, second; Caughnawaga, (Jenkins,) 30 to 1 and 20 to 1, third. Time—2:05 3-5. Hano, Gunfire, Goldsmith, Hermis, Injunction, Africander, and Disadvantage also ran. South Trimble fell.

FIFTH RACE.—Selling; five and a half furlongs. Yo San, 105 pounds, (Gannon,) 5 to 2 and out, won; Juvenal Maxim, 110, (H. Callahan,) 4 to 1 and 8 to 5, second; Avenger, 107, (Hicks,) even and out, third. Time—1:07 4-5. Laocoon, Magdala, Gananoque, Tommyrot, Bluish, Red Light, For Luck, Brooklyn, Long Distance, and St. Jolly also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—Selling; one mile. Vincennes, 105 pounds, (O'Neill,) 7 to 10 and out, won; St. Sever, 105, (Fuller,) 30 to 1 and 8 to 1, second; Easy Street, 108, (Redfern,) 10 to 1 and 4 to 1, third. Time—1:40 4-5. John Barleycorn, James F., Caithness, Dinksie, Kalif, Somerset, Eva Russell, Gold Bell, and Highlander also ran.

Saratoga Entries for To-day.

FIRST RACE.—Five and a half furlongs; two-year-olds which have not won $1,000. Stalwart, Bashful, Ascetic, Rain or Shine, Knobhampton, Goldspink, Highball, and Cascine, 115 pounds each; Spring, 113; Dromation, 112; Gold Saint, Bobadil, St. Valentine, Delhi, Adbell, and Gay Lothario, 103 each; Mineola, Arietta, Memories, and Belle of Wakefield, 100 each.

SECOND RACE.—One and a sixteenth miles; three-year-olds and up, selling. Knight of Rhodes and Agnes D., 111 pounds each; Lady Potentate, 109; Trinity Bell, 108; Rostand, 101; Dinksie, 96.

THIRD RACE.—Five and a half furlongs; maiden two-year-olds, jockeys that have never ridden a winner. Bobadil, Tamarix, and Reveille, 112 pounds each; Mineola, Dolly Spanker, Applause, and Glad Tidings, 109 each.

FOURTH RACE.—The Alabama, for fillies three years old; one mile and a sixteenth on turf. Girdle, Stolen Moments, Astarita, 124 pounds each; Judith Campbell, Gravina, Stamping Ground, Wild Thyme, Eugenia Burch, Ada Naz, 118 each; Salora, Rockmart, 106 each.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling; six furlongs. Unmasted, 113 pounds; Knight of Rhodes, 108; Yardarm, 107; Sweet Billie, Irene Lindsay, Elsie L., 100 each; Birch Broom, King Pepper, 108 each; Paris-ienne, 97.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds; one mile. Africander, 126 pounds; Onatas, 119; Dramatist, 114; Gimcrack, Canajoharie, High Chancellor, Slave, 109 each.

WESTCHESTER WON AT POLO.

Allowed Rockaway 17 Goals and Defeated Them by 20 Goals to 18¼.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., Aug. 3.—Despite the fact that the Rockaway second team was allowed 17 goals by the Westchester first, the latter team was victorious in the polo game to-day by the score of 20 to 18¼. The Rockaways made two goals, but lost three-quarters of a goal on three safeties. Harry Payne Whitney was unable to play, so R. L. Agassiz of Boston took his place. The line-up:

WESTCHESTER 1ST.		ROCKAWAY SECOND.	
1—Reynal	2	1—McMurtry	3
2—J. M. Waterbury, Jr.	8	2—Babcock	3
3—Agassiz	7	3—Dixon	3
Back—L. Waterbury	9	Back—E. Devlin	1
Total	27	Total	10

Westchester, 20; Rockaway, 18¼. Earned—Westchester, 20; Rockaway, 2. Penalties—Rockaway, 3 safeties. Rockaway allowed 17 goals. Referee—A. E. Kennedy.

W. K. Vanderbilt's Horse Vestal Won.

PARIS, Aug. 3.—W. K. Vanderbilt's Vestal, ridden by the American jockey Bausch, won the Prix du Premier Pas at Caen to-day. The same gentleman's horse Marigold was unplaced in the Grand St. Leger de France.

Baseball To-day, 4 P. M. American League Greater N. Y. vs. Philadel's. B'way & 168th St. Ladies' day to-day.—Adv.

YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL GAMES

New York Nationals by Defeating Boston Secure Second Place in Championship Race.

By their victory over the Boston team yesterday the New York Nationals passed the Chicago team and now hold second place in the pennant race by a single point. The Chicago and Cincinnati teams were not scheduled for a game. Brooklyn beat Philadelphia 7 to 4, and the Pittsburg champions met with defeat in St. Louis, where the home team won by the score of 3 to 2.

The Greater New York Americans went down in defeat at the hands of the Philadelphia champions at American League Park yesterday, but they still retain fourth place, as Detroit also was beaten. St. Louis scored a 5 to 3 victory over Chicago, and Washington won from Boston very handily.

Following are the scores of the games in the National and American Leagues respectively:

New York, 4; Boston, 1.
Brooklyn, 7; Philadelphia, 4.
St. Louis, 3; Pittsburg, 2.

Philadelphia, 5; New York, 2.
Washington, 5; Boston, 2.
St. Louis, 5; Chicago, 3.
Cleveland, 5; Detroit, 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphians Defeated New Yorks in a Rather Uninteresting Game.

A fairly large gathering of local baseball patrons saw the American League champions defeat the Greater New York team at American League Park yesterday by a score of 5 to 2. It was for the most part a dull game, devoid of exciting incident. A few long hits relieved the monotony, and two brilliant catches by Keeler and Hoffman drew forth a storm of applause from the spectators. The local men were unable to locate Plank's curves for consecutive hits until the sixth inning, when a double, an out, and a single brought in the first run, and a fumble and a double scored the other run in the final inning.

The visitors found Howell's pitching for an earned run in the second inning, and a wild throw by Beville allowed two of the Philadelphians to tally in the fifth. The champions added another in the seventh, and scored their fifth run in the eighth inning on L. Cross's three-bagger to left and Seybold's fly to centre. Elberfeld continued his good work with the bat which proved so useful on Saturday, but he spoiled the effects of his hitting by making two of the three fielding errors charged against the home team.

Fast fielding prevented any scoring in the opening inning by either side, but in the second, with one out, Seybold doubled to right and Murphy singled. The latter was forced on Monte Cross's weak hit to Williams and Seybold scored on the play. The visitors had two men out in the fifth inning when Hoffman got his base, being hit with a pitched ball. Then Pickering got safely to first and Hoffman to second on Elberfeld's muff, and in trying to catch Pickering off first base Beville threw the ball wildly into Keeler's territory and both runners scored. New York got one in the following inning on Conroy's single, Keeler's out at first base, and Elberfeld's double along the left foul line. Williams hit safely to right, but Seybold's return was so quick and accurate that Elberfeld was nipped at the plate. Monte Cross beat out a bunt in the seventh, went to second on a sacrifice by Powers, and scored on Hoffman's bounder, which went high over Howell's head. Beville's catch dismissed Davis in the next inning, but L. Cross drove the ball to left for three bases and scored on Seybold's long fly to Fultz. The local men had two out in the ninth, when Beville got to first on a fumble by M. Cross and scored on Howell's double to right. The score:

NEW YORK.	R	1B	PO	A	E	PHILADELPHIA.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Conroy, 3b.	1	1	0	3	0	Hoffman, lf.	1	1	2	0	0
Keeler, rf.	0	1	1	0	0	Pick'ng, cf.	1	0	2	1	0
Elberf'd, ss.	0	2	2	4	2	Davis, 1b.	0	1	8	0	0
Williams, 2b.	0	1	2	3	0	L.Cross, 3b.	1	1	2	0	0
Fultz, cf.	0	1	2	0	0	Seybold, rf.	1	1	1	0	0
Ganzel, 1b.	0	0	14	1	0	Murphy, 2b.	0	2	2	1	0
McFarl'd, lf.	0	0	0	0	0	M.Cross, ss.	1	1	1	5	1
Beville, c.	1	0	5	1	1	Powers, c.	0	0	8	0	0
Howell, p.	0	1	0	2	0	Plank, p.	0	0	1	0	0
Total	2	8	27	15	3	Total	5	8	27	10	1

New York	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	—2
Philadelphia	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	—5

Earned runs—New York, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Left on bases—New York, 8; Philadelphia, 4. Two-base hits—Elberfeld, Fultz, Howell, Seybold. Three-base hits—Elberfeld, L. Cross. Sacrifice hits—Pickering, Powers. Stolen base—Murphy. Double play—Elberfeld and Ganzel. First base on errors—New York, 1; Philadelphia, 2. First base on balls—Off Plank, 1; off Howell, 1. Hit by pitched balls—By Plank, 1; by Howell, 1. Struck out—By Plank, 4; by Howell, 3. Time of game—Two hours. Umpire—Mr. Hassett.

ST. LOUIS, 5; CHICAGO, 3.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 3.—St. Louis took the opening game with Chicago in good fashion to-day. Siever pitched a loose game, but pulled himself out of some tight holes. Attendance, 5,200. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	3	—	5	9	2
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	11	1

Batteries—Powell, Siever, and Sugden; Flaherty and Slattery.

WASHINGTON, 5; BOSTON, 2.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Batting honors were about even, but Washington bunched five singles in the seventh inning and won to-day's game handily. Boston's infield work was the feature of the game. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Washington	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	—	5	9	0
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	9	1

Batteries—Orth and Kittridge; Gibson and Criger.

CLEVELAND, 5; DETROIT, 4.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 3.—Donovan's bases on balls in the ninth inning forcing in a run cost Detroit the game. Joss pitched excellent ball after the first inning. Courtney's fielding was a feature. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	5	9	1
Detroit	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	7	4

Batteries—Joss and Bemis; Donovan and Buelow.

American League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Boston	55	33	.625	Detroit	42	43	.494
Philadelphia	53	36	.596	Chicago	39	46	.459
Cleveland	46	41	.529	St. Louis	39	46	.459
New York	41	41	.500	Washington	29	58	.333

Games Scheduled for To-day.

Philadelphia in New York.
Boston in Washington.
Chicago in St. Louis.
Detroit in Cleveland.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New Yorks Defeated Boston in Eleventh Inning of a Sharply Played Game.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 3.—After ten innings of sharp baseball and an even score, New York's National League players won an eleventh inning victory from the local team here this afternoon. It was a battle between Mathewson and Willis, in which the visitors outfielded the Bostons, and, aided by a little luck in the eleventh, the New Yorks tallied three times, winning by that margin. Willis was in fine form and had all his speed, while his famous drop was never seen to better advantage. Mathewson pitched one of his best games and struck out eleven men, three of them in the ninth inning, when Boston had two men on bases.

The work of Williams in left field for Boston was a feature of the contest, while Greminger and Stanley also covered a great deal of ground. Babb's playing at short stop was a splendid performance, and McGann accepted thirteen chances. The batting honors on the winning side belonged to Bresnahan and Mathewson, while Carney and Aubrey led the locals in hitting.

New York tallied once in the fifth inning and the locals tied the score in the ninth. Willis weakened in the eleventh and hit Gilbert, the first man up, with a pitched ball and Warner singled to right, sending Gilbert to third. Mathewson singled, scoring Gilbert, and Browne sent Warner home with a single over second base. Bresnahan sacrificed, and McGann got a base on balls, filling the bases. Mertes hit to Aubrey, who threw to Abbaticchio, forcing McGann at second, but Mathewson scored on the play. Then Babb's fly was caught by Tenney. In Boston's half Carney struck out, Moran flied to Mertes, and Abbaticchio was out at first, Dunn to McGann. The score:

NEW YORK.	R	1B	PO	A	E	BOSTON.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Browne, rf.	1	2	0	0	0	Will'ms, lf.	0	1	3	0	0
B'snah'n, cf.	0	2	1	0	0	Tenney, 1b.	0	1	17	0	0
McGann, 1b.	0	0	13	0	0	Stanley, cf.	0	1	3	0	0
Mertes, lf.	0	0	2	0	0	Carney, rf.	1	3	0	0	0
Babb, ss.	0	1	2	5	0	Moran, c.	0	1	5	0	0
Dunn, 3b.	0	0	1	4	1	A't'chio, 2b.	0	1	2	5	2
Gilbert, 2b.	1	1	2	1	0	G'm'ger, 3b.	0	0	1	4	0
Warner, c.	1	1	12	2	0	Aubrey, ss.	0	2	2	6	1
Math's'n, p.	1	2	0	1	0	Willis, p.	0	0	0	3	1
Total	4	9	33	13	1	Total	1	9	33	16	4

New York	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	—4
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1

Earned run—New York, 1. Two-base hit—Moran. Stolen bases—Bresnahan, McGann, Mertes, Gilbert, and Abbaticchio. Double plays—McGann (unassisted;) Babb and Gilbert. First base on balls—Off Willis, 3; off Mathewson, 2. Hit by pitched ball—Dunn and Gilbert. Struck out—By Mathewson, 11; by Willis, 5. Time of game—Two hours and thirty minutes. Umpire—Mr. Emslie. Attendance—2,175.

BROOKLYN, 7; PHILADELPHIA, 4.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 3.—Superiority in batting won to-day's game for the Brooklyn team. Schmidt was hit hard by the local batsmen in the opening inning, but after the third they failed to get one of his delivery, as he held them safe all the way to the finish. Brooklyn found Fraser in the beginning of the contest, but the home team held the lead until the visitors resumed their hard batting in the fifth and sixth innings, scoring twice in each, which ended the run getting, as neither side could get a man home during the last three innings. The score:

BROOKLYN.	R	1B	PO	A	E	PHILADELPHIA.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Strang, 3b.	0	0	1	4	0	Thomas, cf.	1	1	4	0	0
Sheck'd, lf.	3	1	2	0	0	Gleason, 2b.	1	1	1	7	0
Dobbs, cf.	1	1	2	0	0	Wolv'ton, 3b.	1	2	3	2	1
Doyle, 1b.	1	3	12	0	0	Titus, rf.	0	1	1	0	0
Dahlen, ss.	0	2	2	4	0	Barry, lf.	1	0	0	0	0
McCr'dy, rf.	0	0	0	0	0	Douglass, 1b.	0	0	9	0	1
Flood, 2b.	1	1	3	5	1	Hulswitt, ss.	0	0	1	0	0
R'tr'ch, c.	0	1	2	1	1	Roth, c.	0	1	8	1	0
Schmidt, p.	1	1	1	2	1	Fraser, p.	0	0	0	3	0
						*Hallman	0	0	0	0	0
Total	7	10	27	16	3	Total	4	5	27	13	2

*Batted for Fraser in the ninth.

Brooklyn	2	1	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	—7
Philadelphia	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—4

Earned runs—Brooklyn, 1; Philadelphia, 2. Two-base hits—Doyle, Gleason. Three-base hit—Roth. Home run—Sheckard. Double play—Wolverton and Roth. Stolen bases—Strang, Dobbs, Doyle, Flood, Wolverton, Titus, Barry, Fraser. Struck out—By Schmidt, 1; by Fraser, 4. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 9; Philadelphia, 5. First base on balls—Off Schmidt, 4; off Fraser, 7. Wild pitch—Fraser. Time of game—Two hours. Umpire—Mr. Johnstone.

ST. LOUIS, 3; PITTSBURG, 2.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 3.—St. Louis won from Pittsburg to-day by a score of 3 to 2. Pittsburg got off in the lead by scoring two runs in the third, their only tallies of the game. St. Louis by a game effort tied the score in the sixth and scored the winning run in the seventh. Both teams played perfectly in the field. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	—	3	10	0
Pittsburg	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	9	0

Batteries—Murphy and Ryan; Leever, Falkenburg and Smith.

National League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	60	29	.674	Brooklyn	42	44	.488
New York	51	35	.593	Boston	36	49	.424
Chicago	55	38	.592	St. Louis	34	57	.374
Cincinnati	47	44	.516	Philadelphia	31	56	.356

Games Scheduled for To-day.

New York in Boston.
Brooklyn in Philadelphia.
Pittsburg in Chicago.

Eastern League Games.

AT TORONTO.

										R.	H.	E.
Toronto	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	—	3	7	1
Rochester	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	0

Batteries—Briggs and Toft; Becker and Steelman. Umpire—Mr. Swartwood.

AFTERNOON GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—	2	6	1
Rochester	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	1

Batteries—Bruce and Toft; Leary and Steelman.

AT BUFFALO.

										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	2	—	7	11	0
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	6	3

Batteries—Milligan and Shaw; Wiltse, Pounds and Hearne.

AT PROVIDENCE.

										R.	H.	E.
Providence	0	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	10	0
Montreal	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	12	3

Batteries—Conn and Diggins; Luyster and Kellacky.

AT NEWARK.

										R.	H.	E.
Newark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1
Jersey City	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	8	1

Batteries—Hesterfer and Spiesman; Thielman and Dillon.

SECOND GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Newark	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	6	2
Jersey City	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	10	2

Batteries—Moriarity and Spiesman; Thielman and Dillon.

New York State League Games.

At Syracuse—Syracuse, 5; Utica, 2.
At Binghamton—Ilion, 1; Binghamton, 1. (five innings, rain.)
At Troy—Troy, 11; Schenectady, 4.

Riot at Newark Baseball Game.

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 3.—The second game of the double series between the Newarks and Jersey Citys to-day ended in a riot, in which Umpire Kelly, the police, and some of the spectators were struck with stones and bottles. The trouble was caused by Kelly's decisions against the home team, the crowd attacking him after the game. One man was so badly hurt in the mêlée that he had to be taken to St. James's Hospital. Kelly occupied the same ambulance, and was taken to the Third Precinct Station for protection.

PHILADELPHIA TEAM LEADS.

American Cricketers Score 200 for Their First Inning—Lester's Good Stand.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LEICESTER, England, Aug. 3.—The Philadelphia cricketers began here to-day their match with Leicestershire, and notwithstanding the fact that it rained in the morning, there was a large crowd at the game.

The visitors won the toss and gave a good exhibition of batting, while their Captain, J. A. Lester, played a splendid innings of 126, not out. The score:

GENTLEMEN OF PHILADELPHIA.

N. Z. Graves, c. Stocks, b. King	0
A. M. Wood, c. King, b. Stocks	16
J. A. Lester, not out	126
J. B. King, b. Whitehead	21
F. H. Bohlen, c. Davis, b. King	2
C. C. Morris, c. Stocks, b. King	7
P. H. Clark, b. Stocks	11
F. C. Sharpless, b. King	1
H. A. Haines, c. Stocks, b. Whitehead	1
E. M. Cregar, b. Whitehead	0
T. C. Jordan, run out	0
Byes	8
Leg byes	2
Total	200

LEICESTERSHIRE.

C. E. de Trafford, c. Sharpless, b. King	30
C. J. B. Wood, c. Lester, b. King	6
Knight, b. King	0
King, not out	52
Logan, c. Graves, b. Clark	1
V. F. S. Crawford, c. Jordan, b. King	8
Whitehead, not out	24
Byes	1
Total (5 wickets)	120

TENNIS CHAMPIONS TO PLAY.

Larned Will Meet R. F. Doherty, and Wrenn Will Play H. L. Doherty at Longwood To-day.

BOSTON, Aug. 3.—Two American and two British tennis players, W. A. Larned and R. D. Wrenn, and R. F. and H. L. Doherty, will contest on the courts of the Longwood Cricket Club to-morrow in the first of a series of matches for the International Tennis Challenge Trophy presented three years ago by Dwight F. Davis, of this country. This is the third attempt which British players have made to lift the Davis Cup. The first year that it was offered the foreigners were badly beaten at Longwood. A year ago the two Dohertys, with Dr. Joshua Pim, made another bid for the cup, and won two of the five points necessary for its possession. The British team this year is again made up of the two Dohertys, with H. S. Mahoney as a third member.

It was announced this afternoon that the two Dohertys would play in both singles and doubles matches, leaving Mahoney as a substitute in case of accident. Two matches will be played to-morrow afternoon, each beginning at 3 o'clock. Larned will meet R. F. Doherty, the elder of the two brothers, while Wrenn will face H. L. Doherty, the present British champion. On Wednesday R. D. and G. L. Wrenn will play the Doherty brothers in doubles, and on Thursday, if the contest has not been decided before that time, there will be two more matches in singles, Larned playing H. L. Doherty and Wrenn meeting R. F. Doherty. Each match will count as one point, and the majority will decide the contest.

The defeat of R. F. Doherty by Larned in the internationals last year at Newport makes the latter the favorite in their match to-morrow, but the well-known strength of the brothers in doubles leads to the belief that they will be successful over the Wrenn brothers on Wednesday. There is much speculation, therefore, as to the outcome of the match between R. D. Wrenn and H. L. Doherty.

The matches will all be played in the afternoon unless a postponement is necessary, in which case they will be played on the following morning.

AMERICAN ELECTRIC PLANTS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The Census Bureau has issued a preliminary report on the electric light and power plants of the United States for the year ended June 30, 1902. This report includes central stations only. It does not include isolated plants, plants operated by electric railway companies, or plants that were idle or in course of construction.

The report shows a total of 3,619 establishments, of which 2,804 are private and 815 are municipal. The cost of all the plants was $502,181,511, of which $22,020,473 was for municipal plants. The earnings from operation were $83,585,410, of which $76,748,554 was from private establishments. The total gross income was $85,145,423, all but $6,965,105 being of private establishments. The total expenses of all the plants was $67,688,075.

The number of salaried officials and clerks was 6,978, with salaries aggregating $5,682,580, and of wage earners 25,258, with wages aggregating $14,019,169.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

Out of Town.

STEPHEN W. BUDLONG.—A petition has been filed in the United States District Court at Providence, R. I., praying that Stephen W. Budlong, manager of the Manville Covering Company, may be adjudged a bankrupt. The Atlantic National Bank, L. Millens Burt, and Hilda L. Olsen are the petitioners. The claims of the several creditors named above are based on promissory notes. That of the Atlantic National Bank is for $1,604.84, of L. Millens Burt for $2,635, and of Hilda L. Olsen for $34.84.

PETITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY.

ALEXANDER THERN.—Alexander Thern, a furrier, of 698 Eagle Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $11,110 and no assets. He has only two creditors—Lajos Steiner, $10,000 suit pending in the Supreme Court, which claim Mr. Thern denies, and Vaclar Spatenka, $1,110 on a judgment.

ALFRED ARCASH & CO.—Judge Thomas of the Supreme Court has appointed Le Roy S. Gove receiver of the assets of Alfred Arcash & Co., dealers in dry goods at 88 Washington Street, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on Friday on the application of Richard Cockran. It was stated that both partners have disappeared, the store is closed up, stock valued at $1,000 has been attached by a City Marshal, and there is $450 in the New York County National Bank.

CHARLES HASTINGS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Charles Hastings, truckman, of 265 Avenue C, by Thomas J. Duffy, a creditor, for $335, and three other creditors whose claims aggregate $200. It was alleged that on May 25 he gave a bill of sale of his horses, wagons, and harness, and transferred his interest in the estate of his father, Miles Hastings, to William Murray, his brother-in-law, and a judgment was entered against him on May 11 for $868 in favor of James McAvery. Mr. Hastings began business nine years ago.

PETER P. ASKENASY.—Peter P. Askenasy, a clerk, residing at 159 West One Hundred and Eighteenth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $22,407 and nominal assets of $5,400, consisting of a house and lot at Dorchester, Mass., $2,900, mortgaged for $2,900; a note of Arthur Lewis, $2,500, on which $500 is said to have been paid; some securities in the hands of J. L. McLean, a stock broker, in New York, value not given, and a half interest in a check-punch patent, value not given. Of the debts, $17,600 were contracted in Boston between 1890 and 1899, and the rest in this city. The largest creditors are Royal R. Sheldon of Boston, $11,000, indorsement on a note of the Eaton Motor Carriage Company, and J. L. McLean of New York, $4,000 for carrying stocks on margin in 1902 and 1903.

Attached His Bank Accounts.

Deputy Sheriff Cronin has received an attachment for $4,000 against Joseph Esterson in favor of Manheimer & Kasse, cloak manufacturers, of 68 Grand Street, for alleged wrongful conversion of personal property. It was granted on the ground that he had secreted, and was about to remove, his property from the State. He was formerly an employe of Manheimer & Kasse. The Sheriff attached his bank account in two savings banks where he is said to have considerable money.

Judgment Against C. G. Francklyn.

A judgment for $21,736 was entered yesterday against Charles G. Francklyn, formerly a steamship agent, in favor of James Seligman, on a note made by Mr. Francklyn on Aug. 2, 1892, for $13,061, payable six months after date to the order of J. & W. Seligman & Co., bankers. Suit was begun on Feb. 17, 1893, when Mr. Francklyn was served with the summons at 19 William Street.

Judgments.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

BARNARD, William L.—G. B. Leonard	$147
BENN, Erastus H.—M. W. Wright	514
COOPER, Bernard M. and Grace D.—A. Roggencamp and another	64
CONNOLLY, Bridget—A. Hecht	117
CASHMAN, John C.—J. J. Meara	75
DYER, Horace L., trustee—H. Kratzenstein and another, costs	87
DUVENAP, George G.—N. Nelson and another	51
HALL, William F.—E. Webb, executor	1,049
HIRSCHHORN, Abraham—Fireman's Insurance Company of Newark, N. J.	45
HELBERMAN, Morris—J. Beck and another	128
HOLBROOK, Frederick, William B. Cabot, John W. Daly, and James W. Rollins—B. L. M. Bates	86,457
HAENLEIN, August F.—P. Griffing and another	60
HULBURT, Edward, and the Schuyler Hotel Company—D. R. Van Nostrand	310
FREUND, Leonard—I. Wiesbader	98
FRANCKLYN, Charles G.—J. Seligman	21,736
GERVAIS, Charles E.—A. G. Spaulding & Brothers	217
GALVIN, Bridget—William P. Baker Company	14
GREIGER, William E.—I. Wiesbader	48
IVORY, Frank—Sun Printing and Publishing Company, costs	22
KUNSTLER, Felix—M. Rosenkrans, costs	40
KNOX, W. Albert—F. W. Smith	80
LEVY, Marcus—T. C. Chapman and another	94
MOULD, Ruth M.—M. L. D'Aurencon	438
McCAULEY, Frank H.—F. J. Carey, costs	30
McCULLY, Lizzie—Sun Printing and Publishing Company, costs	22
PATTEN, Walter R.—J. R. Bremner	392
PREATER, Charles W., and Max Witteson and another	47
SCHWEIFERT, Louisa, administratrix—S. Rosenbaum	22
STOLZ, George—E. Bader	673
SOMMER, Charles—F. & M. Schaeffer Brewing Company	1,349
SEYD, Emil, Jr.—J. Kelly and another, costs	24
STEIN, Morris—L. E. Scheider	190
WASSERSTROM, Louis—J. Heyman	906
WHAM, Charles—H. P. Toler and another	233
THE STRONG PAPER COMPANY—E. A. Morrison and another	474
NORTHAMPTON-PORTLAND CEMENT Company—G. A. Molitor	819
NORTHAMPTON-PORTLAND CEMENT Company—G. A. Molitor	105
THE SCHUYLER HOTEL COMPANY—J. W. Butler	44

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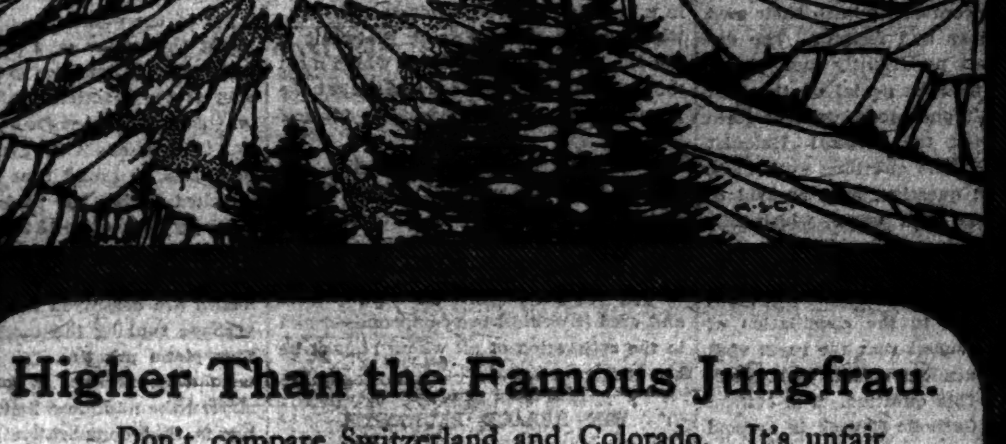

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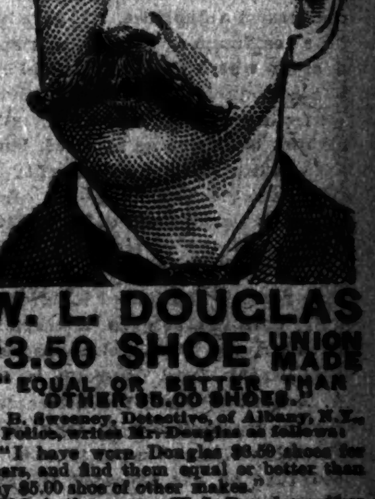

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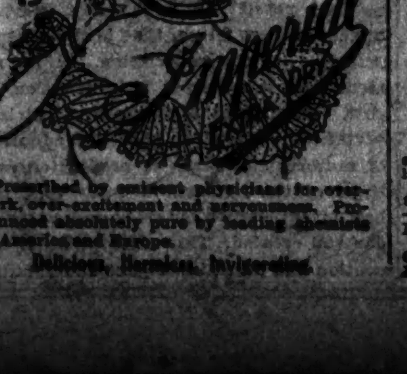

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KING EDWARD IN IRELAND.

The King's visit to Ireland is acknowledged upon all sides to have had a very happy political effect. Doubtless it was very happily timed. "His Majesty's Ministers" have just passed a measure for settling finally the land question, which has been a burning question in the unhappy island ever since the first of the English conquests. The spirit of that measure was acknowledged by all Irish leaders to be most friendly. The details of it were adjusted with every deference to Irish sentiment, and after full consideration of Irish objections. It promises to secure what nobody can deny to be a boon to any country, the fixing of the title to the soil on those who till the soil.

Not that there are not burning questions left. The chief, perhaps, of these is the question which is involved in what has so long been known as the question of "the Maynooth grant." That question involves the demand of the Irish people to have education in their country administered in conformity with their own religious notions and feelings. The demand has been persistently met with a fierce and intolerant denial on the part of the British Nonconformists, who form the strength of the Liberal Unionist Party. Indeed, this question, even more than the land question, may be said to have been the rock upon which Mr. GLADSTONE'S Home Rule bill split, and split the Liberal Party. Upon Irish and Catholic feeling, which is the main point to be considered in the conciliation of Ireland, it is evident that the royal visit has had an excellent effect, with reference even to this question. The official organ of the Catholic Church in Ireland welcomes the reply of the King to the addresses from Maynooth College as "a hopeful sign of the abatement of the political and sectarian animosities which have done so much to retard the country's progress." The royal tact which has secured such an acknowledgment as this, without disaffecting the jealous and susceptible ultra-Protestantism of Great Britain, is a possession of national value.

THE BRITISH MOTOR CAR BILL.

The House of Lords is struggling in an unusually animated manner with a bill to regulate the use of what in England are called "motor cars" and in this country automobiles. The liveliness of the discussion is mainly due to Lord ROSEBERY, who loses no occasion to lash lightly with his sarcasm the not too alert Lord BALFOUR of Burleigh, who is managing the bill for the Government.

The principle of the Government bill is different from that of any legislation we have yet had in this country. No limit of speed is fixed in the bill, though the local authorities, under the guidance of the central authorities, are permitted to fix a maximum of speed within specified areas where there is unusual risk to life and property in rapid driving. Apart from these cases the driver is left to his own discretion as to speed, but is held to pretty strict accountability for injuries inflicted directly by his car or indirectly in consequence of his conduct. The theory of the Government is that the speed limit, which has been in force for five years in the United Kingdom, is entirely unsatisfactory as a check on reckless driving. One point especially insisted on by Lord BALFOUR is that when a limit is fixed the driver feels free from responsibility so long as he keeps within it, or so long as it cannot be proved that he has exceeded it. Such proof has been found extremely difficult. Except where policemen are witnesses the testimony is usually hopelessly contradictory, and there is no practical means of adequately sifting and testing it. Even where there are police witnesses it is only exceptionally intelligent and expert men that can give conclusive evidence.

In lieu of a fixed limit of speed the Government provides that drivers shall observe all necessary precautions to secure the safety of persons and property, and these, besides being defined in certain matters, are determined by the general law and legally recognized custom. In other words, the drivers are required to respect the general rights of others substantially as the drivers of other vehicles are. A license is required for every driver, but no test of expertness is applied. The purpose of the license is to identify the driver and to secure his punishment when he offends. The penalties of recklessness are those provided in other laws relating to the use of the highways, and in addition the license may be suspended and the driver prevented from further practice of his calling for terms varying with the offense. In cases where drivers cause accidents and do not stop, render such aid as they can, and give their names and the number of their car, this is treated as an aggravation of their offense, and is punished accordingly.

It is interesting to note that in the House of Lords, where are presumably to be found as many persons who indulge in "motoring" as in any other like number, the spirit of the discussion is decidedly in sympathy with the most effective regulation. The supporters of the Government bill do not at all argue that its provisions are milder or will be less effective than those proposed in amendment; quite the contrary. The bill must be accepted as a sincere effort to guard against the abuse of the automobile while encouraging its legitimate development. If it be enacted, as is probable, its operation will be watched with the keenest interest on this side the ocean.

CONGRESSMAN BAKER'S PASS.

Three correspondents had space in THE NEW YORK TIMES of Sunday for the discussion of our remarks on the letter of Congressman ROBERT BAKER declining an annual pass over the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. As one of these letters was from Mr. BAKER himself, and all three showed an incomprehensible misconception of what we said and our purpose in saying it, a few words of additional comment may not be out of place.

We are unable to discover that it is especially to Mr. BAKER'S credit that he returned the pass. The man who may be invited to dinner without imposing upon the host the necessity of enjoining the butler to keep a sharp eye on the spoons and count them after each course is not entitled to especial laudation for honesty, and should not expect to be set upon a pedestal for popular admiration. The legislator who permits another to offer him what he believes is a bribe, and accepts it knowing that he is thereby compromised, is contemptible; but the converse is not true, that one who refuses a bribe is doing more than his duty to himself and his constituents, and is so phenomenally virtuous that he need go upon the housetops to make the fact known. To resent an insult by engaging in a long and labored argument concerning it is one way of doing it, but it is not the best way nor the one which most unmistakably expresses the idea that the person who adopts it considers himself insulted.

As Mr. BAKER seems to be a little uncertain as to the position of THE TIMES concerning his action, we have pleasure in concluding the discussion by assuring him that he did perfectly right in declining the pass, and that to have kept and used it would have compromised him in the estimation of all whose respect he has reason to value.

SIR HORACE PLUNKETT.

It was at once a gracious and a very sensible action in King EDWARD VII. when, on leaving Ireland, he summoned Mr. HORACE PLUNKETT and conferred on him the honor of knighthood. In character and ability, in high sense of obligation to patriotic duty, in moral courage, and in unselfish loyalty to the weak and the distressed, Sir HORACE, as we must now call him, is worthy of the best traditions of English knighthood. In service to the people of the realm, in the promotion of their permanent welfare, and the building up of order and peace and prosperity in a land sorely tried in the past, his service has been second to none.

It is gratifying to see by the words of the King's farewell on leaving Ireland that he understands the nature and the value of the principles on which Sir HORACE PLUNKETT has so long labored and with such substantial success. His allusion to "self-reliance and co-operation," to "industrial and commercial enterprise," and to "education," taken in connection with the special honor bestowed on the leader in the Irish Agricultural Association, is extremely significant.

It is in these directions that Sir HORACE has worked with a skill, sound judgment, patience, and energy seldom equaled. He has had serious disadvantages and difficulties to contend with. For a long time the Irish Nationalist Party leaders opposed his plans with the utmost obstinacy, partly because they did not understand their real value and partly because his plans were wholly unconnected with political agitation and tended toward the peaceful settlement of the land question. But the more intelligent among them now recognize that the plans are essential to the working of the new land law in the long run, since they involve the very best training of Irishmen to be tillers with profit of the land which the new system enables them to own. To own land on which they cannot live and prosper is only to court the poverty and failure of the past with even more disastrous consequences. To own it and prosper on it is to build up in Ireland a contented and progressive race. That is what Sir HORACE aims at and has done much to secure.

Co-operation in every stage of farming, from the purchase of the seed to the marketing of the product, in order to obtain everything of the best at the lowest cost, and in order to get the best product possible into the best market under the best terms, that is the central principle of the association. It by no means studies simply the reduction of cost, though that is of the greatest importance. It studies also the adoption of uniform standards of production and these of the highest, in order that the best prices may be obtained and a steady demand created. This requires much education and much intelligent understanding, and directly tends toward the production of a higher class of farmers. When we recall that the work of Sir HORACE PLUNKETT and his associates has been done generally among the poorer class of tenant farmers, the ultimate effect of the educational forces set in operation is seen to be especially valuable.

PIANOS AND NERVES.

An important and beneficent discovery is attributed to that anonymous fountain of wisdom which never fails and cannot apparently run dry—"a distinguished German scientist." It is that no child should be permitted to practice at the piano nor to receive instruction on that instrument under the age of sixteen years. As the result of a large number of observations he has found that out of 1,000 girls who were compelled to practice at the piano before the age of twelve 600 suffered from more or less pronounced nervous disorders which were sufficiently serious to require medical attention. Of an equal number of girls who did not play the piano only 100 suffered from nervous disorders.

These figures are interesting, but not at all surprising. The child who has no taste for music and no love for it, who does not comprehend its elements nor value the digital dexterity which alone comes from patient work over the keyboard, but who is required to "practice" systematically on scales and finger exercises during hours which should be devoted to wholesome play out of doors, is much to be pitied. The perfunctory hour thus employed drags its weary length until the dull monotony of sound without more interest than the click of a typewriter becomes positively maddening. The nagging of parents to discourage the evasion of this disagreeable duty, the scolding or cutting sarcasm of the weary teacher who fails to note satisfactory progress in the comprehension of the incomprehensible, and the general weariness and disgust with life which this wretched performance generates even in the mind of a healthy and normal child make it remarkable not that 60 per cent. of the victims break down in nervous collapse, but that the figure is not nearer 90 per cent. of the total.

But the trouble has only begun when it expresses itself in the nervous collapse of the piano-pounding child. How about the adults who are compelled by force of circumstances to live within earshot of the practicing infant? Statistics on this point are probably not available, but if they could be gathered it would doubtless be found that for every child wrecked during the period of life when recovery is possible if the destructive influence is intermitted, from three to a dozen of those too old to regain normal health are destroyed in mind, body, and perhaps soul by the torture of perfunctory piano practice. The most conspicuous advantage of making the age of sixteen the minimum limit in piano playing is that comparatively few of those who reach that age would have time for music, or, having time, could be bullyragged and bulldozed by inconsiderate parents into going through the initial drudgery of learning to play. This would not reduce by one in a thousand the number of piano players whose work is good enough to be tolerable. It would merely weed out the unskillful whose knowledge of the instrument never gets beyond the lowest plane of inferior performance, and who give it up as soon as they are free to follow their own wholesome inclinations.

Unfortunately, this is not an evil corrigible by legislation. Even the Board of Health might lack the energetic co-operation of the courts in suppressing it as a public nuisance. The only hope for relief lies in an appeal to parents to spare their offspring from the cruel fate of nervous invalidism as the result of premature musical instruction, which is about the poorest of parental investments in education, since not one in a thousand of those expensively instructed children ever learns anything worth knowing.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

—In discussing some of the medical features of life insurance at a recent meeting of the New York Harvard Medical Society, Dr. A. S. KNIGHT gave a curious explanation of the fact that the insurance of women, no matter how carefully selected by the examiners, is, on the whole, always a losing business. Yet the census returns show that women attain a higher average age than men, as might be expected from their protection from many common dangers, their much smaller tendency to excesses, and their comparative freedom from exposure to inclement weather. For these reasons women would probably be "good risks" if they applied for insurance in large numbers, but only a few of them do so, and of these the majority are living in circumstances that render the moral, as distinguished from the physical, risk abnormally large. As Dr. KNIGHT put it, "the main reason for the failure of the life insurance of women to be a profitable feature would seem to be that women much more frequently have an intuitive premonition of failing health than men have," and his intimation was that when a woman has this intuition she at once tries to get insured, or at least that few who do not have it make the effort. Accepting this as true—it is certainly a conclusion based on large experience—the question arises whether the woman who, feeling that death is near, though she has no malady discoverable by a doctor, applies for insurance and gets it, is or is not conscious of committing a fraud. A man who had such an intuition—and believed it—would certainly know that to accept insurance in such conditions was a form of dishonesty. This might not prevent him from taking out the policy, but he would have no illusions as to the propriety of his conduct. The women apparently do have them, and, if so, it is a part of the general queerness that very excellent women often show in business matters. At any rate, Dr. KNIGHT said that "the insurance companies have decided that the insurable interest in the case of women is not more than may be required to pay the expenses of the last illness and the funeral. Of course, where women are wage earners, or where they are active partners in business, there may be good reason for insurance, for the benefit of children or of partners. In these cases the insurable interest in a woman's life is quite as evident as in that of a man, and, taken on the whole, the insurance of such cases has not proved a money-losing departure for the insurance companies."

—Our copyright laws have certainly had one lamentable effect, and certainly, also, one never contemplated by those who fought so long to give to literary property the legal recognition and protection accorded to all other kinds of property, if, as asserted by a correspondent of our SATURDAY REVIEW, they render impossible now the making of as good "readers" as were supplied to the school children of twenty-five or fifty years ago. We have a faint suspicion that the superiority of the old over the new reading books is at least in part a delusion resulting from the magnifying effect of time and the common tendency of elderly humanity to praise the past at the expense of the present. Not all the "pieces" in the old readers were sound either in sentiment or as literature, and not all those in the new ones are of poor quality in one or the other respect. Still, there seems to be some basis for the belief that the books have, on the whole, deteriorated to an appreciable extent, and our correspondent, whose defense of the modern editors of reading books was evidently inspired by a feeling that approached the personal, and, therefore, of unquestionable sincerity, admitted that the difference is real, and explained it as due, not to the inferiority of the present day collators, but to the present day restrictions placed by the law on their collating. No longer can they seize upon any good thing, prose or poetry, wherever they may find it, but they must enter upon laborious negotiations with publishers and authors, often only to meet with refusal and failure in the end. This explanation explains a lot, but it doesn't explain anything of any real importance. Publishers and authors rarely refuse the use of their wares to those who offer to pay for that use a reasonable compensation in current cash, hard or other, and it is difficult to believe that there are many literary gems the would-be maker of the best possible reader couldn't get for a price. Of course, this would be a painful method of acquisition, but then, the profit from a successful textbook is not small, and we know no reason why the producers of the gems shouldn't get a part of it.

—No doubt Mr. GEORGE PARTILLO of Wausau, Wis., believes that his "buoyantic engine" is a great invention, destined to revolutionize industry by supplying infinite amounts of power at a merely nominal cost, and no doubt the Milwaukee man who sent us a dispatch on the subject thought it an interesting bit of news, especially in midsummer, when the telegraph wires are not very busy. Our own private judgment of the "buoyantic engine," however, is that it is important if true, but that it isn't true. The description is brief and vague, and yet sufficient to prove that Mr. PARTILLO has several things to learn about hydraulics. "The machine derives its power from buoyancy," and "this is the principle upon which the new engine works." Also, "through the use of air chambers with automatic opening and closing devices, he has perfected an engine which will derive enough energy from still water to run as long as it is partly submerged." Buoyancy, however, is a source of power only when it has been overcome, and, once exerted, it must be overcome by power from another source before it can be used again. As for the "automatic opening and closing devices," they may be ingenious, but they certainly will not supply energy. And yet, because we told what Mr. PARTILLO claims to have done, we will be accused, no doubt, of illustrating again the peculiarities of "newspaper science."

—Gen. CLAY'S last will—if it is the last—is so highly characteristic of the man that its authenticity can hardly be put in question. Pride and patriotism struggle side by side in it for expression, and both find it, as they did in all the General's acts throughout his long and stormy life. The attempt to turn his estate into a National park in which relics and reminders of himself may forever be preserved has the merits and faults of his career, and is likely to end about as his career did—in failure. For the chances are all that the will can be broken on the ground of the testator's incompetency, and if it can be, of course it will be.

Every letter intended for publication should contain the written signature and correct address of the writer. No attention is paid to anonymous communications.

TEACHING OF GERMAN.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

After the final disposition by the Board of Education of the arrangement of teaching German in our public schools, it is surprising that a number of German societies should find it necessary to agitate this question anew, and, for want of reasonable arguments for their contention, resort to foolish threats against the present city administration.

The utterances of these societies have such a distinctly political flavor that a closer analysis of their membership might reveal the existence of elements eager to find some excuse to slide back into the embraces of Tammany, and in that case no amount of concessions on the part of the Board of Education would be considered satisfactory.

Fortunately, it can be assumed that only a very small percentage of our citizens of German extraction will be influenced by the philippics of these German societies to be a party to the nullification of the benefits gained under our present city administration.

The teaching of German in our schools has been so thoroughly discussed, pro and con, in the pages of THE TIMES that it seems like carrying coal to Newcastle to attempt any additions, notwithstanding, I must confess that the article of "E. G. G.," Brooklyn, in to-day's TIMES, is very must to the point, and, I venture to add, that in my professional walks I come in personal contact with many German families, where the parents prefer to converse with their children in broken English rather than use their mother tongue, which certainly does not speak very favorably for their love of the "Vaterland." And still we are likely to find the most furious advocates for German in our schools among these very ones, while it would be an easy matter to perpetuate their German mother language, if they really wish to do so, without forcing their mother tongue upon children of other nationalities, to the detriment of other subjects of teaching.

AMERICUS (Imported from Germany.)
New York, Aug. 2, 1903.

PLATT AND FUSION.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit a reader to indulge in a little comment on the reported interview with Senator Platt at Manhattan Beach, as published by you to-day.

Your editorial in relation to Senator Gorman and the Presidency strikes me as just about correct, notwithstanding Senator Platt's estimate of his strength, which he professes to believe would only be handicapped by the fact of his coming from the State which he represents. My chief object of criticism, however, is the apparent attitude of the Senator toward Mayor Low when he so freely makes known Mr. Herman Ridder's animosity, and then asserts that he fared "not much better than Ridder," and that "only reformers got anything." He concludes by stating that the Mayor is an "ostensible Republican."

What the Senator said was certainly not of a helpful character, nor does it indicate a desire for the Mayor's re-election.

With the present city administration in so decidedly an improved and improving condition, and with the admirable results that have followed the dislodgement of its predecessor, can it be possible that the Senator will only, in a half-spirited manner, consent to its continuance, and that he will again be indirectly responsible for the restoration to power of Tammany Hall and its attendant evils? VIGILANCE.
New York, Aug. 3, 1903.

THE IRISH POTEEN.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your article under the heading "And Where Was the Poteen?" in your issue of to-day is very misleading, and I will ask you for a little space in order to correct what I know from personal experience to be erroneous.

In the first place, Irish poteen is practically a thing of the past. The duty on British spirits is so high (nearly $3 per gallon) that makers of illicit spirits, if caught, are severely punished, and the excise authorities and police are constantly on the watch in those mountainous districts where it was formerly made, so that if a man should succeed in producing a few gallons it is the hasty distillation of a small quantity of molasses in a rudely improvised still, hastily set up in the first spot that comes handy, and the resultant liquid is the vilest concoction in taste and odor that one could well conceive.

Your article states that the spurious liquid sold to Killarney tourists is "fabricated" in Dublin. This is not so, for there are no other kinds of whisky made in Ireland's capital but straight pot still whisky, the Killarney article being imported from distillers in Scotland who manufacture it in the patent still, and solely from American corn!

Your reference to the Pass of Glencoe in this connection is quite unintelligible, unless you meant the Gap of Dunloe, as the former pass is in Scotland.

In conclusion, King Edward was not "brought up on champagne." He much prefers the wine of his own country, "whisky and soda," which is a more wholesome tipple and less costly withal.

W. J. SCULLY.
New York, Aug. 2, 1903.

Society of Accountants.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You have recently published letters from "E. P. H.," "A. R.," and others which have naturally resulted in bringing me considerable extra correspondence, and I should be glad of the opportunity to state that "The New York Society of Accountants and Bookkeepers"—while it does to some extent aim to aid stenographers who are also bookkeepers or office men—is evidently not the Stenographers' Exchange referred to as being in the throes of organization; neither am I in possession of any information relative thereto.

This society was incorporated in 1900 and is fast assuming quite an important and influential position in the accounting fraternity, who recognize more than ever before—to quote Mr. John R. Sparrow, C. P. A., chief of the Finance Department of the City of New York—"the personal benefit, inspiration, and uplift which come to the individual from personal contact with men whose thought and action lie along similar lines to their own."

Any information in connection with the society that it is in my power to give will be readily forthcoming.

GIDLEY LAKE, Secretary.
New York, Aug. 1, 1903.

The Seventh Avenue Route.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In advocating the Seventh Avenue route for the rapid transit extension, it has been assumed that the line would be continued through Fourteenth Street and University Place. This route is open to serious objection on account of two sharp curves on Fourteenth Street and a reverse curve at the junction of Wooster and Church at Canal. Several practicable routes are attainable from the foot of Seventh Avenue, among which the Chief Engineer could make a selection. The best of these would involve some interference with private property, from which the route first referred to would not be exempt; but it would save in cost of construction a part at least of the necessary additional outlay for condemnation. J. P. PENNINGTON.
New York, Aug. 3, 1903.

Mr. Gorman and the Presidency.

We are glad to see that THE TIMES, one of the ablest independent Democratic dailies in the country, has the same estimate of Mr. Gorman that The Advertiser has so frequently expressed. He is not a fit man for Democrats to nominate at any time on any issue, and at this juncture, when the tariff and the trusts are the issues for Democracy to push in order to win, Mr. Gorman would handicap the race.—Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser.

NUGGETS.

Too Swift Concurrence.

An Atchison man, newly married, was sounding his wife's praises to his men friends. "Why, she is so much better than I," he said, "I don't see how she came to marry me." His friends all agreed to this so promptly that he got mad; said he was as good as his wife any day, and wanted to whip the crowd.—Atchison Globe.

No Such Man.

Manager—Strange, there haven't been any answers to my advertisement for a clerk.

Proprietor—No wonder. You made a mess of that "ad." The idea of advertising for a man of "average intelligence." Everybody who isn't hopelessly below it feels he's far above it.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

The Original Aristocrats.

"Well, the airs of you!" sneered the monkey. "You must think you're swell."

"My dear Sir," quietly replied the elephant, "we have always been fashionable. Why, when every body had to move out of the Garden of Eden we were the only ones who had trunks."—Philadelphia Press.

Passed in the Race.

"Alas!" said the unhappy woman, "and we were once considered wealthy!"

"But, my dear," said her husband, soothingly, "we have as much money as ever."

"Oh, yes, I know, but there are so many who have a lot more that nobody pays any attention to us any longer!"—Brooklyn Life.

The Blessedness of Hope.

"I'll get some of the stuff if you can assure me from your own experience that it will cure my baldness."

"Well, it won't absolutely cure it, but it will mitigate it greatly."

"How mitigate it?"

"It makes you sort o' hope it will cure you, and you always feel better, you know, when you can hope."—Chicago Tribune.

"THROUGH ALL THE YEARS."

Lida M. Keck in Farm and Fireside.

A cloud came slowly drifting by—
A plain white cloud that gave no hint
Of roseate glow or golden glint—
A simple cloud that held no tint
Or sunset sky.

I gazed upon it as it passed—
A filmy form of lustrous white—
When lo, a ray of rose-hued light
Transformed with sceptre golden bright
Its snowy cast.

A moment more, and then a queen
In purple, edged with eider-down,
Her proud head decked with golden crown,
Sat, conscious of her great renown,
With smile serene!

Instinctive homage filled my soul;
But, ah, a chariot near did stand,
And, stepping in, she waved her hand,
And on into another land
Away did roll.

Yet through the years of joy or strife
Within the gallery of my mind,
By faithful mem'ry limned and lined,
That beauteous picture, safe enshrined,
Adorns my life.

A soul paused near me in her flight—
A modest soul with tender grace;
She greeted me with ne'er a trace
Of pride, but in her gentle face
There shone a light.

And like the cloud in evening sky,
Her fair cheek, touched by roseate tint,
Gave silent comfort, helpful hint
Of sorrow's tear or laughter's glint—
Of smile or sigh!

But soon she faded from my view,
And cloudlike went her chosen way,
(She might not, tho' she willed it, stay!)
And I am gazing, lone, to-day,
On empty blue.

But who shall say that, spite my tears,
I am not happier to-day
Because a sweet soul came my way,
And that her image shall not stay
Through all the years!

THE CASE OF FOREMAN MILLER.

Union Leaders Confident That the Charges Will Be Sustained.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—There are indications that Public Printer Palmer will take up the Miller case in a few days. What the outcome will be is conjectural, although the feeling among the men of the Government Printing Office is that Miller will be discharged. The inquiry will be prosecuted by the Public Printer in accordance with the requirements of civil service rules, and the accused will have full opportunity to answer the charges and rebut the testimony that may be offered to sustain them. The rule provides that reasons for removal shall be given in writing, "and the person whose removal is sought shall have notice and be furnished with a copy thereof, and be allowed a reasonable time for personally answering the same in writing." It is further provided that examination of witnesses for any trial or hearing shall not be required except in the discretion of the officer authorized to make the removal.

It is not expected that Mr. Palmer will ask Miller's accusers to present witnesses or that he will enter upon a formal hearing of the case. Testimony has been presented by members of the local union in support of the charges, and Miller will have a reasonable time to make answer. After examination and review of the case a decision will be made by the Public Printer. If adverse to Miller, he will ask that copies of the record be furnished to the Civil Service Commission. That body has authority to review the case and to make recommendation that the judgment of the Public Printer be set aside and that the accused be retained in office. Should such a recommendation be made it would doubtless be approved by the President and an order issued for Miller's retention. That an adverse decision will be contested by Miller there is no doubt.

The exact character of the charges has not yet been made public, nor has Miller to this time received a copy of them. The case against him has been submitted and the union men are now patiently awaiting the reply of Miller and the subsequent action of the Public Printer. President Tatum and Secretary Dougherty of the International Brotherhood have left the city, after giving detailed instructions to the Arbitration Committee of the local union.

If Mr. Palmer's decision should be favorable to Miller, or if, after an adverse decision, the Civil Service Commission should disapprove it and recommend his retention, the union leaders will be called together to consider the new situation. There is no disposition to act hastily, and therefore should Miller be retained there is not likely to be a strike until the matter is thoroughly considered by the Executive Committee of the International Brotherhood. Union leaders, however, do not believe that contingency will arise, being confident that the charges will be sustained; that the Public Printer will direct Miller's removal, and that his action will be approved by the Civil Service Commission.

It is said that after his case is disposed of Miller will bring charges against some of the leaders of the local union for interference with the management of the office and subordinating the public interests to those of their organization and its individual members.

BACTERIA FOR FARMERS.

Important New Branch of the Work of the Department of Agriculture.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The Secretary of Agriculture will ask Congress next Winter for a special appropriation for carrying on the work of soil inoculation. This is a new branch of work in the department, which has grown out of the discoveries made within the last few years in regard to the dependence of leguminous plants on bacteria which live on their roots. The discovery is described by scientists as one of the most important of those made as the results of modern agricultural experimentation.

The department will take up the plan of supplying free to farmers in all parts of the United States the particular bacteria for inoculation which they may desire and apply for. A large laboratory has been fitted up for this work, and the present force of bacteriologists will be considerably increased in anticipation of a general demand from farmers for the aid of the department along this line.

The method will be to propagate the bacteria required in large quantities for each of the various leguminous plants, such as clover, alfalfa, soy beans, cow peas, tares, and velvet beans. All these plants are of incalculable value in different sections of the country as sources of forage for farm animals. In the West alfalfa is the universal reliance for stock raisers, and the farmers of the East are trying to establish it, but meet with great difficulty in doing so, chiefly for want of the special bacteria which should be found on the roots.

The function of these bacteria is to fix the nitrogen of the air and supply it as food to the plant. Without the presence of the bacteria the plant can get only the nitrogen which is supplied from the soil in fertilizers. With the aid of the bacteria the growing plant can derive the greater part of its food from the air.

The department will send the packages which contain the preparations for inoculation under the frank of the department or of Representatives or Senators who may apply for them on behalf of constituents. It is expected that the undertaking will develop into one of the most important features of National aid to agriculture.

The bacteriologists of the department have been at work for over a year past on the scheme, and have tested their work carefully at the Arlington Farm. These tests have uniformly proved successful.

Secretary Wilson is very enthusiastic over the subject, and has the fullest confidence in its importance to the country at large. He has himself studied the matter thoroughly and kept in touch with all the steps of the work. He regards it as the most important accomplishment of the many that have marked his administration of the department.

WARE ON THE MARTIN CASE.

Topeka Clerk's Dismissal Causes Commissioner No Concern.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Pension Commissioner Ware is not disturbed by the charges which have been called to the attention of the President and the Civil Service Commission in regard to the dismissal of a clerk in the Topeka pension office. He said to-day that he did not know Martin, the clerk in question, and so far as he could remember had never seen him and had no interest in him and no feeling against him. All he knew about the matters alleged in Martin's complaint was that Gen. Metcalf, the Pension Agent at Topeka, had complained that Martin was objectionable by reason of misconduct, and insisted on his dismissal, to which disposition of the case the Commissioner finally gave his approval. Mr. Ware regards Martin's affidavit as made up of a good deal that cannot be substantiated when the matter is taken up by the Civil Service Commission, and says he has no apprehension that the developments in the case will cause him any embarrassment in the Pension Office.

PLAGUE IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Four New Cases in July Despite Health Authorities' Vigorous Efforts to Wipe Out Disease.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 3.—With the recurrence of hot weather in San Francisco, according to reports to the Public Health Service, there are signs of the increase of plague cases.

From last December up to the first of July, there had been but two cases, and these did not prove fatal. Four new cases, however, occurred in July, and one proved fatal, and on bacteriological examination was pronounced undoubtedly a plague case.

The health authorities of the city are employing the same rigorous measures to stamp out the disease that were inaugurated in compliance with the determination of the convention of health experts in Washington last November.

The death rate of Chinatown, San Francisco, which has about 12,000 population, was 31 last month, while that of the whole city was 29. The Health Inspectors went over 734 buildings last month, re-inspected 5,941 rooms occupied by Chinese, and inspected separately 5,686 Chinamen. During the month they disinfected with carbolic acid, 8,131 rooms, houses, and yards in Chinatown.

Under the new regulation offering a bounty for rats the health authorities received the bodies of 259 rats, all of which were bacteriologically examined for indications of the plague.

The authorities are continuing their policy of condemning and vacating unsanitary tenements. Recently the practice of flushing sewers in Chinatown was begun as a precaution against the plague.

TO PAY CUBAN ARMY.

List of 50,000 Soldiers Made Up—Half of the Large Amount to be Paid in Due Bills.

HAVANA, Aug. 3.—Gen. Maximo Gomez, the Chairman of the commission dealing with the matter, has just completed a list of the revolutionary soldiers entitled to pay. The list, Gen. Gomez stated, consists of about 50,000 soldiers, and does not include civil employes.

He believes that the pending loan will not cover more than half the claims, and anticipates that the Cuban Congress will provide for the payment of the balance in some form of due bill, payable, with interest, after a considerable interval, and probably discountable and transferable.

The General said the work of his commission is final; that lists have been prepared with the most painstaking care regarding the requirements as to proofs of service, and that the subsequent revisionary commission is not authorized to change the lists except to add names of others proving themselves to be valid soldier claimants and of those civil employes entitled to wages in connection with the insurgent army, and further to attend to the details of the payments.

Gen. Gomez said the rate of wages allowed to an ordinary soldier is $1 a day during the period of his service. Sergeants and commissioned officers are separately computed, the amounts allowed ranging from a few hundred dollars to $20,000, the latter sum being allowed to himself as Commander in Chief. The pay of many Generals and Colonels is fixed at $10,000 and upward.

The majority of the privates will receive in the vicinity of $900, indicating two and one-half years' service. Gen. Gomez said the total altogether exceeds the commission's expectations, but the claims were reviewed so carefully that there is no doubt as to their justice. No allowances have been made on account of disabilities and injuries incurred. The list is purely for pay.

The decidedly unpopular idea entertained by the soldier element that the army will be paid in full does not find much credence in administration circles. The total amount of the claims has caused some surprise, and the matter is at present in an indefinite shape, but it is not believed that the Government will consider it advisable to go beyond paying the veterans proportionately to the full extent of the loan.

According to present indications, the amount of the loan will not meet more than 50 to 60 per cent. of the total claims. Nevertheless it is expected that the patriotism of the Cubans will acquiesce in ending the matter by paying off the obligation to the extent of the Government's present ability without hampering the nation with a further load of debt.

The $3,000,000 paid by the United States through Major Gen. Brooke, former Military Governor of Cuba, to the Cubans who turned in their arms is not reckoned upon in the soldiers' pay list.

NEGROES' STATE CONVENTION.

Colored Men Organize at Saratoga to Better Their Race.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, Aug. 3.—A State convention of negroes was held here to-day for the purpose of forming an organization looking to the betterment of their race. W. H. Moseley of Saratoga presided over the session held morning and afternoon. The Afro-American Equal Rights League of the State of New York was adopted as the appellation of the organization. Addresses were made to-night by ex-Gov. P. B. S. Pinchback of Louisiana, T. Thomas Fortune of New York City, Bishop Walters of Jersey City, and others. The following officers were elected:

President—Frederick A. Chew of Troy; Vice Presidents—H. A. Spencer of Rochester, H. A. Williams of Syracuse, and J. W. Jackson of Schenectady; Secretaries—Edward D. Thompson of Albany, W. H. Johnson of Syracuse, and J. C. Davis of Troy; Treasurer—J. W. Thompson of Rochester; Sergeant-at-Arms—Levi Bond of Lansingburg. The Executive Board will be appointed by the President and will consist of one member from each Congressional district.

DIRECTORS ARE EXONERATED.

Justice Smith Finds Those of Anglo-American Savings Association Had No Knowledge of Mismanagement.

PATCHOGUE, L. I., Aug. 3.—Justice Wilmot M. Smith to-day filed a decision relative to the Anglo-American Savings Association, recently defunct. In it the court exonerates the former Directors of the association from having guilty knowledge of its mismanagement and from fraudulent intent in the statements that were issued.

Justice Smith holds that an impressive lesson may be drawn from this case by investors as to the utter futility of depending upon a Directorate of a corporation composed of men of high position in the social, political, or financial world, who are otherwise too fully occupied with their more important personal business to devote time to the affairs of the corporation. The Directors named in the case were Thomas L. James, ex-Postmaster General of the United States; ex-Gov. Phineas C. Lounsbury of Connecticut, Edward Thompson of the law publishing firm at Northport which bears his name, John D. Vermeule, George M. Hard, Charles H. Gerding, and Abel H. Gilbert, who was also manager of the association.

The Justice remarks that the Directors unsuspectingly and negligently relied almost entirely upon another official, who was charged with the actual management. The court dismisses the suit against all of the named defendants except Gilbert, whom the court holds should be compelled to make restitution to the plaintiff, Catherine Lyon.

WANT SHIPMAN REINSTATED.

Trolley Employment of New Jersey Public Service Corporation Want ex-Superintendent Restored.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 3.—If C. M. Shipman, ex-Superintendent of the traction lines of the Public Service Corporation of New Jersey, sanctions it, it is said that the railway employes of that concern will go out on strike, in order to have him reinstated in his position.

A secret meeting of the trolley employes, who are fully organized, was held here Saturday night, when a committee was appointed to wait on Mr. Shipman and see if he would allow his name to be used in case a united effort was made for his reinstatement.

Mr. Shipman, who is a relative of E. F. C. Young, President of the North Jersey Street Railway Company at the time that concern was merged into the Public Service Corporation, had been connected with that line for about five years, when his resignation was suddenly called for Friday.

Plans for New Long Island Ferry.

MINEOLA, L. I., Aug. 3.—Certificate of incorporation was to-day filed in the Nassau County Clerk's office by the Long Beach Transportation Company, to be known as the Great South Bay Ferry Company. The ferry will run from Freeport, Amityville, Babylon, Bay Shore, Islip, Sayville, Blue Point, Patchogue, and Centre Moriches to Long Beach and the Great South Beach. The terms are to exist fifty years, with a capital of $1,000. The Directors are Paul K. Ames, Roland M. Lamb, and Arthur H. Wright, all of Long Beach. County Judge Seabury to-day granted the application for five years.

May Not Sell Daly Clubhouse.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Aug. 3.—Although this was the day set for its sale, Phil Daly's Pennsylvania Club did not go under the hammer of the Sheriff to satisfy a claim of $28,500 held by the executors of the late Edward Marks. The sale has been adjourned to Aug. 30, and it is thought an effort is being made to settle the Marks claim.

HERMAN RIDDER'S VIEWS

He Would Prefer Low to Tammany "Yellow Dog" Ticket.

Declares German-American Reform Union Would Support a High-Minded Democrat in Preference.

Herman Ridder yesterday definitely defined the position of the German-American Reform Union in the campaign soon to open, the object of his statements being to straighten out any false impression that had been created the day before by Senator Platt, who had said that Mr. Ridder had delivered an ultimatum to the effect that the Fusion forces must nominate "anybody but Low."

"Our organization is against Seth Low as the nominee of the Fusion forces for Mayor," declared Mr. Ridder. "Not only that, but we are against any other Republican for the nominee of the Fusionists, because such a nomination will have the effect of driving away the independent Democratic vote and of embittering the present factional fight in the Republican ranks. We intend to keep outside all of the Fusion conferences, and have nothing to do with the making of the ticket. Then when the Fusion ticket is in the field, and when the Democratic ticket also is in the field, we will determine which ticket we regard as the best, and will support that ticket.

"However, while we oppose the nomination of a Republican for Mayor on the Fusion ticket, we are even more strongly opposed to the nomination of a creature of Tammany Hall for that office. If Tammany names a high-minded public character, and there are many strong men and high-minded men in the organization, we would indorse such a candidate and elect him to the defeat of Low. But if we must choose between Low and a Tammany 'yellow dog' ticket, then we will accept Low and work for him, although we should regard such work as being in a forlorn cause, for he could not be elected. With Low the nominee, all of the Platt Republicans would cut him and beat him, for they realize his re-election would mean the political burial of Platt. On the other hand, were Low turned down for a nomination and another Republican of the Platt stripe named the Roosevelt Republicans and the Odell Republicans would cut him deeply. Low has played into the hands of Roosevelt and Odell continually since he has been in office, and has done nothing for the Platt wing of the party, and, therefore, has meddled with factional party politics, whereas he was elected to be a non-partisan business Mayor. In this he has lamentably failed, and having failed, should be retired as a candidate. Is it fair to ask us as Democrats to support and elect a man who has no regard for the independent Democrats, but who, when elected, is an out-and-out Republican?"

In regard to his statement concerning the probable action of his organization in the event of the nomination of a "Tammany 'yellow dog'" ticket, Mr. Ridder was asked if he regarded Congressman George B. McClellan, if nominated on the Democratic ticket, as being a "yellow dog" candidate.

"I most certainly do so regard him, Congressman McClellan," said Mr. Ridder, "may be a most estimable man and a high-minded man in many ways, but he generally is looked upon as being a straight Tammany machine man, and a man, who if made Mayor, would be merely the tool of the Tammany leaders. If he were named he would head a 'yellow dog' ticket, and we then would support Low and work for him.

"There are two good reasons why we oppose Low for the nomination, in addition to his being a Republican. In the first place, he showed in 1897 that he was for himself, and that he would not sacrifice himself for patriotic purposes. That was the time when he ran as an independent Republican against Benjamin F. Tracy and Robert A. Van Wyck. After the nominations had been made Senator Platt offered to withdraw Gen. Tracy from the race if Low would retire also, thus permitting the nomination of a compromise candidate in place of both. Low refused to withdraw, and by that action he elected Van Wyck as Mayor, and brought on four years of Tammany corruption. In the second place, Low, as Mayor, publicly, in a letter, indorsed Gov. Odell's scheme of levying taxes against the City of New York for the benefit of the State. When the Governor advocated, and put through, the scheme to increase the liquor license fees in this city from $800 to $1,200 a year, with the joker that the State should receive one-half and the county the same, instead of the State one-third and the county two-thirds, as before, the Mayor indorsed this scheme of taxation, arguing that when the city received one-half of $1,200 it got more in actual cash than when it got two-thirds of $800. This was true, but it was taking money out of the city to help up State. If necessary to increase the license, why not let the city get the benefit of that increase? Funny thing for a Mayor to do.

"Then, too, Low has consulted Odell and Roosevelt about his appointments, naming Odell's friend, Gen. Greene, for instance, to be Police Commissioner. Why did not the Mayor consult with Controller Grout, President Cantor, and President Fornes, his Democratic colleagues on the Fusion ticket, about his nominees, instead of going to machine Republicans?

"Anyway, we are going to look on until the other people make the nominations, and then we will support the better ticket. We have no candidates to suggest, and are not looking for offices, only we will stand with the best nominees. We want an honest, non-partisan business government of the city and adopt this means to get it."

Senator Platt, R. Fulton Cutting, and other men who are figuring as leaders in the Fusion movement, expressed the opinion yesterday, after hearing of what Mr. Ridder had said, that when the time came he would be found supporting the Fusion candidates.

CITIZENS' UNION FOR LOW.

R. Fulton Cutting Also Says Loyal Fusion Aldermen Should Be Elected.

R. Fulton Cutting, Chairman of the Citizens' Union and one of the Fusion leaders, stated last night for the first time the position of his organization concerning a renomination of Seth Low for Mayor. The interview was occasioned by the statement issued earlier in the day by Herman Ridder.

"I am unqualifiedly for Low for Mayor," said Mr. Cutting, "and think the entire Fusion forces feel the same way. Mayor Low is stronger to-day than ever before, and I have not yet heard any one else seriously considered in connection with the nomination.

"There is another thing the Citizens' Union wishes to see brought about in this election, and this is the election of Fusion Aldermen, who will not discredit the city by refusing to uphold the hands of the administration. Lately we have had the spectacle of Aldermen holding up the Manhattan bridge, earlier they held up the Union Railroad franchise, and still earlier the Pennsylvania Railroad franchise. This thing has come to a serious pass, and we intend this Fall to see to it that proper candidates for the Board of Aldermen are run in each Assembly District. It is high time such action was taken."

CITY REPUBLICANS IN OFFICE.

Partial List of Those Appointed or Reappointed by Mayor Low.

During the past few weeks Senator Thomas C. Platt has stated repeatedly that the Republican Party has received nothing in the way of appointments from the Low administration, this culminating Sunday in his statement in which he conveys the impression that, with the exception of the appointments of Julius M. Mayer as a Justice of the Court of Special Sessions and of Samuel Strasbourger as Tax Commissioner, the organization has had no appointments.

In view of this impression which the Senator is endeavoring to create, a list of a few of the most conspicuous Republicans who have been placed in office since the inauguration of Mayor Low, such as is appended, will be found interesting. The list does not include clerkships or low-salaried positions, but only heads of departments and Commissioners, with their secretaries, and of these only the most conspicuous have been selected.

Gen. Greene, the Police Commissioner, has been Chairman of the Republican County Committee; his third Deputy, Gherardi Davis, has been an Assemblyman; Dock Commissioner McDougall Hawkes has been the Republican leader of the Twenty-fifth Assembly District; Richard Laimbeer, Deputy Fire Commissioner for Brooklyn and Queens, has been a Republican Assemblyman; Tax Commissioner Strasbourger is the Republican leader in the Thirty-first District; William R. Willcox, Park Commissioner, ran for Congress on the Republican ticket and was beaten; Charles B. Page of the Bureau of Elections was a Republican State Senator, and many others have been prominent in the ranks of the organization. The partial list of Republican office holders, either appointed or reappointed under the Low régime, follows:

POLICE DEPARTMENT.	
Gen. Francis V. Greene, Commissioner	$7,500
Frederick H. E. Ebstein, First Deputy	4,000
Gherardi Davis, Third Deputy	4,000
DOCK DEPARTMENT.	
McDougall Hawkes, Commissioner	$5,000
Jackson Wallace, Deputy Commissioner	4,500
Edward Sitterly, secretary to Commissioner	2,000
Russell Bleecker, Department Secretary	4,000
FIRE DEPARTMENT.	
Thomas Sturgis, Commissioner	$7,500
William Leary, Department Secretary	4,500
Richard H. Laimbeer, Jr., Deputy Commissioner for Brooklyn and Queens	5,000
John J. Slater, Secretary	2,000
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC CHARITIES.	
Homer Folks, Commissioner	$7,500
James Edward Dougherty, Deputy Commissioner	5,000
TENEMENT HOUSE DEPARTMENT.	
Robert W. De Forest, Commissioner	$7,500
DEPARTMENT OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS.	
James L. Wells, President	$8,000
Samuel Strasbourger, Commissioner	7,000
BOARD OF ASSESSORS.	
Benjamin E. Hall, Assessor	$3,000
Henry B. Ketcham, Assessor	3,000
PARK DEPARTMENT.	
William R. Willcox, President	$5,000
John E. Eustis, Commissioner	5,000
George S. Terry, Secretary	4,000
MUNICIPAL CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.	
Willis L. Ogden, President	$6,000
BOARD OF ELECTIONS.	
Rudolph C. Fuller, Commissioner	$5,000
Charles B. Page, Secretary	5,000
CORPORATION COUNSEL'S OFFICE.	
John C. Clark, Assistant	$8,000
Charles S. Whitman, Assistant	6,000
John W. Hutchinson, Assistant	5,000
EXAMINING BOARD OF PLUMBERS.	
William Montgomery, Examiner	$1,500
COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.	
Julius M. Mayer, Justice	$9,000
CITY MAGISTRATES.	
Joseph M. Deuel, Magistrate	$7,000
Leroy B. Crane, Magistrate	7,000
Alfred E. Ommen, Magistrate	7,000
Seward Baker, Magistrate	7,000
CIVIL COURT JUSTICES.	
William [illegible] Bennett, Justice	$6,000
Julius G. Kremer, Justice	6,000

DEVERY BANNER RAISED.

Ex-Chief Launches His District and Mayoralty Campaign—He Praises Parks and Attacks Murphy.

With an accompaniment of bands, banner-raising, and a cheering crowd of fully 500 persons, men, women, and children, the speechmaking campaign of William S. Devery for Tammany leader of the Ninth Assembly District, together with his candidacy for Mayor, was launched last night. The launching occurred at the corner of Eighth Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street, right in front of the William S. Devery Association, across corners from the Pump, in sight of the Bug Club, and right by Miller's stable, the nightly headquarters of the "Chief." The gathering was strictly local to the Ninth District, and was intensely favorable to Devery.

"I am not a lawyer, nor am I a college-bred gentleman," declared the Chief with great earnestness, at the close of his speech, "but I know from my contact with men and affairs that if I am elected to be Mayor of this city I know enough to treat every man right when he comes to me on business, no matter what may be his station in life."

Devery was warm in his support of Parks, the walking delegate, and told his followers who are laboring men and union members to stick to Parks as their best friend and to depend upon him to get their rights for them. He spoke for nearly an hour, attacking Charles F. Murphy, the Tammany leader, for keeping him out of the Executive Committee last Fall and saying that Murphy had walked off with all the docks of the city that he could get away with, ending by declaring that the people of the district could not get a recreation pier at Twenty-eighth Street because Murphy had leased it to his friend Egan.

"But I want to say right now," declared Devery, "that I, to-night, will pay five times for that pier what Egan pays, and then will let the City of New York build a recreation pier there for the women and children of the city."

There was a platform erected outside the Devery Association rooms, and there was a band which drew the crowd and enlivened the proceedings. The poles for the big net banner had been erected on each side of the street, and with a display of fireworks and cheers of the crowd the banner was raised, this being followed by the speaking. John B. McGoldrick and Assemblyman Richard J. Butler were among the principal speakers.

Herman Ridder, and his German-American Reform Union, was especially invited by Devery to get in his ranks and support him for Mayor, the Chief saying, after the meeting, that he would like nothing better than to see Mr. Ridder himself run for Controller on the Devery Mayoralty ticket.

While the fireworks were being discharged, a cab, driven by John Loughlin in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad, came along. The horse, frightened by a bomb explosion, reared and plunged into the crowd, knocking people right and left. Roundsman Atherson jumped for the horse, and finally stopped the animal. Three children were so badly hurt that they were taken to the New York Hospital. They were Pauline Nestel, seven years old, of 319 West Twenty-ninth Street, fracture of the right side of the skull and right arm broken; Harry Walsh, twelve years, 464 West Twenty-sixth Street, shock and scalp wound; Philip Mowen, ten years, 380 Ninth Avenue, leg lacerated. The cabman was locked up in the West Thirty-seventh Street Station.

DOOLEY'S DISTRICT OUTING.

Featherson and Hayes Arrange Plans for Their District Celebrations.

Followers of John J. Dooley, who is seeking to wrest the Tammany leadership of the Twenty-third Assembly District from ex-Police Inspector Thomas F. McAvoy, held their outing yesterday at Donnelly's Grove, College Point. Fully twelve hundred attended the event, which was held under the auspices of the United Democratic Club, the Dooley organization.

Members of the organization gathered at the clubhouse, at 2,285 Eighth Avenue, at 9 o'clock in the morning and paraded to the foot of West One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Street, where they boarded the steamer Valley Girl. Two bands and a fife and drum corps enlivened affairs, and Mr. Dooley rode in an elaborately decorated carriage, while each of the bands was under instructions to play nothing all day long but the song which might have been named after the aspirant for leadership, but which was not. There was another parade around the district last night after the excursionists had returned.

State Senator Maurice Featherson, the Tammany leader in the Twenty-eighth Assembly District, will take his followers on their annual outing to-day, the affair being under the auspices of the Cherokee Club, the regular headquarters of the district. This outing will go to Witzel's Point Grove, Long Island. Democrats and Republicans alike attend the Cherokee outings, which are a sort of family gathering for the entire district, irrespective of politics. The members and their guests will assemble at the clubhouse this morning at 8 o'clock, have the usual parade with bands, and then go to the foot of East Eighty-sixth Street, where the steamboat Sirius will take them to their outing point.

Another outing to be held this week at Witzel's Point is that of the Pocasset Club, the Tammany organization in the Thirty-third Assembly District. This will be on Wednesday, when the followers of Nicholas J. Hayes, the Tammany leader, will turn out. With the prelude of parade and music the Hayes followers will leave by boat from the foot of East One Hundred and Twelfth Street at 9:30 o'clock to-morrow morning, and arrangements have been made to accommodate 2,000 persons at least.

BUILDING LOAN FINDINGS

Referee Farren Makes Charges of Gross Misrepresentation.

Comments on Treasurer Wiedemann's Ignorance of $100,000 Negotiations with New England Concern.

Referee Farren, in the report which he has presented on the affairs of the New York Building Loan Banking Company, says of the Class W stock, issued in 1901:

"A prospectus was issued by the company, which was circulated to induce the public to invest in the guarantee stock of the association, containing a statement which purports to be the twelfth annual report of the association, in which the item 'Liability to shareholders, mortgage account,' does not appear. In the report referred to the amount of that item is included in the first item on the liability side, viz., 'Liability to shareholders, $7,329,598.' The omission to insert the item first above mentioned in the manner in which it was inserted in the annual report published and circulated among its members shows conclusively that the company was attempting to sell a class of stock to the public under the most gross misrepresentation."

As to Paul O. Wiedemann, Treasurer of the company, the referee says:

"There are among the papers of the New York Building Loan Banking Company applications for the issue of stock made by various industrial corporations, such as oil, copper mining, and manufacturing companies, amounting in entirety to $5,000,000. The records of the Executive Committee of the Building Loan Banking Company show that a number of such applications had been accepted, and memoranda upon the other applications would indicate the acceptance of the remainder. Among these companies is the New England Consolidated Oil Company.

"Treasurer Wiedemann of the loan company, on trial, said he had never heard of any negotiations between it and his company. It seems rather strange that the financial officer of this corporation should never have heard of the New England Consolidated Oil Company, nor of any transactions with it, when a written application of the oil company had been made to the Building Loan Company for the issue of $100,000 par value, full paid, thirty-three year 3 per cent. income maturity gold coupon certificates, which application was dated Dec. 18 last, and a memorandum made thereon by the officers of the Building Loan Company as follows: 'Accepted Dec. 19.'"

Charles Roswell Hall of 45 Broadway, who was President of the company about two years ago, said yesterday that while he did not know much about the company as it stands now, still, judging from what he learned while President, he said he felt competent to speak on the subject of a receiver.

"I am certain," he said, "with the general knowledge I have of the company, that the appointing of a receiver may, and I am more than certain that it should, be avoided. In giving this advice I am thinking of no one but the fourteen thousand stockholders, who will lose very much if this happens. It is easy to see how this will be. As has been the case in the past with several companies of this description, whenever the receiver took charge very little of what was left went into the hands of the stockholders.

"One reason for this is that in the matter of real estate we have always to reckon with the matter of appraisals, and in that the personal equation enters. One man may value a property a great deal lower than another, and the result is that the stockholders lose. In the case of the Building Loan Company many of its investments are in first mortgages on real estate. When the receiver is appointed he will foreclose these mortgages, thus stopping the income from them, and the company's assets will shrink. It can have only one ending, loss to the investors.

"As to an alternative for a receivership, I would suggest a change in the by-laws and officers of the company, and I think this could be done by a committee from the stockholders meeting a committee of the Banking Department of the State."

Paul Worms, President of the New York Building Loan Company, and Winslow E. Busby, the Secretary, were said to be out of town.

WHAT IS DOING IN SOCIETY.

This week the gayeties begin in earnest at the different resorts. To-day at Saratoga the racing set will be assembled. Newport and Bar Harbor will have some small entertainments, the most notable of which will be the first of a series of dinners at Seaverge given by Mr. and Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Henry Alexandre have arrived in Saratoga for the season. Mr. and Mrs. Foxhall Keene are expected to join them next week.

Among those booked to sail to-day on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse are Mr. and Mrs. H. Carroll Brown (Miss Daly) of Baltimore, Mr. and Mrs. James M. Flood of San Francisco, the Hon. Robert H. McCormick, of Chicago, Ambassador to Russia; M. and Mme. Mayor des Planches, the Baron von Schlippenbach, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Isenberg, and Mrs. I. Blair Scribner.

The New York brought Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Graves, the Major Marquis de Bucy, Gaillard Thomas Lapsley, Miss Katherine Lapsley, and Mr. and Mrs. Dane Appleton Pearson, who were married in the Spring.

The Lucania had Mr. and Mrs. W. Gallatin Carroll, Mrs. Harold Boulton, and Mrs. John C. Phelps.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Mackay left Harbor Hill on Sunday for Saratoga, where they will spend a few days at the United States Hotel.

The rumored engagement of Miss Gertrude Lewis Pancoast of Philadelphia to Timothee Adamowski, and which rumor comes from Paris, is of much interest to Philadelphians. Miss Pancoast is a daughter of the late Dr. William H. Pancoast, a sister of W. Howard Pancoast, who married Miss Warburton, and of Mrs. John L. Conaway. She is now in Carlsbad, where Mr. Adamowski also is. Mr. Adamowski is well known as a violin virtuoso and organized the string quartet that bears his name in 1888.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira M. Remsen (Miss Mary Hall Putnam) returned from Europe on the Commonwealth and reached Boston on Friday last. They will remain in this country for several months, and will return to Paris in the Autumn. They will spend the Summer at Prout's Neck, Me., where Mrs. Remsen's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George P. Putnam, have a country place, Driftwood.

Mrs. Berkeley Mostyn is at Far Rockaway for the Summer. Gilliat Schroeder, the fiancé of Mrs. Mostyn's daughter, Miss Helen White Stevens, is her guest.

James Henry Smith will retain the Margerita a week longer and will take a party to Cowes for the races. After the Isle of Wight week he will return to this country. Among his guests is Mrs. W. Rhinelander Stewart.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Vanderbilt are to go to Saratoga shortly, and they will pass a week or more in the Adirondacks at their camp before they return to Newport.

Mrs. Vanderbilt and her daughter Miss Gladys Vanderbilt are at Lenox visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Sloane. They are to go to the Adirondacks to visit Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Vanderbilt.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Harriman and the Misses Harriman have arrived at Homburg. They will go shortly to England on a coaching tour.

Miss Leila Paget is to visit this country within a fortnight. Her mother, Mrs. Arthur Paget, will follow her in a short time, taking first the cure at one of the German spas.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Le Roy Dresser are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Philip Hiss at Southampton. They have closed their house at Oyster Bay.

Thayer—Schafer.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Aug. 3.—Miss Gertrude Schafer, who is known in the dramatic profession as Miss Bond Hill, and Otis B. Thayer of New York were married this evening at the home of the bride's mother, in Bond Hill, a Cincinnati suburb. Both bride and bridegroom lately have been connected with the "Sweet Clover" company.

NOTES OF PLAYS AND PLAYERS.

What Theatres and Roofs Offered Last Night—Maude Adams's Plans.

At the Manhattan "The Earl of Pawtucket" will celebrate its two hundredth performance to-morrow night. As usual on such occasions several prominent men have been invited to be present.

"The Wizard of Oz" last night attained the age of 225 performances at the Majestic. Lotta Faust, whose rendition of "Sammy" has charmed not only the man in the upper box, to whom it was directed, but also the entire audience, appeared in the cast again last night after an absence of two weeks. Two hundred members of the Larchmont Club are said to have bought tickets to the "Wizard of Oz" for Saturday night, Aug. 15, when Sir Thomas Lipton has signified his desire to be present.

"The Runaways" still stays at the Casino. Fay Templeton is there, too, and her name seems to be the chief factor in the attraction of good-sized audiences.

Victor's Royal Venetian Band gave the pleasure seekers in the Paradise Roof Gardens some new numbers last night. "Aga," the mysterious conqueror of the force of gravity, continues to amaze everybody. Other features of the bill are Riccobono's horses, Gillette's dogs, Edith, Helena, Agnes Mahr, the Juggling Johnsons, and "Punch, Judy & Co."

New Yorkers and visitors are not without appreciation of the breeze to be obtained on top of the Madison Square Garden. The hotter the weather the larger the crowds at "Japan by Night." "Otoyo" still provides a fair amount of amusement between drinks.

Down on the ground floor of the Garden Duss's band dispenses sweet sounds that, thanks to the arrangement of sounding boards, can be heard perfectly all over the house. Miss Margaret Adams is the soprano for this week and has proved a worthy successor to Miss Blanche Towle, who was with the Duss Orchestra last week.

"The Old Coat" was offered at Proctor's Fifth Avenue last night. Frederic Bond and Miss Beatrice Morgan headed the cast. The vaudeville included Lenore and St. Claire, singing and dancing comedians.

At Proctor's One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street house "David Garrick" was presented. Wallace Erskine was in the leading rôle. The vaudeville included Charlotte Parry and the Hughes Trio.

"Change Your Act, or Back to the Woods," as rendered by Moore & Littlefield, was the chief attraction at Keith's last night. James Horne & Co. in "An Awful Fix" were entertaining. Nellie Beaumont gave some good single acts. John Leonard appeared in monologues. Among others who appeared were Shannon & Brown, Auguste Dewell, the Castanos, Al Coleman, and the Holdsworths. There were moving pictures as usual.

Carl Reinecke and his orchestra stay on the roof of the Majestic and the Grand Circle Hotel. This roof garden is notably cool.

At the Crystal Gardens "Lifting the Cup" is the newest thing on the programme. But it has not succeeded in taking the honors away from Ned Wayburn's Minstrel Misses, who, with their negro faces and songs all out of tune, are by far the most attractive feature of the entertainment.

The second night of the St. Nicholas Summer Garden with its vaudeville show passed off smoothly last evening. "The Great Lafayette" is the attraction, and the audiences are, as they were on the opening night, much more pleased with him as Creatore and John Philip Sousa than as Lafayette. His barber act is the hit of the whole programme.

Arthur Shaw, son of the actress Mary Shaw, has been engaged by Maurice Campbell to take the part of Silvius in "As You Like It," which Henrietta Crosman is to present this season. Young Shaw was established in a law firm in Boston and his mother was opposed to his going on the stage. He is a graduate of Harvard. This will be his second season.

Henry W. Savage yesterday received a cablegram telling him that Jean Lane Brooke, whom he has engaged for his English Opera Company, will arrive soon. She is the daughter of the late Gen. Brooke of the United States Army, and won considerable reputation in musical circles in Denver, Col. She was sent abroad to finish her education under Juliani.

A cablegram received from Heinrich Conried informs his representative here that he has engaged for the coming season Varasi, premiere danseuse of the Scala Theatre, Milan.

Maude Adams arrived in New York yesterday, and she and Mr. Frohman settled her plans for the coming season. Miss Adams will star in "The Pretty Sister of José," by Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett. The play is in four acts and five scenes. All of the scenes are laid in old Spain. Miss Adams's New York season will follow that of John Drew at the Empire Theatre.

Bertha Galland's manager, J. Fred Zimmerman, Jr., has engaged May Robson for the part of Queen Elizabeth in the production of Charles Major's "Dorothy Vernon of Hadden Hall."

Edward Abeles signed a contract yesterday with Liebler & Co. to play leading rôles with the Vesta Tilley Company.

Harry J. Seamon, in honor of Jules Hurtig, who returned from Europe last Saturday, gave a banquet at the Harlem Casino last night. Ben Hurtig has sent invitations to a breakfast in honor of his brother Jules.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—"The Christian," Thursday.
CASINO.—"The Runaways."
CONEY ISLAND.—Luna Park, Bostock's, and "Johnstown Flood."
CRYSTAL GARDENS.—"Lifting the Cup," "Darling of the Gallery Gods," and "Ned Wayburn's Minstrel Misses."
KEITH'S.—Vaudeville.
MAJESTIC.—"Wizard of Oz."
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN.—Duss's Band.
MADISON SQUARE ROOF GARDEN.—"Japan by Night," with comic opera, "Otoyo."
MANHATTAN.—"Earl of Pawtucket."
MANHATTAN BEACH.—"A Chinese Honeymoon," Pain's Pompeii, and Shannon's Band.
PARADISE ROOF GARDENS.—Vaudeville.
PROCTOR'S.—Twenty-third Street, Vaudeville; Fifth Avenue, "The Old Coat," and vaudeville; Fifty-eighth Street, "Three Wives to One Husband," and vaudeville; One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street, "David Garrick," and vaudeville.
STEAMER GRAND REPUBLIC.—Floating Roof Garden.
ST. NICHOLAS SUMMER GARDEN.—"The Great Lafayette," and vaudeville.
TERRACE GARDEN.—"Chimes of Normandy."
THIRD AVENUE.—"Game of Life."

To Appeal Northern Securities Case.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 3.—Attorney Gen. eral Douglas to-day wired from Banff, B. C., to his assistant at the Capitol to take immediate steps to take the State's Northern Securities case to the Court of Appeals. Mr. Douglas will return to St. Paul Aug. 15.

PARKS MAKES 11 MEN IDLE

Strikes Against Iron League Not Very Extensive.

Housesmiths Apply in Large Numbers for Employment, Disregarding the Union—Steamfitters Go Out.

Samuel J. Parks started out yesterday to order strikes right and left against the Iron League to fulfill his threat made last week. The net result was that eleven men were ordered out on buildings at Sixteenth Street and Fifth Avenue and Cedar Street and Broadway. Both strikes were directed against J. M. Cornell, President of the Iron League.

None of the men on the other buildings were willing to quit work merely to spite the Building Trades Employers' Association, and some of the men who did strike said they did so merely to oblige Parks, and that they may return to work to-day.

In the meantime many more men returned to work in other trades on buildings. It was estimated yesterday that, counting all classes of workers, 45,000 men were at work. In response to the advertisements many ironworkers appeared yesterday morning at the office of C. E. Cheney, Secretary of the Iron League, for examination as to fitness. As fast as they were declared fit they were sent to work.

Mr. Cheney would not undertake to say what day the proposed Housesmiths' Union of New York will be formally organized. It was learned, however, that all housesmiths who go to work are expected to join it, as the Employers' Association, while it exacts individual agreements with the ironworkers in the meantime, wants to have the agreement made with the new union.

Otto M. Eidlitz, President of the Mason Builders' Association, said yesterday that matters were beginning to look as they did in normal times. The engineers were working all over the city and bricklayers were at work wherever the building was at the stage where they could work.

The New York Wood Carvers and Modelers' Association signed the arbitration agreement of the Employers' Association yesterday. This organization has a membership of about 1,000.

A. E. Pelham of the Employing Hoisting Association, said yesterday that there was no reason to suppose that the United Portable and Safety Engineers' Union, which had signed the plan of arbitration, would reconsider its action. The engineers were nearly all working and now that they were at work the efforts of malcontents would have no effect on them, he said.

The Board of Building Trades was in session exactly twelve minutes yesterday at Brevoort Hall, Fifty-fourth Street, near Third Avenue. Parks attended the meeting and formally reported the new strikes he said he had ordered. He also said that he would order strikes of iron workers to-day on contracts of J. B. & J. M. Cornell and on contracts of Milliken Brothers in Jersey City and Staten Island. Parks alleges that all the big structural iron manufacturers are willing to make agreements with his union outside of the arbitration agreement, except the firm of J. B. & J. M. Cornell.

A general strike for a demand of the Steam Fitters and Helpers' Unions for an advance in wages was ordered yesterday. According to reports made to the Board of Building Trades yesterday the strike takes out 750 steam fitters and 800 helpers and affects every building in the city. The strike is to enforce demands for an advance from $4 to $5 a day for steamfitters and from $2.50 to $3 for helpers which were made before the shut-down. Though the Board of Building Trades made a general agreement with the George A. Fuller Company, all the Fuller contracts were affected. This, it was said, was because the subcontractors of the company had refused the demands.

Among the buildings which, according to the Board of Building Trades, are affected by this strike are the Astor Hotel, Forty-fifth and Broadway; Lyric Theatre, Forty-second Street and Broadway; Manhattan Life Building, 70 Broadway; Mutual Life Building, 32 Nassau Street; Metropolitan Life Annex, Twenty-third Street and Fourth Avenue, and one or two down-town buildings.

Representatives of unions which have signed the George A. Fuller Company agreement said yesterday that there was dissatisfaction about it, and that several of the unions were thinking of backing out of it. A delegate of the Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers' Union said last evening that there had been an understanding among the unions signing the Fuller agreement that the members of the Employers' Association would have to make a similar agreement. The unions were disappointed, however, he says, and do not feel particularly bound to keep the Fuller agreement.

There was talk last night about a general strike of plumbers to go into effect to-day.

BIG LOCK-OUT IN PITTSBURG.

Only One Great Construction Firm Operating—20,000 Men Idle.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Aug. 3.—The great lock-out of mechanics connected with the building crafts, ordered Saturday night by the Builders' Exchange League, occurred this morning. E. J. Detrick, Secretary of the League, estimated the number at 20,000, including mechanics and laborers, and their average pay, he thought, would amount to $60,000 a day, or $360,000 a week.

The locked out men are affiliated with the Building Trades Council, and employed by the members of the league, who are commonly referred to as the "bosses."

The George A. Fuller Company is the only large concern not affected. Their men are working on the Nixon & Zimmerman theatre building and on the Wabash Railroad Station, but master builders threaten to cripple the Fuller concern by refusing to supply material for sub-contractors.

IN THE SHOPS.

One of the most attractive of dressing tables is in the mission furniture. There is the regular dressing table top of the dark wood and at the back a square mirror set in a massive frame of the dark oak. On either side of the mirror are sconces holding candles to light it. There is a low shelf just raised from the floor and projecting a little beyond the edge of the table above, and when milady sits in her black oak chair with its sloping arms she rests her slippered feet upon this lower shelf or standard.

A fifteenth century clock in the mission furniture is a set of shelves for ornaments with a clock set in the centre. There is a row of small shelves filling in the corners of the tall clock on either side, these in some places carried around back of the pendulum.

A handsome dressing mirror for a room in which a brass bed is used is full length, two tall and heavy posts of brass supporting it on either side, the mirror oval in form, and with a frame of brass and wood, a line of each surrounding it.

The Pope's last prayer costs 35 cents. This has a picture of the Pope with the prayer in illuminated letters below and the whole mounted on gray pasteboard.

Those little rocking chairs with animal sides for the children are quite the most attractive things that are made for the little ones. The animals are designed by Cecil Alden, and the chairs themselves are imported. There are dogs, cats, and roosters larger than life, the two latter painted in natural colors, the cats one on either side of the little chair, the two tails in air forming the side posts and the head projecting in front, all this on rockers, making something in the nature of a small child's rocking horse. Dogs, cats, and roosters all have most vivacious expressions. The chairs are some of them made with rush seats and others are upholstered and cost $15. There is a finer chair made of hard wood and the cats in dark green, but they have not the painted faces or the general attractiveness, but cost $20.

A new style of wardrobe in the fine mission furniture has one of the hunting scenes in colors in the top set in a with a margin of grass cloth, and the lower part of the door is in an openwork with a few lines of the dark oak across and beneath plaited burlap. It costs $40.

A handsome men's dressing case of the mission furniture is high, has the usual small mirror at the top, and two narrow shelves on either side a little below the top. There is a top drawer, divided by partitions for collars, cuffs, and small articles of men's wearing apparel. Below is a deep cupboard, a feature of which is the door, a pretty little sliding door. Below this again is another drawer, also divided by partitions.

Something new in screens of the mission furniture are those having portraits in the top, one in each fold. The pictures are reproductions in color of fine portraits and oliographs, and are excellent ones. One screen shows the portraits of Wagner, Brahms, and Liszt. Another has Mozart, Beethoven, and Schubert.

A handsome screen all in wood in a rather vivid green shade has on two of the panels, the outside ones, paintings by Louis Rhead. They are two female figures, with delicate shades of blue showing in the draperies.

Those poster panels cost $2.50. There are attractive ones in colors showing scenes from Dickens. Mr. Pickwick is a runaway is one, and the fat boy going to sleep as he waits to serve at the dinner table is another.

Long straps that are used to fasten cushions to the chairs in the mission furniture can be bought separately. They come in the leather color, red, brown—different colors, and cost 50 cents each. They are made like an ordinary leather belt, only of extra length.

A combined chair and screen is formed of two chairs with rush seats and backs, joined by hinges. These can be turned back at different angles, or put together they form a small high settle and there are narrow screens at either side to form the ends.

MRS. LANDER, ACTRESS, DEAD.

As Miss Davenport She Was Prominent Here and Abroad for Many Years—Her Eventful Life.

LYNN, Mass., Aug. 3.—Mrs. Jean Margaret Davenport Lander, widow of Gen. Frederick W. Lander, and known as an actress for twoscore years in this country and in Europe, is dead at her Summer home here. She was seventy-three years of age.

The body will be taken to Washington, D. C., Mrs. Lander's permanent home. Mrs. Lander was a member of Lander Woman's Relief Corps, No. 29, G. A. R., of Lynn. The post was named for Gen. Lander.

Sixty-five years ago Jean Margaret Davenport made her stage début at the Richmond Theatre in this city as Little Pickle in "The Spoiled Child." She was then eight years of age. So successful was her appearance that she was advised by her friends to study at a dramatic school, and for the next twenty-seven years she gave her best efforts to her art. She played in "Richard III." in all of the leading cities of America, England, and Ireland, and later appeared in a play called "The Manager's Daughter."

In 1844 she toured Europe as Juliet, reaping honors wherever she went. In 1851 she returned to this country, making her second appearance at the Astor Place Opera House. After touring the United States she retired for a few years from the stage, making her re-entry into public life at Niblo's Garden on Feb. 6, 1865, in a play of her own translation called "Mesalliance," in which she again toured the country.

Miss Davenport, besides, appeared in the rôles of Colombe in Browning's play, Peg Woffington, Hester Prynne, Adrienne Lecouvreur, Medea, Mary Stuart, and Lady Macbeth, for which last part she received great praise.

Mrs. Lander was a native of Great Britain, where she was born in May, 1830. Her parents were both actors, and appeared with her on several occasions. Father and daughter are said to have been the two from whom Dickens took his characters, Crummles and the Infant Phenomenon in "Nicholas Nickleby," and when they appeared in this country in 1851 the constant reference to the matter caused Mr. Davenport such annoyance that he addressed letters to several newspapers denying the truth of the report.

On Oct. 13, 1860, Miss Davenport was married to Col. Frederick W. Lander, who was an officer in the Union Army, and who was killed in battle in November, 1862. During the civil war Mrs. Lander and her mother took entire charge of the military hospital at Port Royal.

In recent years Mrs. Lander has lived quietly at her home on Massachusetts Bay. There she had a beautiful gray stone cottage, which was often the scene of gatherings of noted actors and actresses of the last generation.

Mrs. McKinley's Uncle Dies at Canton.

CANTON, Ohio, Aug. 3.—Joseph Saxton, seventy-three years old, the last surviving uncle of Mrs. McKinley, died to-day of cerebral anemia. He was one of the best-known residents of Canton.

J. W. Gates Not Seriously Ill.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 3.—John W. Gates's impaired health has lessened his weight a few pounds, but he is not seriously ill. He is not confined to his room, and appears to be enjoying as much outdoor life as possible. The rumor that he was in a serious condition amused him. Yesterday afternoon he made a long trip in his automobile. Before 7:30 o'clock this morning he had disposed of a hearty breakfast in the United States Hotel, and was on his way to the race track to look over the horses. He witnessed the races this afternoon.

DEATH LIST OF A DAY.

Samuel W. Burtis.

Samuel W. Burtis, for over half a century one of the leading hardware merchants of Brooklyn, died at the Colonial Hotel, Kitchawan, N. Y., yesterday. Mr. Burtis was born in Brooklyn and had resided there during his entire life. He early entered the hardware business at Myrtle Avenue and Duffield Street, where he remained until a few years ago, when he retired. When Plymouth Church was organized Mr. Burtis became a member, and for many years was on the Board of Deacons. Upon his removal to his late home at 215 Carlton Avenue he severed his connection with Plymouth Church and joined the Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian Church. He was a Director of the Mechanics' Bank and of the Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn. Three children survive him. The funeral will be held to-day at his late home, and the interment will be in Greenwood.

IN THE ADIRONDACKS.

Special to The New York Times.

PAUL SMITH'S, N. Y., Aug. 3.—Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt are taking much pride in their new Japanese camp, and have been receiving many friends there in the last few days. The grounds have been completed through the setting out of many shrubs and young trees brought from Japan for the purpose. Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt yesterday entertained Mr. and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, E. V. W. Rossiter, and Paul Smith at dinner. Among the other recent visitors to the camp have been William Hazard Field and Miss Field of New York.

Mr. and Mrs. William Rockefeller, who have been at their camp at Bay Pond for several days, returned to the city to-day. William G. Rockefeller, their son, is now at Bay Pond, where he arrived yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnstone Livingstone of New York have opened their camp on the Upper St. Regis Lake. At the camp are also Miss Lillian Livingstone and her fiancé, Harry B. Hollins, Jr., who will remain through August.

Mr. and Mrs. Anson Phelps Stokes are entertaining Miss Cheney, Thomas Cushing, and William S. McGuire of New York at the Stokes camp, Birch Island.

Capt. W. H. Cowles, who has been at the Roosevelt camp for a fortnight, has gone to Washington. He will return to the mountains on Aug. 15.

Mr. and Mrs. George Blake arrived here to-day, and will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Peabody for a fortnight.

Mrs. J. P. Morgan, J. P. Morgan, Jr., and Miss Morgan are at Camp Uncas, the Morgan place at Mohegan Lake.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. Alice May Gunnison, the wife of Herbert F. Gunnison, business manager of the Brooklyn Daily Eagle, died Sunday of typhoid fever at her Summer home at Freeport, L. I., and funeral services for her will be held to-night in her Brooklyn home at 207 Hewes Street. She was a daughter of the late John May, an old resident of Williamsburg.

DEATHS REPORTED AUG. 3.

Manhattan.

Ages of one year or under are put down one year.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Aug.
BOGART, James A., 443 W. 18th St.	61	[illegible]
BEGLEY, Alfred H., 436 E. 81st St.	1	[illegible]
BANKS, Nathan, 338 W. 53d St.	40	[illegible]
BEHRMAN, Lander, 249 E. 100th St.	1	[illegible]
BREESE, Lillian, 243 W. 40th St.	41	[illegible]
BLEE, Lizzie, 1,413 1st Av.	56	[illegible]
COLLINS, John, Fulton and Pelham Ave.	40	[illegible]
CAHILL, Francis, 700 Washington St.	1	[illegible]
CASEY, Mary, 556 W. 43d St.	35	[illegible]
COURTNEY, William, 426 W. 49th.	50	[illegible]
CLARKE, Elizabeth A., 334 W. 35th	27	[illegible]
CONDON, Patrick, 165 W. 108th St.	63	[illegible]
COHEN, Max, 6 W. 126th St.	34	[illegible]
COLTER, Frances L., 1,479 2d Av.	2	[illegible]
*DOOLEY, Bernard, 1,048 2d Av.	1	[illegible]
DALY, James, 320 E. 20th St.	75	[illegible]
DE FEO, Marie, 172 Mulberry St.	1	[illegible]
FARRELL, James, 257 W. 147th St.	27	[illegible]
FIELDS, Horace, 126 W. 12th St.	54	[illegible]
GRATTAM, Simon, 70 W. 109th St.	64	[illegible]
GOLDSTEIN, Gedolye, 47 Eldridge.	1	[illegible]
GOLDBERG, Ida, 46 Suffolk St.	1	[illegible]
*HAWKES, Benjamin, 141 E. 52d St.	66	[illegible]
HOFMAN, George, 414 W. 45th St.	30	[illegible]
HUMPHREYS, Catherine, foot Gansevoort St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
HAVANICK, Bertha A., 305 E. 26th	1	[illegible]
INDELLE, Rosie, 188 Mulberry St.	19	[illegible]
KINKEL, Minnie L., 225 W. 67th St.	1	[illegible]
KAUMEL, Charles, 300 E. 116th St.	61	[illegible]
KOSLOVSKY, Aaron, 220 Madison St.	40	[illegible]
KESTINSKY, Solomon, 131 Hester St.	30	[illegible]
LAYDEN, Helen, 235 E. 95th St.	1	[illegible]
LISTON, Mary, 228 E. 48th St.	3	[illegible]
MOLLOY, John, 105 E. 118th St.	60	[illegible]
MOORE, Blanche, 227 W. 62d St.	1	[illegible]
MORTACCIA, Raccabella, 217 Mott.	15	[illegible]
*MATHEW, Rosanna, 5 Patchen Pl.	40	[illegible]
MURPHY, Mary E., 321 E. 46th St.	30	[illegible]
MOLFESSE, Maria A., 2,311 1st Av.	1	[illegible]
MURPHY, John, 400 2d Av.	36	[illegible]
McDONALD, Michael, 309 E. 101st.	1	[illegible]
McLAUGHLIN, Margaret, 506 W. 131st St.	30	[illegible]
NEWPORT, Albert, 1,973 2d Av.	35	[illegible]
NELSON, Charlotte, German Hosp.	30	[illegible]
O'BRIEN, Mary, 186 Cherry St.	1	[illegible]
POWELL, Edward, 251 W. 34th St.	56	[illegible]
PAGAN, Rosie, 39 W. 8th St.	35	[illegible]
PERRY, Nathan, Albany, N. Y.	76	[illegible]
PASTORE, Mateo, 417 E. 106th St.	28	[illegible]
PANTUOSCO, Pietro, 418 W. 40th St.	3	[illegible]
REISS, Herman, 325 E. 4th St.	40	[illegible]
REILLY, John J., 418 W. 23d St.	33	[illegible]
SCHNEIKERT, George, 38 Norfolk.	35	[illegible]
SULZBACHER, Joseph, 114 E. 123d.	62	[illegible]
SCHMIDT, Gregor, 2,069 2d Av.	27	[illegible]
SPECK, Albert V., 123 11th Av.	1	[illegible]
SILBERBERG, H., 180 Chrystie St.	1	[illegible]
SHEEHAN, Charles, 538 W. 27th St.	1	[illegible]
*STEWART, Catherine, 99 Convent Av.	60	31
SHIMSHEN, Marris, 63 Norfolk St.	1	[illegible]
SIFF, Joseph, 229 E. 102d St.	37	[illegible]
SCHWAB, Magdalena, 619 E. 180th.	72	[illegible]
VANDERBECK, F. W., 155 E. 141st.	29	[illegible]
WITTMAN, Rosa, 415 2d Av.	67	[illegible]
WASHBURN, Elizabeth, 207 E. 105th	80	[illegible]
WEISS, John P., 345 W. 54th St.	57	[illegible]
WAKLEY, Bridget, 230 E. 75th St.	44	[illegible]
WASSERMAN, Fannie, 307 2d Av.	64	[illegible]

*Date of death in July.

Bronx.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Aug.
BEIK, Caroline, 724 E. 135th St.	48	[illegible]
BEHAN, Julia, 1,231 Prospect Av.	75	[illegible]
DONOHUE, James, St. Joseph Hosp.	45	[illegible]
GOLDSTEIN, Isidor, Riverside Hosp.	18	[illegible]
GREER, Dominick, Seton Hosp.	26	[illegible]
LYNCH, Patrick H., 732 E. 135th St.	46	[illegible]
McMAHON, —, 1,962 Washington Av.	1	[illegible]
NEWMAN, Lawrence, Riverside Hosp.	1	[illegible]
REIDINGER, John, 676 E. 161st St.	1	[illegible]
SHANNON, Annie, Lincoln Hosp.	7	[illegible]
STECKER, Jennie, Riverside Hosp.	1	[illegible]
SULLIVAN, John, Lebanon Hosp.	35	[illegible]
*TRUCKENBROT, Elizabeth, 769 St. Ann's Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
VAN BON, Margaret, 804 E. 135d St.	58	31
WHALEN, John, Fordham Hosp.	25	[illegible]
WOHLHAGEN, Lorenz, 919 Eagle Av.	71	[illegible]

*Date of death in July.

Brooklyn.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date Dth. Aug.
AFFATICA, Philip, 279 3d Av.	1	[illegible]
AMENT, Rosie D., 279 Meserole St.	1	[illegible]
ANASTAGIO, Anthony, 365 3d Av.	1	[illegible]
ASCH, Morris, St. Catharine's Hosp.	17	[illegible]
BOWE, Mary, Conklin Av. and E. 94th St.	1	[illegible]
BROWN, Archibald, St. John's Hosp.	18	[illegible]
BECK, Carl L., 673 Macon St.	10	[illegible]
BERENDSEN, Fannie, 947 Willoughby Av.	1	[illegible]
BLAUVELT, Sarah, 404 De Kalb Av.	29	[illegible]
*BURNETTE, Anna, 630 Pacific St.	57	30
BEEBE, Warren R., L. I. St. Hosp.	32	[illegible]
BLASHFIELD, Benjamin D., 18 2d Pl.	61	[illegible]
CONCILIO, Amelia, 3 Navy St.	1	[illegible]
COUTURIER, Ermina, 249 Wyckoff.	17	[illegible]
*CONKLIN, Anna, Kings Co. Hosp.	1	30
CONNELLY, Anna, Brooklyn Hosp.	35	[illegible]
CHAMBERLIN, Edward, L. I. College Hospital.	48	[illegible]
*CAPALDA, G., Kings Co. Hospital.	34	30
CRAWFORD, Robert, 2,412 Church Av.	52	[illegible]
DOONAN, Mary, 132 Ryerson St.	65	[illegible]
DUFFY, Gertrude M., 319 Madison St.	27	[illegible]
EGER, Mariam, 41 Dobbin St.	1	[illegible]
ERICKSON, Johanna, K. Co. Hosp.	75	[illegible]
FINN, Anna, 1,548 Dean St.	3	[illegible]
FARRELL, Bridget, 659 Myrtle Av.	59	[illegible]
*GREZEGORZEWSKI, Joseph, 415½ Oakland St.	1	[illegible]
GUSTAFSON, John, Pier 15 E. River.	43	[illegible]
*GORDON, Ann, 10 Clinton Av.	75	31
GORDON, Patrick, 129 Vermont St.	50	[illegible]
HAZZARD, Albert, 196 Fulton St.	1	[illegible]
HAZZARD, Blanche, 196 Fulton St.	1	[illegible]
JONES, Maggie, 106 Cumberland St.	31	[illegible]
JOHNSON, Annie, Consumptives' Home.	28	[illegible]
JOHNSON, Sture, 440 42d St.	1	[illegible]
JOHNSTON, Annie, 361 Jay St.	60	[illegible]
KING, Anna, 6,012 4th Av.	1	[illegible]
KINKEL, Christopher, 535 Humboldt.	1	[illegible]
KENNARD, Mabel, 106 Cumberland.	26	[illegible]
LOSKE, Baby, 65 Delmonico Place.	1	[illegible]
LILLIS, James, 82 5th St.	1	[illegible]
*LAW, Conrad H., 100 Clinton Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
LE CORRE, Adrienne J., 186 Hart St.	1	[illegible]
LAMA, Lena, 176 Melrose St.	1	[illegible]
*MUNZ, Luise, 170 Stockholm St.	68	31
MORAN, James J., 159 Prospect St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MULLALY, Anna, 75 Amity St.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MCELER, Max, 175 Wyckoff Av.	[illegible]	[illegible]
MORGAN, George, Brooklyn Hosp.	[illegible]	[illegible]
McCULLAM, Thomas, foot Clinton St.	19	[illegible]
McDONALD, T. L. I. State Hosp.	42	[illegible]
McMAHON, Bryan J., 68 Orange St.	60	[illegible]
McGUINNESS, Mary, 137 19th St.	21	[illegible]
McGRATH, Michael F., 282 Front.	33	[illegible]
NIERHOFF, Henrietta, 81 W. 24 St.	53	[illegible]
NAMURATO, Paul, 19 Richardson.	1	[illegible]
OBST, Frank E., 62 Richardson St.	1	[illegible]
O'HARA, Frank, 630 5th Av.	27	[illegible]
PFUND, John, 21 Floyd St.	36	[illegible]
PETRIANO, Pasquale, 498 President	1	[illegible]
PASCALE, Giovannina E., 359 N. 2d.	1	[illegible]
RINCKE, Julius, Kings Co. Hosp.	43	[illegible]
RUBIN, Elizabeth, 169 Schaffer St.	66	[illegible]
ROURKE, Annie, 289 14th St.	1	[illegible]
RAFFERTY, Bernard J., 720 Bergen	1	[illegible]
REISCHMANN, Henry, 106 Meserole.	34	[illegible]
SCHMIDT, Josephine, St. John's Hosp.	6	[illegible]
STEVENS, Caroline S., 257 Steuben.	92	[illegible]
SCHMITT, M. F., 173 Tompkins St.	1	[illegible]
SOBEL, Daniel, 23 Manhattan Av.	1	[illegible]
TORCHIA, Tomasina, St. Peter's Hosp.	30	[illegible]
*VAN WICKLEN, Catharine, 707 Liberty Av.	53	31
VANDERLIP, G. M., 673 Quincy St.	77	[illegible]
*WUNDERLICH, J., 46 Throop Av.	67	30
WILSON, Margaret, 489 15th St.	82	[illegible]
YATES, Lorenzo D., Bay 15th, cor. 86th St.	82	[illegible]
ZIMMERMAN, Bertha, 136 Ten Eyck	1	[illegible]

*Date of death in July.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

E. & W. Tebo. E. & W.
A new collar.

MARRIED.

MULLER—HUNTING.—At All Saints' Church, by the Rev. R. W. Ernest Merington, Lulu C. Hunting to Victor Rounberg Muller, New York, the 2d of August, 1903.

DIED.

BIDDLE.—At Port Jefferson, L. I., Saturday, Aug. 1, 1903, suddenly, John Biddle.
Funeral services at his late residence, 104 East Seventeenth Street, Tuesday, Aug. 4, at 2:30 P. M.

BIDDLE.—At Port Jefferson, L. I., Saturday, Aug. 1, 1903, suddenly, John Biddle.
Funeral services at his late residence, 104 East 17th St., Tuesday, Aug. 4, at 2:30 P. M.

BURTIS.—On Monday, Aug. 3, at the Colonial Hotel, Kitchawan, N. Y., Samuel W. Burtis of Brooklyn, aged 87 years.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

CONN.—On Aug. 3, at 1:10 A. M., Susan, daughter of the late John and Susan Conn.
Funeral services at her late residence, 307 Myrtle Avenue, Flushing, N. Y., on Wednesday, Aug. 5, at 3 o'clock.

FREEMAN.—On Monday, Aug. 3, Mrs. Naomi L. Freeman, in her 85th year.
Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. James M. Ham, 375 St. James Place, Brooklyn, Tuesday, at 4 P. M.

GUNNISON.—At Freeport, L. I., Aug. 2, Alice May, wife of Herbert F. Gunnison, of typhoid fever.
Funeral services at 207 Hewes Street, Brooklyn, at 8 o'clock P. M. Tuesday. Interment in Greenwood at convenience of family.

RICE.—On Monday, Aug. 3, after a long illness, Annie, widow of James Rice.
Funeral services at her late residence, No. 59 Perry St., Tuesday evening, Aug. 4, at 8. Interment private.

SMITH.—In New London, Conn., Aug. 1, Dr. Hamilton L. Smith of 306 West One Hundred and Fifteenth Street, New York, in the 58th year of his age.
Interment in Geneva, N. Y., on Tuesday.

STEBBINS.—At Cazenovia, N. Y., on Sunday, Aug. 2, 1903, Katharine, wife of the late John Stebbins, and daughter of the late Sidney T. and Helen Childs Fairchild.
Funeral services will be held at St. Peter's Church on Tuesday, Aug. 4, at 4 o'clock.

WARREN.—At Bad Gastein, Austria, on July 31, Edward Walpole Warren, in his 66th year, as previously announced.
Funeral services will be held at St. James's Church, 71st St. and Madison Av., on Friday, Aug. 7, at 10 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn.

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks dull and drooping.

Money easy, 1½@2 per cent.

While the stock market as a whole was exceptionally dull yesterday, the morning hours were conspicuously so. As a rule the opening on Monday is attended with some show of activity because of the orders that accumulate over Sunday. Such was not the case yesterday, and when it is stated that there was not a single transaction up to noon in such a usually active stock as Reading a good idea of the general dullness may be obtained.

It is needless to say that there was neither eagerness to buy nor pressure to sell. Such business as there was seemed nine-tenths professional, with a discoverable trace of liquidation which may or may not be connected with delay in making statements on behalf of the embarrassed firms. The price movement scarcely warrants discussion beyond saying that the changes in representative properties seldom reached a point, and that the majority of fractional changes were declines. Practically the only news was the Government cotton crop report, which had no effect because it surprised nobody, being discounted. Probabilities favor a good crop, and there is possibility of a record-breaker, in the opinion of some.

The bond market was of similar dullness and narrowness of price changes. As a chief exception it is worth noting that, while the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific collateral trust 4s and 5s were being dealt in with prices on a receding scale, the collateral trust serial 4s, Series P, were being bid up until finally a sale took place at 95, which was 12½ points above the price at which a transaction took place on Saturday, when this bond was dealt in for the first time, although on the list for some months.

For lack of a better topic there was a warmed-over discussion of the last bank statement with emphasis upon the increase of loans, and neglect of the excess of deposits over loans. The non-member banks reported a decrease of loans equal to the increase by the clearing banks, and it is certain that there was a larger decrease of loans by the trust companies, upon either a weekly or yearly comparison. Yet for some reason the local financial situation is thought to turn upon the Clearing House statement, although it is known to reflect only about half the loaning power of New York. Incomplete truths are often practically complete falsehoods, and the incomplete truth that clearing bank loans increased is a complete falsehood as indicating a similar condition of New York as a whole. A better subject for remark is the readiness of the banks to continue a system which obligates them to pay 2 per cent. upon deposits whenever the call loan rate sinks below that figure, and yet which deprives them of profit when lending rates are firmer. In the former case country banks and trust companies turn their unprofitable deposits over to the banks, but when there is a paying demand for money they lend it themselves and deprive the banks of the deposits which they have nursed through the dull period. It is hardly extravagant to say that refusal to continue this system is a good second to currency legislation as a subject for reform.

Net changes in stocks of one-half of 1 per cent. or more were:

Stocks Advanced.

Am. Cotton Oil	¾	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	4½
Am. Hide & L. pf.	2	Nat. Biscuit pf.	½
Am. Woolen	1½	Nat. Lead	¾
At., T. & S. F. pf.	¾	Nat. R. of M. pf.	¾
Corn Prod. pf.	1	N. Y., N. H. & H.	2
Evans. & T. H.	½	Pullman	1½
Hocking Valley pf.	½	Ry. Steel Spring	½
K. C., Ft. S. & M. pf.	½	St. J. & G. I. 1st pf.	1
Long Island	1		

Stocks Declined.

Amal. Copper	¾	Kan. City So.	1
Am. Car & Fdy.	¾	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	1
Am. Ice pf.	1½	Missouri Pacific	¾
Am. Locomotive	¾	N. Y. Central	½
Am. Sugar	½	Norf. & West.	½
Canadian Pacific	½	Penn. R. R.	½
Chi. & Alton pf.	½	Reading 2d pf.	¾
Chi. & E. Ill.	5	Rock Island pf.	½
Chi. G. W. pf., B.	½	St. L. S. W. pf.	½
Chi., M. & St. P.	½	Southern Pacific	½
Chi. & N. W.	1½	Union Pacific	1¼
C., C., C. & St. L.	1	Un. Rys. Inv. pf.	1
Col. Fuel & I.	½	U. S. Realty pf.	¾
Consol. Gas	¾	U. S. Rubber	¾
Corn Products	½	U. S. Steel pf.	¾
Detroit Union Ry.	½	Va.-Car. Chem.	1½
General Electric	1½	Wabash	¾
Iowa Central pf.	½	Wis. Central	¾

Net changes in bond quotations of 1 per cent. or more were:

Bonds Advanced.

Chi. & N. W. deb. 5s, 1909	1	N. Y., O. & W. ref. 4s	1
Chi., R. I. & P. col. 4s, Series P	12½	St. L. S. W. 1st	1

Bonds Declined.

Chi., R. I. & P. col. tr. 4s	2	F. & P. M., Pt. H. Div. 5s	1
Chi., R. I. & P. col. tr. 5s	1¾	N. Y. Cent., L. S. col. 3½s	1
Chi. Term. Tr. 4s	1½	Rio Gr. So. 4s	1½
Dist. Sec. Corp. 5s	1		

STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

	Shares.
Aug. 3	209,148
To date this year	97,329,212
Corresponding date last year	104,693,795

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

Aug. 3	$984,500
To date this year	$400,900,450
Corresponding date last year	$568,397,600

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.
American Chicle Co. common stock.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.
National Surety Co.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.
Glucose Sugar Refining Co.
National Distributing Co.
Plumbers' Trade Journal and Publishing Co.
Susquehanna Iron and Steel Co.

RAILWAY EARNING PROSPECTS.

The usual Monday opinions by railway officials as to their roads' prospects abate nothing of the accustomed cheerfulness. They deny that some decrease in the eastward movement signifies anything regarding the crops. Calamity stories are specifically contradicted. The crop is said to be late, merely, and the farmers to be intent upon realizing high prices by holding for the rise, which their financial condition permits. Proof of this is asserted in a rather unusually large westward movement of merchandise, which would not be in progress if farmers were poor or expected to become poor.

"I don't know where they get all their bearish information about poor crops and the financial condition of the road," said an officer of the Atchison Railway at Chicago. "It is all contrary to our intelligence, and I should say very misleading to stockholders and the general public. I will venture to say the financial position of the road is much stronger than most of the other railroad systems of the country that are less talked about. As for crops, there has been no damage to corn by hot winds, and the reports that wheat is not thrashing out as expected are made out of whole cloth for speculative purposes. We still cling to first claims that Kansas will raise 80,000,000 bushels this year, and corn at present promises to be a full crop. On the whole, we believe the road will get more grain tonnage than ever before, and the money wheat alone will leave in the country ought to keep general business extremely active for many months to come."

In spite of all additions made to equipment and terminal facilities, officials of all roads fear that the Fall rush is simply going to swamp them. Every known precaution is being taken to prevent such a condition as long as possible, although it is observed that these measures will prove ineffective after lake navigation has closed. All companies are sending out appeals to consignees, asking them to release cars at destination with all possible haste. Their co-operation is necessary to prevent early blockades, and it is pointed out to be of mutual benefit to assist in keeping equipment moving freely.

ROCK ISLAND GOSSIP.

It was remarked, apropos of Rock Island's proposed quarter-billion bond issue, that it allows one $1,000 bond for each of the 250,000 shares which control the property, and which are practically all owned by four men. As there are about 15,000 miles in the system, the market value of shares giving control averages about $1,000 per mile of road. These are nothing but coincidences, but they are singular enough. Evidently this is the finance which in the language of the yellows "does things." Of the half billion of the road's present capitalization it is estimated that only about $150,000,000 can be refunded when the time arrives some years ahead. The immediate object of the proposal must therefore be sought as regards the remaining $100,000,000, which would raise the capitalization of the system by about $7,000 per mile, to say $42,000 per mile. It takes nerve to propose this in the present temper of the Street, and yet if the temper of the Street be neglected—and why should it be considered by those indifferent to it and proposing to manage their own affairs in their own way?—there is room for argument that the ratio between earnings and capitalization is no more extreme than in cases of other properties regarded as conservative. The bonds have been distributed more generally than the stock, and in yesterday's business showed greater dislike than the stock to the "refunding" proposition.

THE BEARS' PROFITS.

There are a few but unauthentic and unconvincing reports of enormous profits on the decline. In the most important case such stories are certainly false, for the biggest bear was caught in an untimely bull movement, to his "annoyance." In this, history does but repeat itself, for all collapses provide cases of convinced bears who have misjudged the market, apart from their personal commitments, proving that it is equally dangerous to secure profits at the very top or the very bottom. In this there is, perhaps, a warning to the bears not to overdo their operations for the Fall. It was said yesterday that only one great bull pool that figured extensively in the market in the Summer of 1902 cleaned out its line of long stock, and was in a position all through the decline to support its issues and to drive shorts to cover pretty much when it pleased. This lucky pool was the clique that put Canadian Pacific to 145, and unloaded its original holdings between that figure and 137. It is stated that a statement was issued to the members of the pool on Sept. 5, 1902, outlining the operations of the pool and notifying members of their credit balances as a result of its operations.

The fewness of failures on the decline is proof that the losses, as a rule, have been distributed among many successive losers, only a few taking a large loss.

MEXICAN CENTRAL'S NEW OWNERS

According to a Boston telegram printed in Wall Street Speyer & Co. and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. have purchased in partnership with the Mexican Government 100,000 shares of Mexican Central stock with a view to merging or operating in harmony the Mexican Central and Mexican National properties.

This stock was largely acquired by reason of the Stow failure. Henry Clay Pierce purchased from the Stow firm a few days previous to its failure 7,500 shares of the stock and planned to take over 15,000 additional shares, but Speyer & Co. and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. got in ahead.

It is an extraordinary coincidence that the very day the Government signed the decree permitting the railroads to advance rates to a basis of 50 cents in gold for the silver dollar Stow failed and Speyer & Co., in partnership with the Government, acquired the Stow holdings.

The Directors of the Mexican Central have been in session in New York for several days, and the result of their deliberations has been a sale of $10,000,000 4½ per cent. collateral trust bonds to a foreign syndicate.

The sale of these bonds will permit of an early readjustment of the company's capitalization. It has already received compensation for the bonds, and an official announcement will be made next week that the company is now prepared to offer to purchase the first and second income bonds.

FAILURES IN JULY.

Heaviest Bankruptcies for July in Ten Years—Reasons for the Unpleasant Fact.

Reports to Dun's Review from branch offices of R. G. Dun & Co. in the United States show liabilities of insolvencies during July $16,751,245. In the same month last year the defaulted indebtedness was only $6,932,851, and no other July of the past decade showed as severe losses, July, 1896, coming the nearest, with liabilities of $15,501,095. Failures numbered 915, against 825 in the corresponding month last year, but prior to 1898 the average was considerably higher than last month. The statistics compare with the same month last year in detail as follows: Manufacturing defaults numbered 253, with liabilities of $6,378,761, against 191 failures last year for $2,568,355; trading bankruptcies were 619 for $3,571,503, against 579 a year ago, with liabilities of $2,806,869; other commercial failures, including brokerage, real estate, and transporters, except railways, were 43 in number and $6,800,981 in amount of defaulted liabilities, against 56 last year for $1,557,128. Each division shows more or less increase in liabilities as compared with the same month last year and the corresponding month of most other recent years, but it is encouraging to find that the largest difference was caused by a few large suspensions in Wall Street, due to the speculative situation, rather than to any unsoundness in the industrial structure. Eight banks failed with liabilities of $238,306, compared with two for $166,000 a year ago.

Even after the strictly commercial losses are obtained by eliminating as far as possible the defaults due to speculation, it is seen that last month was unusually full of disaster. Numerically, the margin above normal was not important, but the aggregate of liabilities made a rather significant exhibit. It is natural that bad debts should come to the surface at the close of a fiscal year, when semi-annual inventories and stock taking disclose any weak spots in the business situation. Moreover, there has been in progress such a steady readjustment in prices of securities that men in all sections and occupations have suffered. Such a contraction in the market value of stocks could not fail to produce some pressure outside of Wall Street, and it is an indication of strength that the business world has not been more severely shaken. In addition to the difficulties more essentially financial, not a little loss has been caused by the delayed work on account of labor troubles. Conspicuous in this connection were the losses in the lumber class, which includes builders, while many kindred defaults are embraced with the miscellaneous manufacturing failures. The check to demand for iron and steel products was also due chiefly to the interrupted structural work, and declining prices in this important industry also added to the difficulties of plants with contracts on hand that could not be filled profitably, while a large number of cancellations embarrassed other firms. It has been a season of severe pressure, and the commercial interests of the country have stood the test in a way that augurs well for the future. Conservatism has increased, limiting many projected extensions, but in the long run the more cautious progress will prove less subject to set-back.

Mr. Gates's Health.

Concerning the report of his serious illness, John W. Gates, who is now at Saratoga, telegraphed to his Wall Street firm:

"Have just had a long automobile ride and a hearty breakfast, and am feeling first rate."

At the office of Harris, Gates & Co. it is said that Mr. Gates has practically recovered from his attack in Chicago, and there is no foundation for the report that he has broken down. It is true that Mr. Gates has not been well for six months. He has had some intestinal trouble, but it is nothing but what time and care will cure. Mr. Gates is at present taking special care of himself, and will, in due time, it is believed, be practically as well as ever.

Dividends Now Studied.

Dividend studies are reviving as liquidation ceases and the market becomes inactive. The Wall Street Journal finds that, comparing recent prices with the lowest of 1898, the average dividend yield of 20 active railroad stocks, dividend and non-dividend paying, has doubled. Even at the highest prices of 1902 the average dividend yield was greater than at the lowest price of 1898. But the average price is now far from double, having risen from 65.86 in 1898 to 129.36 in 1902, only to recede to 97 at present. The yield on the prices, as distinguished from the dividend rate, rose from 3.16 in 1898 to 3.86 in 1902, and is now 4.48.

The question whether stocks now are better purchases generally than in 1898 depends upon whether the present rates of dividends can be maintained.

Silver Bullion for Philippine Money.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The Treasury Department to-day bought 160,000 ounces of silver for Philippine coinage at an average of $0.5402, all for delivery at San Francisco.

Stock Exchange Firm Change.

Rudolph H. Kissel has been admitted to the Stock Exchange firm of Albert H. Vernam & Co.

GENERAL BUSINESS ITEMS.

According to Columbus (Ohio) dispatches the Ashland and Ironton Bridge Company and the Ironton and Kentucky Bridge Company have consolidated, with $1,200,000 capital.

Salt Lake City advices that the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company has acquired a tract of 26,000 acres of iron ore land near the Iron Mountain district in the southwestern part of Utah.

Boston dispatches stating that an application for a charter has been filed there by the Suffolk Leather Manufacturing Company, with $50,000,000 capital.

Tula Iron Works and iron ore fields, south of Guadalajara, Mexico, said to have been purchased by the Tula Iron Company, an American corporation, which was recently organized with a capital stock of $4,000,000.

Total grain receipts at Chicago during the past week, 3,811,670 bushels, an increase over the previous week of 207,780 bushels, but 1,776,009 bushels smaller than the corresponding period last year.

Reports from Ithaca, N. Y., that a syndicate of Philadelphia capitalists has completed the purchase of the entire street railway system of Ithaca.

Charleston (S. C.) dispatches stating that the Carolina and Western Sugar Refining Company has determined to build a refinery near Charleston, with a capacity of 500 tons daily.

Special meeting of the stockholders of the Cambria and Clearfield Railway Company to be held Aug. 17 to vote on the lease of the property to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Railroads operating eastward from Chicago and St. Louis said to be finding further difficulty in supplying cars to shippers promptly.

Statement from Boston that stockholders of Montreal Street Railway Company are to be given the privilege of subscribing to $1,000,000 of new stock at par.

Receipts of cattle at Chicago last week the largest of the year, 75,062; of hogs 180,046, and of sheep 84,841—a total of 239,919 head, and an increase of 22,562 for the week and 78,228 over last year.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on stock collateral loans at 1½@2 per cent., with the last loan at 1¾ per cent. The majority of the day's loans was made at 1¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty days, 5 per cent. for ninety days, 5@5½ per cent. for four and five months, and 5@6 per cent. for six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5½@6 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 5½@6 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 6 per cent. for others.

New York Clearing House exchanges were $156,735,135; balances, $14,224,299; United States Sub-Treasury debit balance, $510,511.

Money on call in London, 1½@2 per cent.; short bills, 2 7-16 per cent.; three months' bills, 2 7-16@2½ per cent.

Foreign exchange was easier. Nominal rates were $4.84½ for sixty days and $4.87 for demand. Rates for actual business closed as follows: Sixty days, $4.83¾; demand, $4.8580; cables, $4.8635. Commercial bills were $4.83¼@4.83¾.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.19⅜ less 1-16 and 5.16¼ less 1-16; reichsmarks, 94 15-16 and 95 5-16@95⅜; guilders, 40 and 40¼.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston—Par. Chicago—15c discount. New Orleans—Commercial, par@25c premium; bank, $1 premium. Savannah—Buying, 50c discount; selling, 75c premium. Charleston—Buying, par; selling, 25c premium. San Francisco—Sight, 7½c premium; telegraphic, 10c. St. Louis—35c premium.

In Continental Centres.

PARIS, Aug. 3.—The Bourse opened strong to-day and was generally firm throughout the day. Rentes were rather inactive. Rio Tintos showed a gain of 6 points.

Three per cent. rentes, 98f 37½c for the account. Exchange on London, 25f 13½c for checks.

BERLIN, Aug. 3.—The trading on the Boerse to-day was light and values were generally weaker. Coal shares were higher.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 38½ pfennigs for checks. Discount rates, short bills, 4 per cent.; three months' bills, 3½ per cent.

The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes: Cash in hand, decreased 34,440,000 marks; Treasury notes decreased 780,000 marks; other securities increased 13,840,000 marks; notes in circulation increased 31,800,000 marks.

London Exchange Closed.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—The Stock Exchange was closed to-day.

Gold premiums are quoted: Madrid, 36.75; Lisbon, 23.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 3.—The liquidation of two blocks of Rapid Transit and Philadelphia Electric stock without producing a ripple was conclusive evidence of the inherent strength of to-day's market. These transactions were about the only developments of the day calling for any comment. The dealings in Reading and United States Steel represented nearly one-half of the day's operations. Dealings in the balance of the list were spiritless and void of interest. In most instances there was a slight shading from Saturday's closing figures. Total sales, 14,906 shares and $69,500 bonds. Range of prices:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	American Rys.	44	44	44
162	Cambria Steel	22	21¾	22
100	Canadian Pacific	123¼	123¼	123¼
10	Chicago & Alton	21½	21½	21½
447	Con. Lake Superior	3 5-16	3	3 1-16
17	Con. Lake Superior pf.	7½	7½	7½
50	Diamond Steel pf.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
13	Electric Co. of Am.	8	7 15-16	8
50	Electric Storage Battery	59	59	59
200	Erie	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜
134	Lehigh Valley R. R.	40	40	40
50	Marsden	2	2	2
50	New Haven Steel	4½	4½	4½
1,200	Pennsylvania	61 15-16	61½	61 15-16
57	Philadelphia Traction	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
1,755	Philadelphia Electric	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
838	Philadelphia Co.	40	39½	40
70	Philadelphia Co. pf.	40	40	40
3,302	Rapid Transit	11⅝	11½	11⅝
200	Rys. Co. Gen.	3	3	3
4,385	Reading	24 7-16	24	24¼
1	United Cos. of N. J.	270	270	270
208	United Gas Imp.	84⅜	84⅛	84¼
2	Union Traction	44	44	44
1,780	U. S. Steel	23⅞	23⅝	23⅝
27	United Ry. San Fran. pf.	41	41	41
38	Warwick Steel	4½	4½	4½

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 3.—The money market is unchanged. Last week's rates still prevail and business continues at a low ebb. Call loans, 3@4 per cent.; time loans on collateral, 5@6 per cent.; time loans on mercantile paper, 6 per cent.; Clearing House loans, 3 per cent.; New York funds, par. Clearings, $20,040,408; balances, $1,612,118. The foreign exchange market is weak in tone, but no change is shown in posted rates.

Changes in the copper issues to-day were of trivial proportions. There was not a share in the group that scored anything more than a fractional fluctuation. As a rule the changes were toward a higher level. In the general market the one feature of the day's business was the sharp decline in Dominion Coal.

Complete transactions were as follows:

Sales.	RAILROADS.	High.	Low.	Last.
345	Atchison	62½	61⅝	62
3	Boston Elevated	140	140	140
16	*Boston Elevated	137	137	137
19	B. & M.	172	172	172
1	B. & M. pf.	175	175	175
58	Mass. Elec.	22	22	22½
165	Mass. Elec. pf.	81	80	80
10	Mexican Central	15	15	15
109	N. Y., N. H. & H.	192¾	192	192
290	Union Pacific	75	74⅛	74¼
1	West End	90	90	90
1	West End pf.	110	110	110
	TELEPHONES.			
444	†American	131½	131¼	131¼
3,717	American rights	5⅞	5¾	5⅞
280	Mexican	1 1-16	1⅛	1⅛
300	Western	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
10	*Western pf.	83	83	83
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
310	Am. Ag. Chem.	16½	15	16½
56	Am. Sugar	116⅞	115¾	115⅞
41	Am. Sugar pf.	118⅝	118½	118½
100	Am. Woolen	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
64	Am. Woolen pf.	71½	70½	70½
69	Dom. Iron & Steel	12	11½	12
43	Edison	230	229	229
63	General Electric	162	162	162
862	Mass. Gas	34	33½	33¾
65	Mass. Gas pf.	78	77¾	78
55	N. E. Cotton Yarn pf.	85	85	85
12	*Pullman	215	215	215
20	Torrington pf.	25	25	25
20	United Shoe Mach.	46	45	46
25	United Shoe Mach. pf.	28	28	28
100	U. S. Rubber pf.	35	34½	34½
202	U. S. Steel	24	23⅝	23¾
58	*U. S. Steel pf.	71¾	71¼	71½
25	Westinghouse pf.	83	83	83
	MINING.			
100	‡Adventure	5½	5½	5½
404	*Amalgamated	41⅛	40½	41
210	Am. Gold Dredging	75c	70c	75c
50	Arcadian	2	2	2
5	Arnold	50c	50c	50c
25	Atlantic	9	9	9
100	Bingham	22	22	22
200	Centennial	15½	15	15
100	Con. Mercur	1¼	1¼	1¼
690	Copper Range	42	42	42½
78	Daly-West	29	29	29
1,375	Dominion Coal	90	87	89
20	Elm River	3	3	3
20	Franklin	8¼	8	8¼
383	Isle Royale	9	9	9
5	Mass	5½	5½	5½
5	Michigan	5	5	5
120	Mohawk	37	36½	37
725	‖Old Colony	1¼	1¼	1¼
715	Old Dominion	13½	13	13½
20	Osceola	61	60½	61
30	*Quincy	90	90	90
30	Santa Fe	1	1	1
220	Shannon	10½	9½	9½
875	Trinity	6⅝	6	6
410	U. S. Coal & Oil	10¼	10	10
265	United States	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
425	Utah	25	25	25
100	Winona	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
20	Wolverine	63	63	63

British Columbia, 3½ bid, 4½ asked.

*Ex dividend; ‖first installment paid; †ex rights; ‡assessment paid.

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 3.—The weekly statement of the Associated National Banks of Boston follows:

	Aug. 1.	Increase.
Loans	$184,502,000	*$2,083,000
Circulation	6,632,000	31,000
Deposits	189,160,000	176,000
United States Deposits	6,512,000	*5,000
Due Banks	59,320,000	*1,408,000
Due from agents	31,489,000	2,510,000
Exchanges	11,314,000	*227,000
Due from others	17,310,000	690,000
5 per cent. fund	245,750	1,750
Legals	4,540,000	*339,000
Specie	16,304,000	*207,000
Reserve excess	3,576,837	371
New York excess	11,800,837	2,108,871

*Decrease.

CHICAGO QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—New York exchange was at 15c discount to-day. Time and call loans, 4½@6 per cent.

In the stock market all activity was restricted to Metropolitan Elevated, which passed its regular quarterly dividends, and to Biscuit. The price changes in these stocks, however, were small.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am. Can	4½	4½	4½
160	Am. Can pf.	39⅞	39	39
24	Chicago City Railway	170	170	170
10	Chicago Title & Trust	33½	33⅛	33⅛
28	Diamond Match	130⅞	130	130⅞
125	Metropolitan Elevated pf.	83½	83	83
725	National Biscuit	39⅝	39½	39½
665	National Biscuit pf.	100⅝	100	100⅝
10	National Carbon pf.	92	92	92
40	Swift & Co.	104⅝	104	104
70	United Box Board pf.	18	18	18

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 3.—The market maintained a steady tone. Money on call was at 5@6 per cent.

Complete transactions for the day, amounting to 121 shares of stock and $32,700 worth of bonds, were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Seaboard Railway pf.	34¾	34¾	34¾
20	Md. Casualty	48	48	48
10	Continental	185	185	185
15	Union	62½	62½	62½
15	Merchants' Bank	66	66	66
10	Union Bank	117	117	117
	BONDS.			
$5,000	Seaboard Ry. 4s	77½	77½	77½
12,000	United Rys. & El. inc.	62⅝	62⅝	62⅝
6,000	United Rys. & Elec. 4s	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝
500	G. B. S. Brew. 1st	47	47	47
4,000	Atlantic Coast Line 4s	93	93	93
200	North Car. 4s, 1910	103	103	103
2,000	Consolidated Gas 4½s	100½	100½	100½
1,000	City Pass. 5s	106	106	106

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Aug. 3.—Complete stock transactions to-day were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
55	Brewing	21⅞	21½	21½
40	Brewing pf.	46	46	46
120	Crucible pf.	74	73½	73½
61	Fire-proofing	22	22½	22
65	Fire-proofing pf.	85	84	85
350	Manufacturers' L. & H.	84½	84	84½
8	Monon Water	38½	38½	38½
10	Philadelphia Co.	40	40	40
550	Pittsburg Coal	23⅞	23	23
1,321	Pittsburg Coal pf.	84⅞	84½	84½
16	River Coal pf.	34½	31½	31½
465	U. S. Steel	23⅞	23⅝	23⅝
320	U. S. Steel pf.	71⅝	71⅝	71⅝
55	Electric 2s	85	85	85
10	Colonial Trust	300	300	300
20	Com. Trust	225	225	225
30	D., F. & T.	240	240	240
10	Federal National Bank	160	160	160
45	Iron City Trust	145	145	145
$1000	Brewing 6s	110¾	110¾	110¾

TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the Division of Redemption, shows:

Available cash balance	$221,296,028
Gold	101,669,598
Silver	30,421,621
United States notes	11,897,278
Treasury notes of 1890	52,044
National banknotes	15,385,967
Total receipts this day	2,161,167
Total receipts this month	6,400,832
Total receipts this year	50,012,414
Total expenditures this day	1,620,000
Total expenditures this month	4,550,000
Total expenditures this year	60,988,169
Deposits in National banks	153,063,640
National banknotes received to-day for redemption	1,060,167
Government receipts from internal revenue	1,236,361
Customs	694,165
Miscellaneous	250,641

The condition of the Treasury, Divisions of Issue and Redemption, at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

RESERVE FUND.	
Gold coin and bullion	$150,000,000
TRUST FUNDS, DIVISION OF REDEMPTION.	
Gold coin	$412,642,869
Silver dollars	463,564,000
Silver dollars of 1890	2,997,444
Silver bullion of 1890	15,536,557
Total	$894,740,869
DIVISION OF ISSUE.	
Gold certificates outstanding	$412,642,869
Silver certificates outstanding	463,564,000
Treasury notes outstanding	18,534,000
Total	$894,740,869
GENERAL FUND.	
Gold coin and bullion	$73,348,226
Gold certificates	28,320,375
Silver coin and bullion	21,253,304
Silver certificates	9,066,318
United States notes	11,897,276
Other assets	26,312,600
Total in Treasury	$170,002,154
Deposits in National banks	155,963,640
Total	$325,965,604
Current liabilities	94,639,569
Available cash balance	231,326,035

OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

Business in the outside market yesterday was as small relatively as was that on the Stock Exchange, and in most cases the trading was too limited to bring about much change in price. Northern Securities was watched with even more than usual interest for further indications of the Street's estimate of the effects upon the affairs of the company of the decision handed down on Saturday in the case of the State of Minnesota against the Northern Securities Company. The details of the decision would seem to make it of more importance to the company than was at first thought, for the Sherman Anti-Trust act is specifically considered in the decision, and the conclusion reached by Judge Lochren is that the Northern Securities Company has not violated that act. This conflicts with the decision rendered in the suit by the United States Government against the Northern Securities Company under the Sherman act, and as far as it goes this fact is of advantage to the Northern Securities Company.

This view of the case was not at all reflected in the course of the stock yesterday, for the opening sale was the highest of the day and the last practically the lowest. On trading in less than 3,000 shares the stock showed a net loss of 1⅛ points from Saturday's close and a decline of 4⅝ points from the highest figure reached on Saturday after the announcement of the decision.

The principal transactions reported in the outside market yesterday, with the high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	American Can pf.	39⅞	39⅞	39⅞
2	Am. Light & Trac. pf.	93	93	93
50	Am. Writing Paper pf.	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝
400	Bay State Gas	3-16	3-16	3-16
150	Elec. Lead Reduction	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
200	Gold Hill Copper	½	½	½
1,200	Greene Cons. Copper	19⅞	19⅝	19⅝
100	Hackensack Meadows	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
100	Havana Tobacco	26	26	26
100	International Salt	10	10	10
10	Internat. Mer. Marine	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
210	Light, Fuel & Power	34½	34½	34½
240	Manhattan Transit	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜
600	Mont. & Bost. Copper	13-16	13-16	13-16
100	N. Y. Transportation	4½	4½	4½
2,147	Northern Securities	90	88⅜	88⅝
10	Otis Elevator	30⅞	30⅞	30⅞
27	Standard Oil	623	618	622
600	Tennessee Copper	27	25	27
2,300	Union Copper	1⅛	1	1
100	United Copper	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
200	United Gas & El. w. i. (Bay State Gas)	2	2	2
	Bonds.			
$4,000	†Internat. Silver deb. 6s	89⅝	88⅝	89⅝

†Sell flat.

QUOTATIONS—INACTIVE ISSUES.

Closing quotations of stocks compare as follows with the closing prices of Saturday:

Industrial and Miscellaneous.

	Aug. 3. Bid.	Asked.	Aug. 1. Bid.	Asked.
American Banknote	50	55	50	55
American Can	4	4½	4	4⅜
American Can pf.	39¼	40	39¼	40
American Chicle	110	114	110	114
American Chicle pf.	90	95	90	95
American De Forest	1	...	1	...
American Diesel Engine	15	17	15	17
American Elevated	¼	½	¼	½
American Malting 4s	65½	67	65½	67
Amer. Sparklets pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
American Typefounders	30	35	30	35
Amer. Typefounders pf.	90	95	90	95
Amer. Writing Paper	3	3¼	3	3¼
Amer. Writing Paper pf.	12⅝	12¾	12⅝	12¾
Amer. Writing Paper 5s	70	71	70	71
Bamberger De Lamar	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Borden's Cond. Milk	112	118	114	118
Bord. Cond. Milk pf.	105	107	105	107
British Columbia Copper	3	...	3	...
California Copper	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
Camden Land	1-16	[illegible]	2-16	[illegible]
Casein Co. of America	...	10	...	10
Casein Co. of Am. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Central Fireworks	20½	22	20½	22
Central Fireworks pf.	62	67	62	67
Central Foundry	2	3	2	3
Central Foundry pf.	10	14	10	14
Central Foundry 6s	55	60	55	60
Compressed Air	...	1½	...	1½
Con. Refrigerating	2½	3	2½	3
Con. Rubber Tire	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Con. Rubber Tire 4s	45	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Detroit & Mackinac	70	75	70	75
Detroit & Mackinac pf.	75	85	75	85
Dominion Securities	20	30	20	30
E. W. Bliss	140	160	140	160
E. W. Bliss pf.	140	160	140	160
Electric Boat	20	30	20	30
Electric Boat pf.	50	55	50	55
Electric Lead Reduction	1⅛	1½	1⅛	1½
Electric Lead Redu. pf.	5	7	5	7
Electric Vehicle	5	7	5	7
Electric Vehicle pf.	7	9	7	9
Electro-Pneumatic	½	...	½	...
Empire Steel	...	11	...	11
Empire Steel pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Erie Con. 4s	84	87	84	87
Fuel Oil Power	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gold Hill Copper	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Guggenheim Ex. 50% paid	102	108	108	112
Guggenheim Exploration	110	120	110	120
Hackensack Meadows	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hall Signal	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Havana Tobacco	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Havana Tobacco pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Houston Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Houston Oil pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Inter. Rapid Transit	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Inter. Mer. Marine	4½	5	4½	5
Inter. Mer. Marine pf.	15⅞	20	17½	20
Inter. Mer. Marine 4½s	97½	100	97½	100
International Salt	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
International Salt 5s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Internat. Silver 1st 6s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Internat. Silver deb. 6s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Inter. Silver	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Inter. Silver pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kitchener Mining	[illegible]	7-16	[illegible]	7-16
Lackaw. Steel 60% paid	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lackaw. Steel full paid	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lack. St. 5s, 50% paid	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lanston Monotype	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Maine Steamship	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Maine Steamship 5s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Marconi Wireless of Can.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mex. Nat. C. $17 pd. ctf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mont. & Boston Copper	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
N. Y. Transportation	4½	5	4½	5
North. Am. L. & Pulp	...	1	...	1
Oppenheimer Institute	...	20	...	20
Oppenheimer Institute pf.	...	90	...	90
Otis Elevator	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Otis Elevator pf.	85	91	86	91
Pacific Pack. & Nav.	...	1½	...	1½
Pacific Pack. & Nav. pf.	1½	3	1½	3
Peoria, Dec. & Evansv.	...	¾	...	¾
Royal Baking Powder pf.	99½	101	99½	101
Safety Car Heating	164	170	165	175
Seaboard Air Line	18	19½	19	19½
Seaboard Air Line pf.	34	34⅞	34	34⅞
Seminole Mining	⅜	...	½	...
Simpson-Crawford	30	35	30	35
Simpson-Crawford 6s	75	85	75	85
South Elberon Land 5s	...	85	...	85
Standard Coupler	30	35	30	35
Standard Coupler pf.	125	135	125	135
Standard Milling	4½	5	4	5
Standard Milling pf.	18	21	18	21
Standard Milling 5s	69	72½	69	72½
Standard Oil	610	620	615	625
Storage Power	3-16	5-16	3-16	5-16
Tennessee Copper	25½	26	25	26
Tonopah Mining	6	7	6	7
Trenton Potteries	12	16	12	16
Trenton Potteries pf.	85	95	90	95
Trenton Potteries deb.	60	75	60	75
Union Copper	1	1⅛	1	1⅛
Union Typewriter	105	113	105	113
Union Typewriter 1st pf.	113	115	113	115
Union Typewriter 2d pf.	113	116	113	116
United Box Board	2	2½	2	2½
United Box Board pf.	18	18½	18	18½
United Copper	14½	17	14½	17
U. S. Cotton Duck	1½	3	1½	3
U. S. Light & Heat	5½	6½	5½	6½
Universal Tobacco	¾	1¼	¾	1¼
Universal Tobacco pf.	2	5	2	5
Virginia & Southwestern	30	...	30	50
White Knob Copper	8⅜	9⅝	8⅝	9⅞
White Knob Cop. con. 6s	110	130	110	130
Street Railways.				
Broadway & 7th Av.	245	247	245	247
Broadway & 7th Av. 1st	99	100	99	100
Broadway & 7th Av. 2d	104	107	104	107
Broadway Surface 1st 5s	105	106	105	106
Broadway Surface 2d	98½	100½	98½	100½
Brooklyn, B. & W. E. 5s	99	103	99	103
Brooklyn City Railroads	236	236	233	236
Brook. R. T. new 4s	78¾	80⅛	78¾	80⅛
Central Park, N. & E. R.	200	210	200	210
Cen. Traction of N. J.	64	67	64	67
Con. Traction 5s	104	104½	104	104½
Eighth Avenue Railroad	400	415	400	415
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 1st	105	108	105	108
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 2d	95	100	95	100
Grand Rapids St. Ry.	45	53	45	53
Grand Rapids St. Ry. pf.	85	90	85	90
Jersey City, H. & P.	15	18	15	18
Jersey City, H. & P. 4s	72	74	72	74
Nassau Electric 4s	78	80	78	80
New Orleans Rys.	10½	...	10½	...
New Orleans Rys. pf.	35	40	35	40
New Orleans Rys. 4½s	78	84	78	84
Ninth Avenue R. R.	190	210	190	210
North Jersey St. Ry.	18	20	18	20
North Jersey St. Ry. 4s	72	75	72	75
St. Louis Transit	19	20	19½	21
St. Louis Tr. 5% notes	94½	96	94½	96
Second Av. R. R. cons.	111	114	111	114
Sixth Avenue R. R.	170	180	170	180
Steinway R. R. Co. 1st 6s	114	116	114	116
Syracuse Rapid Transit	25	30	25	30
Syracuse Rapid Tr. pf.	70	75	70	75
28th and 29th St. 5s	108½	110½	108½	110½
Union Railway 1st 5s	113	115	113	115
United Rys. of St. L. pf.	64½	68	67	70
United Traction, Prov.	95	99	95	99
United Traction bonds	109½	112	109½	112
Wash. Ry. & Electric	10	...	10	...
Wash. Ry. & Elec. pf.	56¼	57½	56¼	57½
Wash. Ry. & Elec. 4s	72	73	72	73
Gas Companies.				
Amer. Light & Traction	57½	60	57½	60
Amer. Light & Trac. pf.	89	94	89	94
Bay State Gas	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
Buffalo Gas	4	6	4	6
Cent. Union Gas gtd. 5s	107½	109	107½	109
Con. Gas of N. J. 5s	87	91	87	91
Consum. Gas (J. C.) bds.	100	102	100	102
Denver Gas	20½	22½	20½	22½
Denver Gas 5s	80	84	80	84
Denver Gas 6s	80	84	80	84
Indianapolis Gas	60	70	60	70
Indianapolis Gas 6s	104½	106	104½	106
Mutual Gas	250	285	250	285
New Amsterdam Gas 5s	106½	107½	106½	107½
N. Y. & E. R. Gas Co. 1st 5s	108	111	108	111
N. Y. & E. R. Gas Co. con. 5s	105	108	105	108
Northern Union Gas 5s	105	106½	105	106½
Ohio & Indiana Gas	8	12	8	12
St. Joseph (Mo.) 5s	90	94	90	94
St. Paul Gas 5s	87	90	87	90
Syracuse Gas 1st 5s	94	95½	94	95½
Ferry Companies.				
Brooklyn Ferry	3	6	3	6
East River Ferry	80	85	80	85
East River Ferry 5s	90	95	90	95
Hoboken Ferry 1st 5s	108	110	108	110
N. Y. & Hob. con. 5s	102½	104	102½	104
Union Ferry	35	38	35	38
Union Ferry 5s	93	95	93	95

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 3.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and Saturday were as follows:

	Monday.	Saturday.
Alta	.06	.06
Alpha Consolidated	.08	.08
Andes	.08	.07
Belcher	.41	.30
Best & Belcher	1.75	1.90
Bullion	.04	.05
Caledonia	1.35	1.35
Challenge Consolidated	.42	.43
Chollar	.19	.19
Confidence	1.10	1.10
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.50	1.50
Consolidated Imperial	.03	.03
Crown Point	.23	.21
Gould & Curry	.41	.40
Hale & Norcross	.46	.46
Julia	.02	.02
Justice	.13	.13
Kentucky Consolidated	.02	.03
Lady Washington Consolidated	.05	...
Mexican	1.10	1.10
Occidental Consolidated	.36	.36
Ophir	1.60	1.65
Overman	.27	.26
Potosi	.21	.20
Savage	.17	.16
Seg. Belcher	.14	.16
Sierra Nevada	.56	.57
Syndicate	.06	.05
St. Louis	.18	.18
Union Consolidated	.82	.81
Utah Consolidated	.34	.34
Yellow Jacket	.60	.60
Silver Bars	.54⅝	.54⅝
Mexican dollars	.42@.42½	.42@.42½
Drafts, sight	.07½	.07½
Telegraph	.10	.10

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Aug. 3.—Gardner & Co. report closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and Saturday as follows:

	Monday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
Acacia	6½	7¼	6½	7¼
American	1½	2½	1½	2½
Anaconda	10	11	10	11
Blue Bell	5	5¾	9	12
C. C. Con.	4	5	4	4½
C., K. & N.	19	19½	19¼	20
C. C. & M.	2¼	2¾	2¼	2¾
Coriolanus	1¾	2¼	1½	2¼
Dante	1½	2¼	1½	2½
Doctor Jackpot	3¼	5	3¾	5
Elkton	40	42	40	42
El Paso	52½	53½	53	55
Findlay	13	13½	12½	14½
Golden Cycle	63½	66	63½	66
Gold Bond	1½	2	1½	2
Gould	2	2½	2½	3
Gold Dollar	4	4½	3¾	4½
Golden Fleece	6	20	...	20
Gold Sovereign	3	3¾	...	3¾
Gold Exploration	1½	2	1½	2
Isabella	10½	10¾	10½	10¾
Jackpot	8	10	8	10
Keystone	3¾	4	3¾	4
Last Dollar	35	50	35	50
Lexington	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾
Little Bessie	2¼	2¾	2¼	2¾
Little Puck	2	3	2	3
Mollie Gibson	5	6	5	5½
Moon Anchor	8	10	8½	8¾
Mary Cashen	1¼	2	1¾	2¾
New Haven	2½	2¾	2½	3½
Old Gold	6½	7	6½	7
Pinnacle	2	3½	3	3¾
Pharmacist	3½	3¾	2½	3¾
Portland	120	123	119½	125
Rose Nicol	1	2	1	2
Rose Maud	1¼	2	1½	2
Sunset Eclipse	1¾	2½	1¾	2½
Vindicator	70	85	80	85
Work	5	5½	5	5½

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1903.	1902.	1901.
UNITED TRACTION OF ALBANY—			
Month July	$143,260	$130,576	......
WABASH—			
Mileage	2,484	2,484	2,356
4th week July	678,904	620,257	545,974
Month	2,000,153	1,721,530	1,552,339
WISCONSIN CENTRAL—			
Mileage	977	977	977
4th week July	202,400	174,041	150,188
Month July	614,533	531,067	490,716

COLORADO & SOUTHERN for June—

	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Gross earnings	556,777	534,404	22,373
Oper. expenses	377,721	357,692	20,029
Net earnings	179,056	176,712	2,340
Taxes	34,995	23,046	11,949
Surplus	144,061	153,670	*9,609
Fiscal year:			
Gross earnings	6,142,989	5,580,327	562,662
Oper. expenses	4,674,481	4,044,244	630,237
Net earnings	1,468,508	1,536,083	*67,575
Taxes	235,630	218,180	17,450
Surplus	1,234,678	1,319,903	*85,025

*Decrease.

GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA for June—

	1903.	1902.	1901.
Gross earnings	140,461	105,466	97,628
Exp. & taxes	116,192	84,796	76,710
Net earnings	24,279	20,670	20,907
For fiscal year:			
Gross earnings	1,303,191	1,250,676	1,208,217
Exp. & taxes	1,234,402	955,906	905,114
Net earnings	300,788	294,970	300,067

KANAWHA & MICHIGAN for June—

	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Gross earnings	147,440	74,576	72,864
Op. exp. & taxes	118,446	83,744	34,702
Net earnings	28,994	†9,168	38,162
Other income	1,107	985	122
Total income	30,101	†8,183	38,284
Fixed charges	18,364	12,238	6,126
Surplus	11,737	†20,421	32,158
Fiscal year:			
Gross earnings	1,251,232	1,096,330	154,902
Op. exp. & taxes	1,149,203	886,258	262,945
Net earnings	102,019	210,001	*77,982
Other income	7,112	7,148	*36
Total income	139,131	217,149	*78,018
Fixed charges	198,484	140,794	57,690
Deficit	59,353	‡76,355	135,708

*Decrease. †Deficit. ‡Surplus.

The Long Island reports an increase of $31,436 in gross and decrease of $45,786 in net for June, and an increase of $557,395 in gross and decrease of $119,052 in net for the fiscal year.

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA & ST. LOUIS for June—

	1903.	1902.	1901.
Gross earnings	877,676	720,509	532,263
Expenses	655,106	498,227	342,165
Net earnings	219,570	226,282	190,098
Charges	149,680	145,327	......
Surplus	69,890	83,955	......
For fiscal year:			
Gross earnings	9,606,370	7,892,550	7,620,128
Expenses	6,995,604	5,682,114	5,111,126
Net earnings	2,610,766	2,210,416	2,509,002
Charges	1,800,351	1,822,636	......

ORANGE COUNTY TRACTION for the quarter ended June 30—

	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Gross earnings	26,326	25,354	972
Op. expenses	18,481	14,970	3,511
Net earnings	7,845	10,384	*2,539
Fixed charges	31,287	18,197	13,090
Net deficit, all sources	23,442	7,813	15,629
Total deficit for year	26,486	18,653	7,833

*Decrease.

SCHENECTADY RAILWAY for quarter ended June 30—

Gross earnings	165,035	99,242	65,793
Op. expenses	106,360	84,372	21,988
Net earnings	58,675	14,871	43,804
Other income	25,631	12,222	13,409
Total income	84,306	27,093	57,213
Fixed charges	35,832	20,351	15,481
Surplus	48,474	6,742	41,732
Net income, year	78,506	17,198	61,308
Op. cost (quarter) exclud. taxes	64.4	85.2	*20.8
Op. cost (quarter) includ. taxes	66.7	86.9	*20.2

*Decrease.

SOUTHERN INDIANA for the six months ended June 30—

Gross earnings	493,960	319,340	174,620
Op. expenses	242,189	183,475	58,726
Net earnings	251,771	135,874	115,897
Fiscal year:			
Gross earnings	942,572	630,195	312,377
Op. expenses	460,545	352,342	108,203
Net earnings	482,027	277,853	204,174
Total charges	224,600	183,153	41,447
Surplus	257,427	94,700	162,700
Previous surplus	259,224	......	......
Unclaimed wages	169	......	......
Profit and loss surplus	516,820	......	......

TOLEDO & OHIO CENTRAL for June—

	1903.	1902.	1901.
Gross earnings	363,914	253,250	250,229
Exp. and taxes	247,097	159,700	169,481
Net earnings	116,817	93,549	81,348
Net income	73,266	24,853	43,248
Total income	123,226	63,512	81,843
Fixed charges	49,061	38,550	38,100
Fiscal year:			
Gross earnings	2,438,371	2,863,807	2,571,722
Exp. and taxes	2,650,951	2,264,625	1,966,633
Net earnings	773,020	599,182	635,089
Total income	811,815	616,771	642,514
Fixed charges	493,984	477,165	432,158
Net income	317,831	139,605	210,356

NOTES OF INSURANCE INTERESTS.

Commissioner Luling of the Kansas State Insurance Department is engaged in a search for evidence against so-called "underground" fire insurance concerns which are said to be flooding that State with literature preliminary to an effort to conduct underwriting operations there.

The Insurance Surveyor of St. Louis has issued a schedule of the revised estimates on all risks equipped with automatic sprinklers in St. Louis. The estimate shows reductions of 5 to 10 per cent., according to the risk. The estimates are effective to-day and do not apply to insurance in force to date.

The Southeastern Tariff Association (fire underwriters) has named the following Arbitration Committee to serve during the ensuing year: Chairman, A. H. Wray; H. F. Atwood, G. W. Babb, E. B. Clark, Milton Dargan, E. S. Gay, W. N. Kremer, C. F. Low, A. G. McIlwaine, Edward Milligan, H. C. Stockdell, J. H. Stoddard, S. Y. Tupper, J. H. Washburn, and G. S. A. Young. The association has also established a stamping office at Richmond, Va., in charge of R. T. Caldwell as special agent, to supervise all daily reports and indorsements.

TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Monday, Aug. 3, 1903.

Adams Exp 4s	
3,000	104
6,000	103¾
Ann Arbor 1st 4s	
1,000	94½
A, T & S Fe gen 4s	
22,000	98¼
5,000	98⅛
2,000	99¼
5,000	98⅞
1,000	98⅞
Adjustment 4s stamped	
5,000	88⅝
5,000-3	88
B & O pr lien 3½s	
1,000	92
5,000c	92¼
5,000	92⅛
gold 4s	
12,000	100⅝
11,000	101
9,000	100⅞
2,000	100⅝
1,000	100¾
S Wn div 3½s	
2,000	87⅝
P, L E & W V 4s	
1,000	96
Bklyn Un Gas 5s	
1,000	115
Canada So 1st	
10,000	102¾
Cen of Ga con 5s	
1,000	103¾
15,000	104
4,000	103⅞
C of N J gen 5s	
2,000	127
Cen Pac gtd 3½s	
26,000	83¾
Ches & O gen 4½s	
3,000	102⅜
C, B & Q 4s, joint bds	
27,000	89¾
3,000	89⅝
Chi & N W deb 5s, 1909	
3,000	105½
C, R I & P gen 4s	
6,000	101
C, R I & P R R 4s	
4,000	78
2,000	77½
5,000	77⅝
1,000	77⅞
20,000	77½
10,000	77¾
1,000	76¾
10,000	77
1,000	76½
C, R I & P R R coll trust 5s	
12,000	77¼
1,000	76
C, R I & P col 4s, series P	
3,000	95
Chi Ter Tran 4s	
7,000	73
Consol Tob 4s	
3,000	55¾
1,000	55½
2,000	55⅝
2,000	55½
1,000	55⅝
Det, M & M land grant 3½s	
2,000	83¼
3,000	84
10,000	83⅝
1,000	83¾
Dist Sec Cor 5s	
3,000	61⅝
13,000	61
Elg, J & E 1st 5s	
3,000	115
Erie 1st con 4s	
1,000	96⅛
Erie 1st gen 4s	
1,000	83½
Flint & Pere M, Pt Hur div 5s	
3,000	107½
1,000	107
Green Bay & Wn deb ctfs B	
4,000	11½
Hoc Val 1st 4½s	
6,000	104⅛
Kan City So 3s	
2,000	66
L V of N Y gtd 4½s	
4,000	106½
L & N unified 4s	
12,000	98⅝
L & N, So Ry joint 4s	
3,000	84⅝
10,000	84½
Mex Cen 1st inc	
5,000	17½
10,000	17⅛
10,000	17
Mex Cen 4½s	
5,000	93⅛
5,000	93¾
M, K & T 1st 4s	
3,000	98¾
M, K & T of Tex 5s	
6,000	98
Mo P 1st con 6s	
5,000	118
Mo Pac trust 5s	
5,000	104
N Y C & H R gen 3½s	
1,000c	96
5,000	96
N Y C & H R, L S col 3½s	
1,000	86
N Y C & St L 4s	
5,000	102
N Y, O & W ref 4s	
1,000	101
Nor Pac 4s	
3,000	100
Nor Pac gen 3s	
1,000	70½
Or R & N con 4s	
6,000	97¼
Oregon S L 4s & partcptg	
3,000	89½
1st con 5s	
1,000	110½
Penn con 3½s	
11,000	95½
20,000	95¼
Peo & E inc 4s	
1,000	61
Reading gen 4s	
5,000	94½
1,000	94⅝
1,000	94¼
Reading, Jer Cen coll 4s	
1,000	91½
14,000	91½
Rio Gde So 1st	
10,000	75
St L, I M & So gen 5s stamped gtd	
10,000	111
St L I M & So unif & ref 4s	
5,000	88
St L & San F Ry gen 5s	
1,000	109
St L & S F R R refund 4s	
15,000	82⅝
38,000	82
10,000	82¼
3,000	82
St L Southw 1st 4s	
1,000	88½
Scioto V & N E 4s	
1,000	97
2,000s20f	97
So Pac 4s	
3,000	85¼
1,000	85⅞
1,000	85½
So Pac, Cal con 5s stamped	
5,000	107
So Ry 1st 5s	
5,000	112½
1,000-3	112½
4,000	112⅛
Un Pac 1st 4s	
49,000	99⅛
Un Pac con 4s	
5,000	93½
10,000	93⅝
2,000	93¾
27,000	93⅝
3,000	93½
U S Steel Corp skg fund 5s	
90,000	80½
1,000	80⅝
11,000	80⅛
5,000	80¼
2,000	80⅜
8,000	80½
11,000	80¼
71,000	80
registered 500	80¼
Va Iron C & C 5s	
6,000	75
Wabash 1st 5s	
1,000	115
1,000	115⅛
Wabash deb B	
3,000	59⅛
West Shore 4s	
3,000	107½
registered 10,000	106
W & L E 1st con 4s	
4,000	88⅛
5,000	88
Total sales	$984,500

THE CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

TRANSACTIONS IN STOCKS.

Monday, Aug. 3, 1903.

Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,470	Amal. Copper	41	41⅛	40⅜	40⅜
270	Am. Car & Fdy.	32⅝	32⅝	32⅜	32⅜
10	American Ice	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
50	Am. Smelting	40½	40⅞	40⅜	40⅞
30	Am. Sugar	115⅞	115⅞	115⅜	115⅜
3,710	A. T. & S. F.	62⅛	62⅛	61⅜	61⅛
30	A. T. & S. F. pf.	89⅛	89⅛	89⅛	89⅛
810	Balt. & Ohio	82¾	83	82⅜	82¾
1,500	Brook. R. T.	45⅛	45⅛	44⅝	45
300	Can. Pacific	122⅜	122⅜	122⅜	122⅜
30	Chi. & Alton	21¼	21¼	21⅛	21⅛
30	Chi. Gt. West	15⅛	15⅛	15	15⅛
4,070	C., M. & St. P.	141⅛	141⅛	140⅝	140⅝
1,730	Erie	28⅛	28⅛	28	28⅛
30	Erie 1st pf.	67	67	66⅞	66⅞
40	Ill. Central	130⅜	130⅜	130	130
250	Manhattan	133	133	132¾	132¾
210	Met. Street	119⅜	119⅜	119	119
130	Mex. Central	15⅛	15⅛	14⅞	15
10	Mo., K. & T. pf.	39⅜	39⅜	39⅜	39⅜
2,560	Mo. Pacific	97⅝	97⅞	97	97⅜
1,830	N. Y. Central	119⅝	119⅝	119	119⅝
30	N. Y., O. & W.	23	23	22¾	22¾
1,290	Pennsylvania	123⅝	123⅝	123	123
20	People's Gas	94	94	94	94
5,210	Reading	48⅜	48⅜	47⅞	48⅛
1,040	Rock Island	25⅝	25⅝	25⅛	25⅜
1,750	South. Pacific	43⅛	43⅛	42⅞	42⅞
130	Southern Ry.	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
290	Tenn. Coal & I.	39	39	38⅞	39
20	Texas Pacific	25¼	25¼	25¼	25¼
6,000	Union Pacific	74⅝	75	73⅞	74⅝
90	U. S. Leather	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
2,000	U. S. Steel	23⅞	23⅞	23⅝	23⅝
280	U. S. Steel pf.	71⅝	71⅝	71⅛	71½
10	Wis. Central	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
38,050					

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing quotations for Government bonds and for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	106⅜	107⅜	Jol. & Chi.	150	...
2s, c., 1930	106⅜	107⅜	Kan. & M.	25	35
3s, r., 1918	106¼	108	K. C. S. pf.	35⅛	35⅝
3s, c., 1918	106½	108	K. & D. M.	20	30
3s, 1918, sm.	106½	...	K. & D. M. pf.	45	55
4s, r., 1907	109½	111¼	L. E. & W.	28	30
4s, c., 1907	109½	111½	L. E. & W. pf.	94	100
4s, r., 1925	134¼	135	Man. Beach	8	10
4s, c., 1925	134¼	135¼	M. W. S. El., Chi.	15	20
5s, r., 1904	101½	102¼	M. W. S. El., Chi. pf.	56	60
5s, c., 1904	101⅛	102⅛	Mich. Cent.	115	135
D. C. 3-65s	120	...	M. & St. L. pf.	85	95
Alb. & Sus.	232	...	Mo., K. & T. pf.	38¾	40
Allis-Chalm.	12	12½	N. C. & St. L.	96	100
Allis-Ch. pf.	...	85	Nat. Enam.	23	25
Am. Ag. Ch.	15	16	Nat. En. pf.	80	85
A. A. C. pf.	74¾	80	N. R. R. of Mex. def.	10	...
Am. B. Sug.	25	33	N. Cent. C.	47	49
A. B. S. pf.	...	80	N. Y. B. & M. B. pf.	95	115
Am. Bicycle	...	¾	N. Y. C. & St. L.	25	34½
Am. Bic. pf.	¼	1	N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st pf.	103	112
Am. Coal	200	250	N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	62	65
A. C. O. pf.	84	90	N. Y. D. Co.	16	20
Am. D. Tel.	25	35	N. Y. D. Co. pf.	46	54
Am. Exp.	180	185	N. Y. & N. J. Tel.	...	161
Am. Gr. Tw.	5	10	N. & W. pf.	85	90
A. H. & L.	2½	5	Ont. Mining	4	...
A. L. Co. pf.	80¾	85	Pac. Coast	44	48
Am. Snuff	95	110	P. C. 1st pf.	92	107
Am. Sn. pf.	87¾	90	P. C. 2d pf.	54	60
A. S. F. pf.	50	60	Peo. & East.	18	22
A. T. & C.	77	82	Pere M. pf.	75	80
A. T. & T.	131	132	P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	95	...
Am. Tob. pf.	137	150	P., Ft. W. & C.	180	...
A. W. Co. pf.	68½	71	P., Ft. W. & C. sp.	170	...
An. Cop. M.	70	74	P. S. C. pf.	30¼	37½
Ann Arbor	30	35	Quicksilver	1	1½
Ann A. pf.	58	62	Quicksil'r pf.	5⅛	6¼
A. M. 1st pf.	88	98	R. R. S. I. C. stk. ctfs.	70	80
Atl. C. Line	100	110	R. S. S. pf.	80	82
B. A. L. pf.	108	...	Rdg. 1st pf.	80¾	81¼
B. Un. G.	192	200	Rens. & Sar.	202	...
B. R. & P.	135	145	R. I. & S.	11½	12
B. R. & P. pf.	140	150	R. W. & O.	135	...
Butterick Co.	42	43½	St. J. & G. I.	9¼	10½
C. R. R. of N. J.	161½	163½	St. J. & G. I. 2d pf.	17	19
C., B. & Q.	170	200	St. L. & S. F. ctfs.	30½	...
C. G. W. pf. A	72	74½	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	68	70
C. G. W. d.	86½	87½	St. L. & S. F. C. & I. ctfs.	...	100
C., M. & St. P. pf.	171	173	St. L. & S. F. C. & I. pf. ctfs.	107½	120
C., St. P., M. & Om.	130	160	So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	85	98
C., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	170	180	S. R. & T.	2¼	3
C. T. & T.	10½	10¾	T. P. L. Tr.	25	30
Chi. Un. Tr.	4	4½	Third Av.	112	117
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	105	110	T. P. & W.	17	20½
C. L. & W.	55	65	T., R. & L.	22½	33½
C. L. & W. pf.	65	75	Tol., St. L. & W.	20¼	21½
Cleve. & P.	181	190	T. C. R. T.	84	84½
C. F. & I. pf.	...	100	Un. Fruit	90	95
C. & H. C. & Iron	14	15	U. Rys. Inv.	15½	16
Com. Cable	140	165	U. S. Exp.	99	105
Consol. Coal	70	80	U. S. L. pf.	80¼	80⅝
Del. & Hud.	163	165	Va. I., C. & C.	32	38
D. L. & W.	242	248	Wabash pf.	36½	37½
D. & R. G. pf.	72	73½	W.-F. Exp.	185	215
Det. South.	9½	10½	Westinghouse assenting	160	170
Det. So. pf.	18	20	Westinghouse 1st pf.	170	180
D. C. of A. pf.	30	40	W. & L. E. 1st pf.	50	51
D. S. S. & A.	9	11	W. & L. E. 2d pf.	28½	29
D. S. S. & A. pf.	13¾	18			
Ft. Stg. Bat.	...	60			
Erie 2d pf.	49	49½			
Ev. & T. H. pf.	70	85			
Gen. Ch. Co.	64	70			
G. C. Co. pf.	96	100			
St. Nor. pf.	170	180			
Hock. Val.	71¼	74			
Homestake	...	55			
Ill. C. l. l.	100	105			
I. P. Co. pf.	65	67			
Int. Power	42	48			
Int. S. P.	33¼	35½			
I. & P. pf.	72	79			
Iowa Cent.	18	19			

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Complete Transactions in Stocks—Monday, Aug. 3, 1903.

Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	†Net Change.
221	225	100	Adams Express	221	221	221	221	[illegible]
40¾	40⅞	4,520	*Amalgamated Cop. Co.	41	41⅛	40⅝	40⅞	— ⅛
32½	32¾	675	Am. Car & F. Co.	32½	32¾	32½	32¾	[illegible]
85	86	200	Am. Car & F. Co. pf.	85	85	85	85	[illegible]
30	32	100	American Cotton Oil	30	30	30	30	+ ½
15	18	300	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	15	15	15	15	[illegible]
6¼	6¾	200	*Am. Ice Co.	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	200	*Am. Ice Co. pf.	23	23	23	23	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	1,400	*Am. Linseed Co.	9¼	9½	9¼	9½	[illegible]
17½	18	700	*Am. Locomotive Co.	18	18	17½	17½	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	*Am. Locomo. Co. pf.	83½	83½	83½	83½	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	500	*Am. Malting Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	200	*Am. Malting Co. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	150	*Am. S. & R. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	312	*Am. S. & R. Co. pf.	90½	90½	90½	90½	[illegible]
9	11	200	Am. Steel Foundries	10	10	10	10	[illegible]
115	116	700	*Am. Sug. Ref. Co.	115⅛	115⅛	115⅛	115⅛	[illegible]
118	119	145	*Am. Sug. Ref. Co. pf.	118	118	118	118	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	Am. T. & T. Co. rights	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
9	10	500	*Am. Woolen Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	34,600	Atch., Top. & S. F.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	645	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	3,125	Baltimore & Ohio	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	1,210	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
44½	45	2,050	Brooklyn Rapid Trans.	45½	45½	44½	45	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	Brunswick City	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
60½	61	100	Canada Southern	60½	60½	60½	60½	[illegible]
122¾	122⅞	1,500	Canadian Pacific	123	123	122½	122⅞	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	600	Chesapeake & Ohio	33⅛	33⅛	32½	32¾	[illegible]
21½	21¾	300	Chicago & Alton	21	21½	20⅞	21	[illegible]
64	64¾	100	Chicago & Alton pf.	64	64	64	64	[illegible]
120	130	100	Chi. & Eastern Ill. pf.	120	120	120	120	—5
15½	15⅝	710	Chi. Great Western	15⅝	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	300	Chi. Great West. pf. B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
140¾	140⅞	5,400	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	141	141⅛	140⅛	140⅝	[illegible]
164¾	165½	400	Chicago & Northw.	166	166	164½	164½	—1½
198	200	600	Chicago & Northw. pf.	199½	200	199½	200	[illegible]
19½	20	100	Chi. Term. Trans. pf.	20½	20½	20½	20½	+ ⅛
70	71	200	C., C., C. & St. L.	71	71	71	71	[illegible]
44½	45	100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	44¾	44¾	44½	44½	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	135	Col. Southern	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
51½	52½	100	Col. Southern 1st pf.	51½	51½	51½	51½	[illegible]
21½	22½	100	Col. Southern 2d pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
185	186	200	Consolidated Gas	186⅛	186⅛	185½	186⅛	[illegible]
103	105	20	*Con. Tobacco Co. pf.	105½	105½	105½	105½	[illegible]
28	29	245	Corn Products Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
79½	80½	350	Corn Products Co. pf.	[illegible]	80	79½	80	+1
24	25	100	Denver & Rio Grande	24	24	24	24	[illegible]
18	19	400	Des Moines & Ft. D.	19	19	19	19	[illegible]
69½	70	100	Detroit United Ry.	70	70	70	70	— ¼
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	*Distillers' Securities	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	6,600	Erie	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	2,140	Erie 1st pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
50	55	400	Evansville & T. H.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
160	161¼	200	General Electric	162	162	160½	160½	[illegible]
83	85	200	Hocking Valley pf.	85	85	85	85	[illegible]
129¾	130	730	Illinois Central	130	130	129½	129¾	[illegible]
11	11¼	200	International Paper	11½	11½	11½	11½	[illegible]
34	35	100	Iowa Central pf.	34	34	34	34	[illegible]
68½	69½	300	K. C., Ft. S. & M. pf.	69	69½	69	69½	[illegible]
21	22	200	Kansas City Southern	21	21½	21	21½	[illegible]
60	63	100	Long Island	62	62	62	62	[illegible]
103⅞	104	700	Louisville & Nashville	104⅜	104⅜	104	104	[illegible]
132⅞	133½	1,352	Manhattan Elevated	133	133	132½	133⅛	[illegible]
90	100	15	Maryland Coal pf.	100	100	100	100	[illegible]
80½	81	400	*Met. Securities	80	80	80	80½	[illegible]
119	119½	1,110	*Met. Street Railway	119	119½	119	119	[illegible]
14½	14¾	5,400	Mexican Central	15	15⅛	14½	14½	[illegible]
51	55	400	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	51	51	50½	50½	[illegible]
125½	127½	1,200	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	127	128	125½	127½	[illegible]
19¼	20¼	100	Mo. Kansas & Texas	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	6,600	Missouri Pacific	97¾	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	14	*Nat. Biscuit Co.	37	37	37	37	[illegible]
100	100½	800	*Nat. Biscuit Co. pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	[illegible]
14½	15	100	*National Lead Co.	14½	14½	14½	14½	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	42	*National Lead Co. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	400	Nat. R. R. of Mex. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	Nat. R. R. of M. 2d pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
125	130	210	*New York Air Brake	127	127	127	127	[illegible]
119	119½	6,800	New York Central	119¼	119¾	119	119¾	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	125	N. Y., N. H. & H.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
22½	[illegible]	1,000	N. Y., Ont. & Western	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	22½	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	600	Norfolk & Western	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	77	600	North American	78	78½	77	77	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	600	Pacific Mail	20	20	20	20	[illegible]
122⅝	123	15,050	Penn. Railroad	123⅝	123⅝	122½	122⅞	[illegible]
94¾	94⅞	1,010	People's Gas	95	95	94⅝	94⅞	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	Pere Marquette	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	200	P., C., C. & St. L.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
44½	45	270	Pressed Steel Car	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
216	217½	300	Pullman Company	216	216½	216	216½	+1½
[illegible]	27	100	*Railway Steel Spring	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	6,500	Reading	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	400	Reading 2d pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	200	*Republic Iron & S. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	16,500	Rock Island Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	400	Rock Island Co. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	800	*Rub. Goods Mfg. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	250	*Rub. Goods M. Co. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	St. J. & G. Isl. 1st pf.	37	37	37	37	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	600	St. L. & San F. 2d pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
14	14½	110	St. Louis Southwestern	14	14	14	14	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	300	St. Louis Southw. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	300	Sloss-Sh. St. & I. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	43½	7,170	Southern Pacific	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	500	Southern Ry. ext.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	86	600	Southern Ry. pf., ext.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	510	Tenn. Coal & Iron	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	25¾	200	*Texas Pacific	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	245	T., St. L. & W. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	74	27,145	Union Pacific	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	240	Union Pacific pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	627	United Rys. Invest. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	*United States Leather	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	900	U. S. Realty & Con.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	1,525	U. S. Realty & Con. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
9	10	200	United States Rubber	10	10	10	10	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	1,400	United States Rub. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	12,000	United States Steel	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	United States Steel pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	2,481	Va.-Caro. Chemical	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	100	75	Va.-Caro. Chemical pf.	100½	100½	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
21½	22	100	Wabash	21½	21½	21½	21½	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	200	Western Union Tel.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
15	16	125	Wheeling & Lake Erie	15	15	15	15	[illegible]
17¼	17½	535	Wisconsin Central	17½	17½	17¼	17½	[illegible]
37½	38	200	Wisconsin Central pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Sales......309,148 | *Unlisted. †From last previous sale.

BULLION AND MINING.

Bar silver was quoted in London at 26 5-16d per ounce and in New York at 56½c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 42½c.

On the Consolidated Exchange 300 shares of Alta sold at .05, 300 Consolidated California and Virginia at 1.45, 1,000 Cripple Creek Consolidated at .06½, 200 Elkton at .45, 1,000 Gold Dollar at .09, 350 Hale and Norcross at .50, 50 Iron Silver at 1.65, 300 Little Chief at .09, 300 Mexican at 1.10@1.05, 300 Pharmacist at .03, 300 Portland at 1.12@1.10, and 500 Syndicate at .05.

NEW YORK INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 3.—Incorporated to-day:

Rochester Optical Company, Rochester; capital, $100,000. Directors—George Eastman, W. S. Hubbell, and A. O. Fenn, Rochester.

Engelhardt Collapsible Lifeboat Company, New York; capital, $75,000. Directors—Daniel Kelly, W. B. Logan, and W. B. Hill, New York.

Bierstadt-De Vinne Overlay Process Company, New York City; capital, $50,000. Directors—J. W. De La Mare, Joseph Magill, and C. F. Browning, New York City.

Incorporated in Delaware.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., Aug. 3.—These charters were issued at Dover to-day:

Crescent Compound Manufacturing Company of Wilmington, to manufacture and deal in roofing materials; capital, $50,000.

Sykes Consolidated Chair Company of Philadelphia; capital, $100,000.

Oliver China Company of Sebring, Ohio, to manufacture china; capital, $160,000.

International Flax Fibre Company of New York City; capital, $600,000.

Johnson-Wynne Company of Warrington, to engage in printing; capital, $60,000.

CONDITION OF COTTON.

Government Report Shows It Better Than at Same Date Last Year, but Poorer Than Average.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The monthly report of the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Agriculture will show the average condition of cotton on July 25 to have been 79.7 as compared with 77.1 on June 25, 1903; 81.9 on July 25, 1902; 77.2 on July 25, 1901, and a ten-year average of 84.3.

The following table shows the condition by States on July 25 in each of the last three years, and that on June 25, 1903, with the ten-year averages:

States.	July 25, 1903.	June 25, 1903.	July 25, 1902.	July 25, 1901.	Ten-Year Av'ge.
Texas	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Georgia	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alabama	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mississippi	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
South Carolina	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Arkansas	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Louisiana	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
North Carolina	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tennessee	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Indian Territory	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oklahoma	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Florida	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Missouri	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Virginia	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
United States	79.7	77.1	81.9	77.2	84.3

COTTON BULL IN TOWN.

W. P. Brown, the leader of the bull movement in cotton, was in New York and on the floor of the Cotton Exchange yesterday, accompanied by F. P. Haines, his lieutenant. Mr. Brown came on the floor early, and it was thought that he was dealing in September cotton through his brokers. He left the Exchange for about an hour during the morning.

He declined to talk, excepting to say that he was still a bull on cotton, which was going higher. He declined to talk about the trouble between the New York and the New Orleans Exchanges, of both of which he is a member.

It was reported that the managers of the New York Exchange had ordered the quotation service to New Orleans discontinued. Superintendent King declined to say whether or not this report was true or not. The market closed barely steady.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army.

Capt. Herbert H. Sargent, Second Cavalry, is detailed as Professor of Military Science and Tactics at the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, to take effect Sept. 21, vice Capt. Frank P. Avery.

The boards appointed to meet at West Point, N. Y., and at Monterey, Cal., for examination of officers for promotion, are dissolved.

First Lieut. Christian A. Bach, Seventh Cavalry, is detailed to attend the encampments of the First and Second Regiments, Tennessee National Guard, at Franklin, Aug. 4 to 14, and of the Third Regiment at a place to be selected.

First Lieut. John W. Kilbreth, Jr., Artillery Corps, is transferred from the Seventh Battery to the Fifty-first Company.

Changes in duties of officers of the Corps of Engineers are ordered:

Capt. Meriwether Walker is assigned to command of Company H, Second Battalion, to take effect upon being relieved from duty with Company M, Third Battalion.

First Lieut. Edward N. Johnston will relieve First Lieut. Edward M. Markham of his duties as Quartermaster and Commissary of Companies G and H, Second Battalion. Lieut. Markham, upon being relieved, is assigned to duty as Adjutant of the battalion.

First Lieut. Paul Stanley Bond is transferred from Company M, Third Battalion, to Company H, Second Battalion.

Second Lieut. James F. Bell will proceed to the Philippine Islands with Company M, Third Battalion.

The retirement Aug. 1 of Brig. Gen. Charles F. Robe is announced.

First Lieut. Guy T. Scott, Artillery Corps, will proceed to Baltimore and report to Major William A. Nichols, Twenty-first Infantry, recruiting officer, for duty as assistant.

Capt. Francis A. Winter, Assistant Surgeon, will proceed to Fort Huachuca for duty.

Capt. John H. Rice, Ordnance Department, is relieved at the Manila Ordnance Depot, Manila, and will proceed to Columbus, Ohio, for duty as Inspector of Ordnance.

Col. Samuel R. Whitall, recently promoted, is assigned to the Third Infantry, and Col. James Regan is assigned to the Ninth Infantry.

Capt. Charles R. Stanton, Paymaster, will proceed to Denver for duty in that city during the absence of Major George F. Downey.

Navy.

Lieut. Commander W. Braunersreuther's orders to the Wabash are revoked; he will continue as commandant of the naval station at New London.

Lieut. F. D. Karns's orders to the Culgoa are revoked; he is detached from the Naval Academy and ordered to the Alabama, Aug. 10.

Ensign H. H. Evans is ordered to the Adams, Sept. 1.

J. F. Kutz and A. S. Brown are appointed Assistant Paymasters, with the rank of Ensign, from July 24.

Cable from Rear Admiral Cotton, European Station, Aug. 1:

Chaplain G. L. Bayard, Midshipman S. C. Rowan, and Lieut. E. Moale are transferred from the Chicago to the Brooklyn.

Lieut. E. T. Constien is detailed as aide on staff of the Brooklyn.

Capt. E. C. Thorpe is transferred from the Chicago to the San Francisco.

Capt. W. G. Powell is transferred from the San Francisco to the Chicago.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Arrived—The New York, Marblehead, Bennington, and Fortune at Dutch Harbor; the Wabash and Eagle at Norfolk; the Lebanon at Frenchman Bay; the Sylph at Oyster Bay; the Dolphin at Boston; the Bancroft at San Juan; the Somers, Cushing, and Rodgers at Annapolis; the Potomac at Frenchman Bay; the Caesar and Sterling at Lambert Point; the Nashville at Key West.

Sailed—The Chicago, from Lisbon for New York; the Mohican, from San Diego for cruise; the Monongahela, from Newport for cruise.

The Glacier was placed out of commission Aug. 1 at the Norfolk yard.

Rear Admiral A. S. Barker, commander in chief of the North Atlantic fleet, transferred his flag, Aug. 1, from the Illinois to the Kearsarge.

SHIPPING AND FOREIGN MAILS.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

[illegible]

High Water This Day.

[illegible]

Outgoing Steamships.

TO-DAY, (TUESDAY,) AUG. 4.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Alliance, Colon	9:30 A. M. / *10:30 A. M.	[illegible]
Armenian, Liverpool		3:00 A. M.
Carpathia, Liverpool via Queenstown		3:00 P. M.
El Cid, Galveston		3:00 P. M.
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen	6:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Umbria, Naples, Genoa, &c.	8:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 5.

Apache, Charleston and Jacksonville		3:00 P. M.
Comal, Galveston		3:00 P. M.
Hamilton, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
Montserrat, Cadiz, Barcelona, &c.		[illegible]
New York, Southampton	6:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Oranje Nassau, Haiti	7:00 A. M.	[illegible]
Potsdam, Rotterdam	7:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Proteus, New Orleans		12:00 M.
Rosalind, Newfoundland	6:30 A. M.	[illegible]
Tennyson, Brazil, Argentina, &c.	9:30 A. M.	[illegible]
Teutonic, Liverpool	*10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
United States, Copenhagen	11:00 A. M.	[illegible]

THURSDAY, AUG. 6.

Algonquin, Jacksonville		3:00 P. M.
Barbarossa, Bremen		10:00 A. M.
City of Washington, Havana and Mexican ports	8:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
El Alba, Galveston		3:00 P. M.
Jefferson, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
La Touraine, Havre	7:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
Moltke, Hamburg		10:00 A. M.

FRIDAY, AUG. 7.

Arabic, Liverpool via Queenstown		5:00 P. M.
Colorado, Brunswick and Mobile		3:00 P. M.
Comanche, Charleston and Jacksonville		3:00 P. M.
Monroe, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
Santiago, Mexico via Tampico	12:00 M.	3:00 P. M.

SATURDAY, AUG. 8.

Adirondack, Inagua, Haiti, &c.	9:30 A. M. / *10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Alene, Jamaica, Fortune Island, &c.	9:30 A. M. / *10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
British Empire, Antwerp		[illegible]
Concho, Galveston via Key West		3:00 P. M.
El Sud, New Orleans		12:00 M.
Furnessia, Glasgow	9:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Graf Waldersee, Hamburg		9:00 A. M.
Jamestown, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
Lucania, Liverpool via Queenstown	10:30 A. M. / *1:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Maracaibo, Curacao and Venezuela	8:30 A. M. / *9:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Menominee, London		9:00 A. M.
Morro Castle, Cuba via Havana	10:00 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Parima, St. Thomas, St. Croix, &c.	10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Zeeland, Antwerp	8:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.

MONDAY, AUG. 10.

Jefferson, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.
Piemonte, Barbados, Trinidad, &c.		[illegible]

*SUPPLEMENTARY MAILS.—Additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic steamers and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

COASTWISE MAILS.

Mails for Cuba, by rail to Port Tampa, Fla., and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Thursday, at 6:30 A. M. (the connecting mails close here on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.) Mails for Mexico City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at 1:30 P. M. and 11:30 P. M., Sundays at 1:30 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to North Sydney, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. (connecting mails close here every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday.) Mails for Jamaica, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office at 6:30 P. M. every Tuesday and Thursday. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Belize, Puerto Cortez, and Guatemala, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at †1:30 P. M. and †11:30 P. M., Sundays at †1:00 P. M. and †11:30 P. M. (connecting mail closes here Mondays at †11:30 P. M.) Mails for Costa Rica, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at †1:30 P. M. and †11:30 P. M., Sundays at †1:00 P. M. and †11:30 P. M. (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at †11:30 P. M.)

†Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

[illegible]

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Postmaster Van Cott announces that mails from China, Japan, Hawaii, and the Philippines of the following dates: Manila, June 27; Hongkong, July 2; Shanghai, July 6; Yokohama, July 14, and Honolulu, July 24, reached San Francisco per steamer Siberia, and were dispatched East at 6 P. M. July 30, being due in New York this morning.

Incoming Steamships.

TO-DAY, (TUESDAY,) AUG. 4.

Algonquin, Jacksonville, July 30.
Colorado, Mobile, July 29.
Georgic, Liverpool, July 23.
Grosser Kurfuerst, Bremen, July 25.
Kronprinz Wilhelm, Bremen, July 28.
Lahn, Gibraltar, July 27.
Laurentian, Glasgow, July 23.
Principessa Mafalda, Gibraltar, July 24.
Seguranca, Colon, July 28.
Statendam, Rotterdam, July 25.
Truma, London, July 21.

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 5.

Concho, Galveston, July 29.
Leon XIII., Naples, July 23.
Maracaibo, Curacao, July 29.
Marquette, London, July 25.
Prinz Sigismund, Hamburg, July 24.

THURSDAY, AUG. 6.

Alamo, Galveston, July 30.
El Dorado, New Orleans, Aug. 1.
El Sud, Galveston, July 30.
St. Nicholas, Antwerp, July 26.

FRIDAY, AUG. 7.

Buffalo, Hull, July 26.
Germanic, Liverpool, July 29.

SATURDAY, AUG. 8.

Cedric, Liverpool, July 31.
Etruria, Liverpool, July 1.
Nubia, Gibraltar, July 25.
Philadelphia, Southampton, July 1.
Sicilia, Gibraltar, July 26.

Arrived.

SS Miramar, (Br.,) Dundee, Caibarien, July 29, with sugar to the American Sugar Refining Company; vessel to W. D. Munson. Arrived at the Bar at 7 P. M.

SS Barcelona, (Ger.,) Hahn, Hamburg, &c., July 19, with mdse. to Funch, Edye & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 4 P. M.

SS Fiordia, (Nor.,) Pedersen, Dunkirk, July 17, with mdse. to Barber & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 5 P. M.

SS City of Macon, Askins, Savannah, Ga., Aug. 1, with mdse. and passengers to the Ocean Steamship Company.

SS Zeeland, (Br.,) Hill, Antwerp, July 25, with mdse., passengers, and mails to the International Mercantile Marine Company. Arrived at the Bar at 2:34 P. M.

SS Consuelo, (Br.,) Watson, Hull, July 21, with mdse. and passengers to Sanderson & Son. Arrived at the Bar at 9 P. M.

SS Manna Hata, Charles, Baltimore, with mdse. to H. C. Foster.

SS Paula, (Ger.,) [illegible], Stettin, July 12, and Shields 17th, in ballast to Philip Ruprecht. Arrived at the Bar at midnight 2d.

SS Canning, (Br.,) Hammond, Liverpool, July 22, in ballast to Busk & Jevons. Arrived at the Bar at 1:20 A. M.

SS Georgetown, Thomas, Georgetown, July 31, with lumber to the Export Lumber Company.

SS Atlas, Fussel, with barge Standard Oil Company No. 93, Port Arthur, Texas, with oil to the Standard Oil Company.

SS Tintoretto, (Br.,) Mathieson, Santos, July 15, Rio Janeiro, 17th, Bahia, 20th, and Barbadoes, 26th, with mdse., passengers, and mails to Busk & Jevons. Arrived at the Bar at 6 A. M.

SS Verona, (Nor.,) Oxholm, Port Morant, &c., July 27, with passengers and fruit to the Vaccaro Fruit Company. Arrived at the Bar at 12:30 A. M.

SS Ixia, (Br.,) Munro, Messina, &c., July 8, with mdse. to Phelps Brothers & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 8 A. M.

SS El Alba, Quick, Galveston, with mdse. to the Southern Pacific Company.

SS Brighton, (Nor.,) Krohg, Port Antonio, with passengers and fruit to the United Fruit Company. Arrived at the Bar at 6:30 A. M.

SS Curityba, (Cuban,) Hoppe, Caibarien, &c., July 19, with mdse. and passengers to W. D. Munson. Arrived at the Bar at noon.

Sailed.

SS Iroquois, for Charleston and Jacksonville.
SS Roma, (Fr.,) for Marseilles via Naples.
SS Jamestown, for Norfolk and Newport News.
SS Monroe, for Norfolk and Newport News.
SS Cacique, (Br.,) for Valparaiso, &c.
SS Waccamaw, for Georgetown, S. C.
SS Northwestern, for Port Arthur, Texas.

By Cable.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—SS Stuttgart, (Ger.,) Capt. Krech, from New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg, arr. at Hamburg at 6 A. M. yesterday.

SS Fontabelle, (Br.,) Capt. Mann, from Demerara, &c., for New York, sld. from St. Thomas at 2 P. M. Aug. 1.

SS Pennsylvania, (Ger.,) Capt. Spliedt, from Hamburg and Boulogne for New York, sld. from Plymouth at 7:20 A. M. to-day.

SS Tiberghien, (Fr.,) Capt. Anselin, from Yokohama, &c., for New York, arr. at Suez yesterday.

SS Amsterdam, (Dutch,) Capt. Bonjer, from New York, arr. at Rotterdam at 10 P. M. yesterday.

SS Minnetonka, (Br.,) Capt. Layland, from New York, arr. at this port to-day.

SS Ohio, (Br.,) Capt. Wards, from New York, arr. at Deptford to-day.

Koenigin Luise, (Ger.,) Capt. Voiger, from New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg, arr. at Bremen at 5 A. M. to-day.

SS Boston City, (Br.,) Capt. Matthews, from Bristol for New York, sld. from Swansea July 31.

SS Excelsior, (Ger.,) Capt. Courtin, from Hamburg for New York, sld. from Shields yesterday.

SS Leon XIII., (Span.,) Capt. Umbert, from Genoa and Naples for New York, passed Tarifa July 28.

SS Nord America, (Ital.,) Capt. Raffo, from Genoa, &c., for New York, passed Gibraltar yesterday.

SS Kentucky, (Dan.,) Capt. Thiedemann, from New York via Copenhagen, arr. at Cronstadt July 30.

SS Albano, (Ger.,) Capt. Kudenholdt, from New York via Leith and Dundee, arr. at Hamburg July 31.

SS Nauplia, (Ger.,) Capt. Kraeft, from New York, arr. at Copenhagen Aug. 1.

SS Augusta, (Aust.,) Capt. Scopinich, from Trieste and Barcelona for New York, passed Gibraltar Aug. 1.

SS Trinidad, (Br.,) Capt. Fraser, from New York, arr. at Bermuda at 5:30 P. M. to-day.

SS Vaderland, (Belg.,) Capt. Ehoff, from New York, arr. at Antwerp at 8 P. M. to-day.

SS Lackawanna, (Br.,) Capt. Brown, for New York, sld. from Avonmouth to-day.

THE COMMERCIAL WORLD

CASH QUOTATIONS.

Wheat, No. 2 red	.84½
Corn, No. 2 mixed	.59¼
Oats, No. 2 mixed	.39
Flour, Minnesota patents	$4.75
Cotton, middling	13.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.06⅛
Sugar, granulated	.05
Molasses, O. K. prime	.42
Beef, family	10.25
Beef hams	21.75
Tallow, prime	.04⅝
Pork, mess	16.25
Hogs, dressed, 100 lb.	.07⅜
Lard, prime	7.85
Iron, Northern, No. 1 foundry	17.75
Butter, Western creamery	.19

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—Flour firm; No. 2 spring wheat, [illegible]; No. 3, [illegible]; No. 2 red, [illegible]; No. 2 corn, [illegible]; No. 2 yellow, [illegible]; No. 2 oats, [illegible]; No. 3 white, [illegible]; No. 2 rye, [illegible]; good feeding barley, [illegible]; fair to choice malting, [illegible]; No. 1 flaxseed, [illegible]; No. 1 Northwestern, [illegible]; prime timothy seed, [illegible]; mess pork, per bbl., $13.55@13.60; lard, per 100 lb., $7.70@7.75; short ribs, sides, (loose,) $7.75@8; dry-salted shoulders, (boxed,) $7.50@7.67½; short clear sides, (boxed,) [illegible]; whisky, basis of high wines, $1.30; clover, contract grade, [illegible].

COTTON.—Net changes in yesterday's cotton market were narrow, and the volume of transactions was very small. The market opened steady at an advance of 1@5 points on covering in anticipation of a bullish bureau report, and which was also stimulated by the presence on the floor of the New Orleans bull leader and expectations of a bull demonstration later on, which, however, was not forthcoming. Owing to the continued holiday in London there were no advices from that centre. The generally favorable weather all over the belt operated against prices, and after the showing at the best prices on the call, a net gain of [illegible] points, the market eased off in the absence of supporting orders. Just previous to the reading of the bureau report at midday a net decline was apparent of from 1 to 15 points, with August leading, under notices which were reported out to the amount of some 600 to 800 bales, and which were promptly taken care of. When the report of the Government was read, showing an improvement for the month of 2.6 per cent, and a condition of 79.7 per cent, it proved slightly below expectations, and prices at once improved from 4 to 6 points. Contract prices ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
August	12.00	12.00	11.75	11.90
September	[illegible]	10.75	10.65	[illegible]
October	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
November	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
December	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
January	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
February	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
March	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

BREADSTUFFS.—WHEAT.—All of the ground gained by bull traders in wheat during the early session yesterday was lost before the close and final prices showed the net decline. The early advance on Saturday had for its basis further unfavorable crop reports from the Northwest, including complaints of blight and rust. This led to sharp advances again at Minneapolis and Duluth, which were copied by all other markets of the country. By midday, however, the improvement had gone about as far as it could without additional bull news, and when the visible supply appeared with a larger increase than expected, bears at once took advantage of the situation to hammer the market. In so doing they uncovered a lot of long wheat held by local operators, and forced prices down sharply throughout the last hour. Quotations of cash wheat, free on board, afloat, basis were as follows: No. 1 Northern, Duluth, 97c; No. 1 Northern, Chicago, 91¾c, and No. 2 hard, Chicago, 89¼c, all to arrive; No. 2 red, New York, [illegible] spot.

[illegible]

CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 3.—Turpentine nominal. Rosin—A, B, C, D, $1.50; E, $1.55; F, $1.60; G, $1.70; H, $2.15; I, $2.60; K, $2.95; M, $3.30; N, $3.60; WG, $3.10; WW, $3.40.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 3.—Rosin—Receipts, 88 barrels. Turpentine, $3.25.

LIVE STOCK.—Steers opened slow; closed steady; bulls weak to 10c lower; cows generally steady; fat cows firm; all sold. Steers, $4.00@5.50; oxen, [illegible]; bulls, [illegible]; cows, [illegible]. Dressed beef slow at [illegible] per lb. Calves opened weak to 25c lower; closed 25@50c lower; 100 head unsold. Veals, [illegible]; culls, [illegible]; grassers and buttermilks, [illegible]; Western calves, [illegible]; yearlings, [illegible]. City-dressed veals weak at [illegible]; country dressed, [illegible]. Sheep very dull and heavy; lambs lower; lambs opened [illegible] off, closed [illegible] lower; 30 cars unsold. Sheep, [illegible]; choice, $3.70; lambs, [illegible]; culls, [illegible]; dressed mutton lower at [illegible] per lb; dressed lambs at [illegible]. Hogs steady; State and Pennsylvania hogs at [illegible]; Country dressed hogs steady.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
September	[illegible]	[illegible]	84 7-16	[illegible]
December	[illegible]	[illegible]	84 1-16	[illegible]
May	[illegible]	87⅞	[illegible]	[illegible]
Corn—				
September	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
December	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

CHICAGO PRICES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
September	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
December	[illegible]	[illegible]	80 5-16	[illegible]
May	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Corn—				
September	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
December	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
May	[illegible]	[illegible]	51-15-16	[illegible]
Oats—				
September	34	34¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
December	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
May	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lard—				
September	$7.85	$7.92½	$7.85	$7.92½
October	7.70	7.72½	7.65	7.72½
Ribs—				
September	8.00	8.15	8.00	8.15
October	7.92½	7.95	7.90	7.95
Pork—				
September	13.60	13.75	13.60	13.75

COFFEE.—The coffee market yesterday was a dull and narrow one. It opened steady at a partial decline of five points, and closed on the same basis after sales had been reported of only 1,500 bags. The decline was limited to the October option. The spot market was dull, with quotations on the basis of 5⅝c for Rio No. 7. Contract prices ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
August	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
September	3.75	3.75	3.70	[illegible]
October	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
November	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
December	4.20	4.20	4.20	[illegible]
January	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
February	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

PROVISIONS.—Pork—Mess, $16.00@16.50; family, $17.50; short clear, $15.50@17.50. Beef—Mess, [illegible]; family, [illegible]; packet, [illegible]; extra India mess, [illegible]. Beef Hams—[illegible]. Dressed Hogs—Bacon, 7¾c; 160 lb, 7½c; 140 lb, [illegible]. Cut Meats—Pickled bellies; smoking, 11¾c; 10 lb, 10½@10¾c; 12 lb, [illegible]; 14 lb, [illegible]. Pickled shoulders, [illegible]; pickled hams, [illegible]. Tallow—City, 4½c nominal; country, [illegible]. Lard—Western, 7.85c; city [illegible]; refined steady; South America, 8.50c; Continent, 7.90c; Brazil, kegs, 9.30c; compound, 7¼@7¾c; stearine, oleo, [illegible]; city lard, stearine, [illegible].

METALS.—Owing to the Bank holiday, the London metal markets were closed, and consequently no quotations were received from that source. Tin—Tin was steady in New York, with spot quoted at $28.60@29. Copper—Copper ruled about steady, with lake and electrolytic officially quoted at $13.25, and casting at $12.87½@13. The exports of copper during July amounted to 3,402 tons, making the total exports for the seven months 12,249 tons, against 106,011 tons for the same period last year. Lead—Lead was steady in New York, but lower, with spot quoted at $4.20 and August at $4.12½. Spelter remained quiet and unchanged at $5.87½. Iron—Iron was quiet and nominally unchanged. No. 1 foundry, Northern, is quoted at $17.50@18; No. 2 foundry, Northern, at $16.50@17; No. 1 foundry, Southern and No. 1 foundry, Southern soft, at [illegible]. Warrants are nominal.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits turpentine, [illegible] and machine, bbls. [illegible]. Tar, $2.40; oil, bbls., $4.10. Rosin—Common, to good strained, $2; D, $2.15; F, [illegible]; G, [illegible]; H, [illegible]; I, [illegible]; K, [illegible]; M, $3.40; N, [illegible]; W. G., [illegible]; W. W., [illegible].

SAVANNAH, Ga., Aug. 3.—Turpentine, [illegible]; receipts, 665 casks; sales, 1,000 casks; exports, 45 casks. Rosin—Receipts, 1,721 barrels; sales, 635 barrels; exports, 3,765 barrels; A, B, C, D, $1.65; E, $1.65; F, $1.65; G, $1.75; H, $2.20; I, $2.70; K, $3.00; M, $3.30; N, $3.60; WG, $3.90; WW, $4.00.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 3.—Spirits of turpentine, 49c; receipts, 177 casks. Rosin, [illegible].

FINANCIAL.

BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES.

Phenix National Bank
49 Wall Street.

Washington Trust Company
Stewart Building, 280 Broadway.

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BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL ST.
Issue international cheques, commercial and travelers' credits available in all parts of the world.

FEDERAL COURTS.

Calendar for Tuesday, Aug. 4.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Holt, J.—Opens in Room 134, Post Office Building, at 11 A. M. Motion calendar. Adjourned cases.

1—Osborn vs. Wash. Post Co.
2—U. S. vs. Neely.
3—Bass Point Co. vs. Bradstreet Co.
4—Cooper vs. Bay State Gas Co.
5—Hemolin Co. vs. A. Klipstein & Co.
6—Painton Elec. Co. vs. Elec. Boat Co.
7—McFarland vs. Consolidated Gas Co.
8—Keller vs. Deutsch.
9—Page vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.
10—Gould Directory Co. vs. U. S. Directory Co.
11—Scheuer vs. Riesenstein.
Cases noticed.
12—Am. League Baseball Co. vs. Davis.
13—Badische Anilin Fabrik vs. Chemische, &c., Fabrik.
14—Morgan vs. Star Co.
15—Standard Distilling Co. vs. Woolsey.
16—United States vs. Neely.
17—Brunswick-Balke Co. vs. Klumpp.
18—Hurlbut vs. U. S. Mailing Tube Co.
19—Holophane Glass Co. vs. Siegel-Cooper Co.
20—Phoenix Furniture Co. vs. Davison.
21—Same vs. same.
22—Consol. Retail Booksellers vs. Ward.
23—Hooper vs. Ptg. Tel. News Co.
24—Same vs. same.
25—Curtain Supply Co. vs. Kesler.
26—Arnold Menaphase Elec. Co. vs. Wagner Elec. Co.
27—Tainter vs. Franklin Nat. Bank.

STATE COURTS.

New York Calendars—Tuesday, Aug. 4.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—For the hearing of appeals from the City Court and Municipal Court.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Freedman, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions.

1—N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co. vs. Connor.
2—Callin vs. Callin.
3—McCarty vs. Hall.
4—Dowe vs. Reilly.
5—Welch vs. Coleman.
6—Levy vs. Levy.
7—Lopes vs. Booth.
8—Cerveney vs. Gerkon.
9—Stephens vs. Hanley.
10—Layburn vs. Duval.
11—Heslin vs. Franklin.
12—Mable vs. Mut. Res. Life Ins. Co.
13—Clemons vs. Wortman.
14—Olney vs. Ebe.
15—In re Morris Av.
16—Seeley vs. Seeley.
17—Rothschild vs. Ginsberg.
18—Philips vs. Eisenbuth.
19—Lindsey vs. Goldberg.
20—Lynch vs. Elektron Mfg. Co.
21—Alexander vs. Shapiro.
22—White vs. Sanford.
23—In re A. A. Griffing Iron Co.
24—Wagner vs. Wagner.
25—Entwistle vs. Kehoe.
26—McCallum vs. Leve.
27—Foleyvan vs. Foleyvan.
28—Maryland Casualty Co. vs. Gould Coupler Co.
29—Same vs. Gould Storage Co.
30—Goldsmith vs. Conhare.
31—Thomas vs. Baldwin.
32—Mut. Milk & Cream Co. vs. Bass.
33—Stern vs. Shapiro.
34—Hirt vs. Mackintosh.
35—Equit. Life Assur. Society vs. American Realty Co.
36—Ingersoll vs. Cunningham.
37—Wemyss vs. Allan.
38—Diamond vs. Haberle.
39—Menar vs. Phenix National Bank.
40—Goodwin vs. Goodwin.
41—Second Nat. Bank vs. King.
42—Horowitz vs. Horowitz.
43—Solomon vs. Sisters.
44—In re Morris Av.
45—In re Tremont Av.
46—Connolly vs. Board of Education.
47—Stalnert vs. Stalnert.
48—Murphy vs. Ashmore.
49—In re Saipsen.
50—Fairfield vs. Dunne.
51—Am. Mortgage Co. vs. Friedman.
52—Emes vs. Brunswick Const. Co.
53—Baxter vs. Good & Stock Tel. Co.
54—Duncel vs. Goodyear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Dugro, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Parts III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., and XIII.—Adjourned for the term.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fitzgerald, S.—Held on ground floor in County Court House. Wills for probate at 10:30 A. M.

Maria Breen. — Cecilia Muldoon.
Joseph Rudnocki. — James Rudd.
Sophia Johnson. — Michael Grady.
William J. Baughart. — Frederick Swantz.
Solomon Kohn. — Edmund Potts.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Adjourned for the term.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Delehanty, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Held in Trial Term, Part IV. Room, Brownstone Building, (Chambers Street.)—Motions must be made returnable at 10:30 A. M. Defaults on motions will be taken at 11 A. M. No contested motions will be heard unless placed on the calendar before 10 A. M.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Parts I., II., III., IV., and V.—Adjourned for the term.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part I.—Goff, R.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Ely and Thorne for the People.

1—Carrie Kruger.
2—Antonio Lui.
3—Alessandro Crippo.
4—Matthew Callahan.
5—Murray Gibbs.
6—Isaac Rayman.
7—David Graves.
8—Frank Hogan.
9—Harry McFiff.
10—Chas. J. Matthews.
11—Mary Lovern.
12—Jeremiah Gannon.
13—Vincenzo Ditomasso.
14—James Jackson.
Pleadings.
15—William Cushing.
16—Vincenzo Restaino.
17—James O'Brien.
18—Edward H. Rothage.
19—Joe Nichol.
20—Charles H. Treasway.
21—George C. Cuts.
22—Frank Corrente.
23—Bernard Lynch.
24—George Speckhart.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part II.—Cowing, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Assistant District Attorney Townsend for the People.

1—William Barnett.
2—Jeremiah Crowe.
3—Nathan Samen.
4—Willie Lankford.
5—Mary Snow.
6—Ernest Seifert.
7—Nicola Silva.
8—Givachino Magaglia.
9—Melvern Rockefeller.
10—Thomas M. Strong.
11—Frank Lieben.
12—William Glenn.
13—Jacob Pasternack.
14—Felix Revino.
15—Charles Bierman.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Parts III. and IV.—Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Dugro, J.—Phillips vs. Phillips—Louis Steckler. Sage vs. Broadbelt—Charles Peters.

FINANCIAL.

THE TRUST CO. OF AMERICA,
149 Broadway, New York,
(NORTHWEST CORNER LIBERTY STREET.)
Capital..........$2,500,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits..........$3,214,621.95
Allows Interest on Daily Balances subject to check and on Certificates of Deposit.
Acts as Trustee, Receiver, Committee, Executor, Guardian, Administrator, Assignee, Registrar, Transfer and Fiscal Agent.
OFFICERS:
ASHBEL P. FITCH, President. — WILLIAM BARBOUR, V.-Pres.
WILLIAM H. LEUPP, V.-Pres. — H. S. MANNING, V.-Pres.
RAYMOND J. CHATRY, Sec'y. — ALBERT L. BANISTER, Treas.
DIRECTORS:
Ashbel P. Fitch, William Barbour, H. S. Manning, Samuel A. Maxwell, Myron T. Herrick, Emerson McMillin, James M. Donald, John Spalding, George Crocker, Edward C. Schaefer, S. C. T. Dodd, Joel F. Freeman, James Campbell, H. S. Redmond, Jas. B. Hogeman, George C. Boldt, C. I. Hudson, Philip Lehman, George Ehret, Frank J. Gould, William A. Clark, John W. Griggs, Edwin Gould.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF

STOCKS AND BONDS

By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM STREET, CORNER OF PINE ST.,
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 5TH.
At 12:30 o'clock, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 161 Broadway.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
$15,000 Penna. Central Brewing Co. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Gold Bds., 1927.
2,500 shs. American De Forest Wireless Telegraph Co.
10 shs. Merchants' Trust Co.
5 shs. Union Exchange Bank.
5 shs. U. S. Trust Co.
5 shs. Central Realty Bond & Trust Co.
$10,000 Butte Electric Light & Power Co. 1st 5s, 1931.
10 shs. Broadway Safe Deposit.
$1,000 Lenox Glee Co. 1st Mtg. 6 p. c. Bond, 1929.
50 shs. Windsor Trust Co.
2 shs. Hanover National Bank.
5 shs. Central Realty Bond & Trust Co.
10 shs. National City Bank.
$10,000 Consolidated Water Co. of Utica, N. Y., 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Bds., 1930.
55 shs. Bowling Green Trust Co.
$22,110 Public Service Corporation of N. J. Perpetual Interest-bearing Ctfs.
$46,000 Guayaquil & Quito Ry. 1st Mtg. 5 p. c. Bds., 1932.
2,000 shs. Ecuadorian Assn. Ltd. Rents.
10 shs. Eastern Trust Co.
10 shs. American Tobacco Co. common.
50 shs. Natl. Bank of North America.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION OF REDLANDS ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY SIX PER CENT. MORTGAGE BONDS.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of Mortgage or Deed of Trust given by REDLANDS ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER COMPANY to UNION TRUST COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO, California, as Trustee, bearing date December 1st, 1898, all the bonds now outstanding under said Mortgage or Deed of Trust, namely, bonds numbered as follows:

[illegible]

the total amount of the principal of said bonds being Two Hundred and Fifty-two Thousand ($252,000.00) Dollars, are hereby called for redemption on September 1st, 1903, and that on said date said REDLANDS ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER COMPANY will pay to the holder of each of said bonds the principal thereof, through the UNION TRUST COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO, as Trustee, as provided for in the above mentioned Mortgage or Deed of Trust, and in addition thereto Three (3%) per cent. premium thereon, together with interest accrued thereon.

REDLANDS ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER COMPANY,
By JOHN B. MILLER, President.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE SECOND MORTGAGE BONDS OF THE ATLANTIC YACHT CLUB.

Notice is hereby given that the principal of the second mortgage bonds of the Atlantic Yacht Club, together with accrued interest thereon from May 1st to August 15th, 1903, and likewise any past due coupons thereon now unpaid, will be paid upon the presentation and surrender of such bonds and coupons respectively, on or before August 15th, 1903, at the office of Real Estate Trust Company of New York, No. 30 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City, (with which Trust Company, as trustee, the necessary funds for that purpose have been deposited,) and that after said fifteenth day of August, 1903, all interest on said bonds will cease.

New York, July 22, 1903.

ATLANTIC YACHT CLUB OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
By C. T. PIERCE, Treasurer.

The Northern Pacific Terminal Co. OF OREGON.

In accordance with the provision of the Deed of Trust of the Northern Pacific Terminal Company of Oregon, the following bonds have been drawn for account of the Sinking Fund, viz.:

Nos. [illegible]

and will be redeemed by The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Trustee, at its office, Nos. 16-22 William Street, New York City, at 110 and accrued interest on the 7th day of August, 1903, at which date interest will cease on the above bonds.

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company.
By E. S. MARSTON, President.
New York, July 18th, 1903.

EMPIRE STATE TRUST CO.
Capital and Surplus, $2,000,000.
88 WALL ST., NEW YORK CITY.
Issues certificates of deposit bearing interest at special rates.
Le Roy W. Baldwin, Pres. — Duncan D. Parmly, V-Pres.
H. M. Gough, Treasurer — C. E. Braine, Secretary

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE HOUSES
JOSEPH COWAN & CO.
Members — N. Y. Consolidated Stock Exchange. N. Y. Produce Exchange. Toronto Board of Trade.
STOCK BROKERS.
MAIN OFFICE, 44 AND 46 BROADWAY.
Branches:—1,380 B'way, cor. 34th St., 435 B'way, cor. Canal St., 31 East 28th St.
DAILY MARKET LETTER ISSUED.

FLOYD, CRAWFORD & CO.,
25 BROAD ST.
Members — New York Consolidated Stock Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade.
STOCKS, BONDS, AND GRAIN.
Branches — 110 West 34th St. [illegible] Grand St.

Stoppani & Hotchkin,
Members — N. Y. Consolidated Stock Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade.
MAIN OFFICE, 66 B'WAY, NEW YORK.
TELEPHONE, 6,490 CORTLANDT.
Orders executed for investment or on margin.
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, COTTON.
BRANCH OFFICES — 1,318 BROADWAY. 37 EAST 125TH ST.

FINANCIAL.

New York, August 1, 1903.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

In order to provide funds for making improvements upon the Company's property and for acquiring other property, it has been deemed advisable by the Trustees to issue an additional amount of the capital stock of this Company, in accordance with the authority conferred by the Stockholders July 10, 1900.

The authorized capital stock is $80,000,000, of which $72,917,750.94 has been already issued and is now outstanding.

Stockholders are hereby given the privilege of subscribing to the new issue of stock, at the price of one hundred and fifty dollars ($150) per share, to the extent of nine per cent. (9%) of their holdings of record upon the closing of the transfer books at 3 o'clock P. M. on August 27, 1903. This privilege will expire at 3 o'clock P. M., September 9, 1903, and payment for such stock must be made on or before September 15, 1903, at the National City Bank of New York, No. 52 Wall Street, New York. No subscriptions will be received on holdings of fractional shares.

Scrip will be issued for fractional shares of the new issue, which will be convertible into stock in multiples of $100 until December 31, 1903, after which date unconverted scrip may, at the option of the Company, be redeemed in cash at the rate of $150 per share.

The said bank will issue temporary receipts, on payment of the subscription, which will be exchangeable on and after September 15, 1903, for certificates of stock. Such stock will not entitle the owner to dividends declared prior to that date.

A form of subscription may be obtained at the office of the Company or at the National City Bank.

By order of the Board.
H. E. GAWTRY, President.
R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
4 IRVING PLACE.

A dividend of Two Per Cent. on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared, and will be payable on September 15th, 1903, to stockholders of record of August 27th, 1903. The Transfer Book will be closed at 3 P. M. August 27th, and be reopened September 16th.

JAMES A. BENNETT, Treasurer.

BROADWAY SAVINGS INSTITUTION
REMOVAL NOTICE.

On and after this date the business of this Institution will be transacted at No. 5 Park Place, between Church Street and Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
N. Y., 1st August, 1903.
H. F. HUTCHINSON, President.
LINCOLN A. STUART, Secretary.

"PUTS & CALLS."
WE SELL AND ACCEPT THESE AS MARGIN.
Write for prices and explanatory BOOKLET.
HALLETT & WYCKOFF, Ten Wall St.

DIVIDENDS.

Pere Marquette Railroad Company.

A dividend of TWO (2) PER CENT. upon the preferred stock of this Company from the net earnings of the six months ending June 30, 1903, will be paid August 15, 1903, to stockholders of record at close of business August 5, 1903. The preferred stock transfer books will be closed August 5, 1903, at 3 P. M., and will reopen August 17, 1903, at 10 A. M. Dividends on stock registered at the Boston office will be paid at 50 State Street, Boston, Mass., and dividends on stock registered at the New York office will be paid at the office of Robert Winthrop & Co., 40 Wall Street, New York City.

CHARLES MERRIAM, Treasurer.

Pere Marquette Railroad Company.

A dividend of ONE (1) PER CENT. upon the common stock of this Company will be paid August 27, 1903, to stockholders of record at close of business August 7, 1903. The common stock transfer books will be closed August 7, 1903, at 3 P. M., and will reopen August 18, 1903, at 10 A. M. Dividends on stock registered at the Boston office will be paid at 50 State Street, Boston, Mass., and dividends on stock registered at the New York office will be paid at the office of Robert Winthrop & Co., 40 Wall Street, New York City.

CHARLES MERRIAM, Treasurer.

New York, Aug. 3d, 1903.

EDWARD KIMPTON, INCORPORATED,
45 John St., N. Y.

A semi-annual dividend of 3½% on the preferred stock of this company has been declared by the Board of Directors, payable Aug. 15th to stockholders of record on that date. The transfer books will be closed Aug. 5th and reopened Aug. 16th.

ISAAC LANDMAN, Treas.

THE PEOPLES GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY (of Chicago).

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. has been declared on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable to the Stockholders on August 25, 1903. The transfer books will close in New York on August 14 at 3:00 P. M. and will reopen August 26, 1903, at 10:00 A. M.

L. A. WILEY, Secretary.

New York, August 3, 1903.

The Board of Directors of the "Estate of Bradish Johnson" has this day declared a quarterly dividend of One (1) Per Cent. on its Capital Stock, payable to stockholders of record on August 15, 1903. The transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M. August 4th, and reopened at 10 A. M. on August 17th, 1903.

H. M. JOHNSON, Treas.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

UNITED STATES GRAPHOTYPE COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the United States Graphotype Company will be held at the office of the Company, Park Row Building, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, August 11th, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

EDMUND CARRINGTON, Secretary.
July 28th, 1903.

Quarterly meeting of the Aguilar Institute August 4th, at [illegible] P. M., at 28 West 44th St. Henry Welsh, Secretary.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between EDWARD C. STEARNS, AVIS E. VAN WAGENEN, and HERBERT E. MASLIN, under the firm name of E. C. STEARNS & COMPANY, was dissolved on the 6th day of July, 1903, so far as relates to the said Avis E. Van Wagenen. All debts due to the said partnership and those due by them will be settled with and by the remaining partners, and the said Avis E. Van Wagenen being no longer connected with said firm from and after. Dated July 6, 1903.

AVIS E. VAN WAGENEN.
EDWARD C. STEARNS.
HERBERT E. MASLIN.

56 NEW STREET, NEW YORK.
August 1, 1903.

We beg to announce that MR. RUDOLPH H. KISSEL has this day become a member of our firm.

ALBERT H. VERNAM & CO.

LOST AND FOUND.

Lost.—CERTIFICATE NO. 684 of American Planograph Company for 250 shares. If found please return to the Company, 31 East 17th St., New York.

Lost.—Bank Book No. 316,702, the New York Savings Bank. Payment stopped. Finder please return to bank.

Lost.—Bank Book No. 194,661, the New York Savings Bank. Payment stopped. Finder please return to bank.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

No. 592 Fifth Avenue Bought by Mrs. J. P. Goin—Upper Park Avenue Corner Sold—Other Dealings.

John N. Golding has sold for the estate of William E. Tefft the four-story brownstone-front dwelling 592 Fifth Avenue, adjoining the southwest corner of Forty-eighth Street, on lot 20 by 100, Columbia College leasehold. The buyer is Mrs. Jeannette P. Goin, who recently sold 632 Fifth Avenue to Russell Sage.

Ignatz Roth has sold, through Harris Sokolski & Son, to a Mr. Grossman, the plot, 50 by 100, at the southwest corner of Park Avenue and Ninety-eighth Street.

Max Sturtz reports that he has sold the property at the northwest corner of Madison Avenue and One Hundred and Eighth Street.

Louis Lese has sold to Louis Goldman 112 East One Hundred and Nineteenth Street, a five-story flat on lot 25 by 100.11.

The Hudson Realty Company has sold to Conrad F. Kruse and W. Stanley Baker the plot, 65 by 92, on the north side of Seventeenth Street, 411.8 feet west of Sixth Avenue. The buyers will erect a six-story loft building on the site.

Morris Weiss has sold for Fanny Sichel the four-story brick flat 1,454 First Avenue, 20 by 79.

Leopold Hutter has sold to Mrs. William Hirsch 1,339 and 1,341 Avenue A, adjoining the southwest corner of Seventy-second Street, two five-story tenements, with stores, on plot 50 by 100.

S. Steingut & Co. have sold for Martin Engel to Rachel Shapiro 332 Cherry Street, southeast corner of Scammel Street, a five-story tenement, with stores, on lot 21 by 58.2.

Harris Sokolski & Son have sold for Kidansky & Levy, for $105,000, the new six-story tenement, 217 and 219 Rivington Street, southeast corner of Pitt Street, 50 by 57.

Peter S. O'Hara & Brother have sold for John McCully his dwelling on the north side of Suburban Street, 37 feet east of Marion Avenue. The buyer will occupy the house upon the expiration of the present lease.

Results at Auction.

The only offering yesterday in the Real Estate Salesroom, 161 Broadway, resulted as follows:

By Brokers' Realty and Mortgage Co.
419 West Thirteenth Street, north side, 275 feet west of Ninth Avenue, 27 by 103.3, six-story brick store and loft building; foreclosure sale, to the Abingdon Warehousing Company....$35,600

To-day's Auction Sales.

The following sales at auction are down for to-day at 161 Broadway:

By John N. Golding, foreclosure sale, Edward D. O'Brien, referee, 2,076 Fifth Avenue, southwest corner of One Hundred and Twenty-eighth Street, 25.5 by 75, four-story brick tenement. Due on judgment, $27,724.

By D. Phoenix Ingraham & Co., foreclosure sale, Edward L. Parris, referee, 506 and 508 West One Hundred and Thirtieth Street, south side, 150 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue, 50 by 74.11, two five-story brick tenements. Due on judgment, $2,032.

By Peter F. Meyer, foreclosure sale, Charles E. F. McCann, referee, East Houston Street, north side, 180 feet east of Goerck Street, runs north 158.3 to Third Street by east about 354 to Tompkins Street, by north 124.6 to Houston Street, by west about 350 feet, one-story brick and frame buildings, together with abutting land under water, wharfage rights, &c. Due on judgment, $9,508.

By Peter F. Meyer, foreclosure sale, Mitchell L. Erlanger, referee, 18 West Ninety-seventh Street, south side, 347 feet west of Central Park West, 18 by 100.11, four-story brick dwelling, with extension. Due on judgment, $10,858.

By Philip A. Smyth, foreclosure sale, Charles Brandt, Jr., referee, King's Bridge Road, northeast corner of Cole's Lane, 95.6 by 83.8 by 88.5 by 42.3, except portions taken for Briggs Avenue and the widening of King's Bridge Road; Valentine Avenue, east side, 200 feet north of Clark Street, 50 by 100, except portion taken for the widening of Valentine Avenue. Due on judgment, $2,976.

By Joseph P. Day, foreclosure sale, Charles L. Hoffman, referee, Cedar Avenue, west side, 95 feet south of One Hundred and Eightieth Street, 41.4 by 117.7 by 35.2 by 122.5, vacant. Due on judgment, $3,365.

By Joseph P. Day, foreclosure sale, J. Lewis Strahan, referee, 537 East One Hundred and Eighteenth Street, north side, 457.1 feet east of Avenue A, 40.10 by 100.11, five-story brick tenement. Due on judgment, $17,457.

By Bryan L. Kennelly, Sheriff's sale, Third Avenue, northwest corner of One Hundred and Sixty-second Street, 50 by 94.5, one and two story frame buildings; all right and title of Otto H. Good on Feb. 5, 1900.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures and Alterations.

No. 241 East Forty-fourth Street, for a three-story brick warehouse, 25 by 100; W. Baumgarten of 294 Riverside Drive, owner; E. Baumgarten of 15 East Eighty-seventh Street, architect; cost, $7,000.

Twenty-first Street, north side, 349.5 feet east of Sixth Avenue, for seven-story brick lofts, with store, 24.7 by 90; G. E. Bauhahn of 101 West One Hundred and Fifteenth Street, owner; H. I. Howell of Third Avenue and One Hundred and Thirty-eighth Street, architect; cost, $60,000.

Nos. 310 to 328 West Thirty-eighth Street, for fourteen-story brick lofts, 260 by 98.9; Publishers and Printers' Realty Company of 452 Fifth Avenue, owner; W. B. Tubby & Brothers of 81 Fulton Street, architects; cost, $1,000,000.

Alterations.

No. 53 Ridge Street, to a four and five story brick tenement; M. Chapowsky of 40 Lispenard Street, owner; W. C. Sommerfield of 19 Union Square, architect; cost, $2,000.

Madison Avenue, west side, 88.3 feet north of Seventy-sixth Street, to a one-story glass and iron greenhouse and store; S. M. Milliken of 980 Madison Avenue, owner; L. V. Field of 235 Broadway, architect; cost, $600.

No. 235 East One Hundred and Twenty-first Street, to a four-story brick tenement, with store; M. & A. Goldberg of 60 Liberty Street, owners; M. Muller of 3 Chambers Street, architect; cost, $1,000.

One Hundred and Sixty-first Street, south side, 150 feet west of Melrose Avenue, to a two-story frame dwelling, 22.4 by 25.4; Jane Linn of 630 East One Hundred and Sixty-first Street, owner; Gustave Schwarz of 334 East One Hundred and Fifty-eighth Street, architect; cost, $900.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Monday, Aug. 3, 1903.

CAMBRELING AV, w s, 175 ft s of Bayard St, 25x100; the Madison Avenue Real Estate Company to Filippo Rogo, (mtg $3,000)....Nom.
CHERRY ST, 65, s s, 19.11x62.6; Mary Lyons to Mary Timble, (mtg $6,500)....Nom.
JACKSON AV, e s, 30.6 ft n of 166th St, 19.6x81.6; Thomas J. Quinn to Charlotte H. Gordel....Nom.
LEXINGTON AV, e s, 62.2 ft s of 82d St, 40x70; Max Solomon to Charles B. Gumb, (mtg $10,500,) other consideration and....100
LENOX AV, n e corner 139th St, 25x75; William T. Hockey and another to E. John Bogner, (mtg $25,500,) other consideration and....100
LEWIS ST, 15 and 17, w s, runs w 50x n 25x e 25x n 15x e 25x s 40; Samuel Levinson to Joseph Lubelsky, (mtg $17,325,) other consideration and....100
LOT 170, second map of Neill estate; August Diener to Charles Huber, (mtg $3,500)....4,850
LOTS 11 and 12, map in partition, Wells against Storer; Seward Baker, referee, to Thomas Conway....400
MADISON AV, n w corner of 106th St, 25.11x87.6; Harry Switzer to Joseph Koppert and others, (mtg $35,000)....46,250
PROSPECT AV, e s, 351.11 ft s of Jennings St, 25.2x124.4x20.8x107.4; Leonard J. Studley to Caroline Doerffel, (mtg $6,000) other consideration and....100
RIVERSIDE DRIVE, e s, 30 ft n of 105th St, 25x100; Moritz Falkenau to Emil Bloch, (mtg $55,000)....Nom.
SHERMAN AV, w s, 32.6 ft n of 163d St, 125x100; Antoinette Petry to John Yule, (mtg $2,000)....Nom.
THOMAS ST, 215, e s, 25x100; Emily A. Peyton to Alice J. Peyton, quitclaim....Nom.
VAN CORLEAR PLACE, e s, 565.1 ft s w of Wicker Place, runs s 41.11x n e 95.6 x n w 40x s w 94.9; Augusta Schuck to Arthur W. Titus, (mtg $3,500,) other consideration and....100
WALNUT ST, n e corner 8th Av, runs e 100x n 200x w 98.1x s w 99.6x s 180.7; William C. Reddy, referee, to John C. Heintz and another....12,700
WENDOVER AV, s s, 151.7 ft e of Washington Av, 25.8x166.7x26x172.3; Herman Heilberg to Jay C. Guggenheimer, (mtg $10,500)....Nom.
1ST AV, 1,168, e s, 25x81; Max Rosenthal to Edward Propper....Nom.
1ST AV, s e corner of 33d St, runs e 150x s 98.9x w 50x s 98.9x w 100x n 197.6; Rosalie Kaufmann et al., executors, to Pennsylvania, New York and Long Island Railroad Company, ¾ part....205,000
1ST AV, s e corner of 33d St, runs e 150x s 98.9x w 50x s 98.9x w 100x n 197.6; Gottlieb Kaufmann to Pennsylvania, New York & Long Island Railroad Company, ¼ part....205,000
1ST AV, w s, 75.2 ft s of 119th St, 25.2x100; George Hollerith, Sr., to David B. Phillips, (mtg $15,500)....Nom.
5TH AV, s e corner of 118th St, 25x100; Harry Mass to Henry Marks, (mtgs $45,000,) other consideration and....100
7TH AV, w s, 150 ft s of Walnut St, 50x100; 7th Av, n w corner of Walnut St, 250x100; Sylvester L. H. Ward, referee, to J. Romaine Brown....3,800
8TH AV, 236, e s, 24.8x100; Caroline Lehman, individually and as executrix, to Sybrian Metzger....33,000
8TH AV, 236, e s, 24.8x100; Louis Lehman and others to Sybrian Metzger, quitclaim....Nom.
98TH ST, s s, 225 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17.6x100; Margaret Thomas to Mary E. McSweeney, (mtg $13,000)....Nom
87TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of 8th av, 25x100; Donald McCredie to William C. Jordan, Jr., and a....Nom
21ST ST, n s, 570.6 ft w of 5th Av, 26x98.9; 21st St, n s, 549.3 ft e of 6th Av, runs n 98.9x w 23x s 98.9; Hannah M. Montant to William C. Kronmeyer, (mtg $12,000)....Nom.
29TH ST, s s, 195 ft w of 2d Av, 21.6x98.9; Hyman Levy to Louis Rawitser, (mtg $26,000), other consideration and....100
37TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of 5th Av, 18x98.9; John C. Maximos to Clifford C. Goodwin, (mtg ——)....Nom
40TH ST, s s, 250 ft e of 9th Av, 16.8x98.9; Hamilton Rickaby, executor, to Rita Galewski....9,800
47TH ST, 129 East, 20x100.5; A. Lester Heyer to Jessie F. Snyder, (mtg $12,000)....Nom.
57TH ST, 344 West, 20x100.6; Sarah L. Shanley to William C. Strange, (mtg $20,000) other consideration and....100
86TH ST, 26 East, 16x100.8; William G. Park to Rose H. Stroock, (mtg $25,000,) other consideration and....100
102D ST, 62 East, 25x100.11; Ruben Skiamberg to Clementine Mersbach, (mtgs $17,000,) other consideration and....100
103D ST, 155 West, 31.2x101x31.10x100.11; Amelia Barnett to Philip Smith, (mtg $28,000)....Nom.
109TH ST, 164 East, 25x100.11; Lena Hlavac to Esther Eisenberg, (mtg $12,000)....Nom.
109TH ST, 164 East, 25x100.11; Esther Eisenberg to Max Cohen and another, (mtg $15,700)....Nom.
111TH ST, s s, 158.6 ft w of 3d Av, 17.6x100.11; Andrew Jackson to Anna Lang....Nom
114TH ST, 238 and 240 East, 49x100.11; Frieda Hart to Max Kest, (mtg $22,000,) other consideration and....100
117TH ST, 38 and 40 West, 50x100.11; Isaac Goodstein and another to Selig Citron and others, (mtg $43,000), other consideration and....500
128TH ST, s s, 283.4 ft e of 7th Av, 16.8x99.11; New York Life Insurance Company to Robert Miller....8,250
132D ST, 57 East, 20x99.11; Marcus L. Osk to Theodore Cohen, other consideration and....100
138TH ST, n s, 375 ft e of Lenox Av, runs n 99.11x e 25x n 99.11x e 25x s 199.10x w 50; Isaac J. Lithauer to George Schweppenhauser and another, (mtg $8,000)....10,250
140TH ST, 267 West, 25x99.11; Charles Wynne to Philip Ritter, (mtg $30,650)....Nom.
142D ST, 506 West, 18x90; Alice Butler to Margaret McCue, (mtg $12,500)....14,500
153D ST, s s, 100 ft e of 8th Av, 50x99.11; Alexander Cameron to John Yule....Nom.
165TH ST, n s, 76.2 ft w of 3d Av, runs n 142x w 50x n 50x w 49.11x s — x s 99.11 to beginning; Louis H. Hahlo, referee, to John F. Heimcke and others, (mtg $12,000)....2,000
169TH ST, n s, 154 ft s e of Stebbins Av, 37.6x107.10x37.6x107.7; Francis B. Thurber, referee, to Gabriel Case....3,000

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent, unless otherwise specified.

BLOCH, Emil, to Allan Marquand and others, executors; Riverside Drive, 383, 3 years, 4½ per cent....55,000
COHEN, Theodore, to John F. Holmes; 132d St, 57 East, 3 years....5,500
COLLINS, Theresa F., and another to Charles Rivenburg; West End Av, 887, w s, due Dec. 1, 1903, — per cent., notes....2,000
DUNCAN, Stuart, and another, trustees, to Union Trust Company; 5th Av, 414, w s, 3 years, 4 per cent....150,000
EISENBERG, Esther, to Lena Hlavac; 109th St, 164 East, due April 17, 1906, 5½ per cent....3,700
FICHTER, Herman, to Estelle Auch and another, trustees; Norfolk St, 130, w s, 25x100; 5 years, 4½ per cent....25,000
FITZPATRICK, James M., to Thomas H. Fitzpatrick; Lot 149, map of part of Hunt estate, 3 years....800
GALEWSKI, Rita, to David Galewski; 40th St, s s, 250 ft e of 9th Av, 1 year, 6 per cent., prior mtg $5,500....3,500
GOODWIN, Clifford, to H. L. Goodwin; 37th St, n s, 125 ft e of 5th Av, due Nov. 3, 1903....5,000
GUMB, Charles B., to Max Solomon; Lexington Av, e s, 62.2 ft s of 82d St, 4½ per cent....12,000
GUMB, Charles B., to Max Solomon; Lexington Av, e s, 62.2 ft s of 82d St, prior mortgage $10,500, 4½ per cent....2,500
HAMANN, Frederick C., and others to Cyrus Hitchcock; St. Lawrence Av, w s, 25 ft n of Merrill St, 5 years....2,000
HEINTZ, John C., and another to the Bowery Savings Bank; Walnut St, n e corner 8th Av, or Walton Av, 1 year, 4½ per cent....7,500
HUBER, Charles, to August Diener; Lot 170, second map of property of Neill estate, 1 year, — per cent....350
JORDAN, William C., to Isaac D. F. Lansing; 87th St, n s, 125 ft e of 8th Av, demand, 6 per cent....12,500
KAISER, Arnold, to Hamilton Bank of New York; 82d St, n s, 375 ft e of 11th Av, 3 years....14,000
KRONMEYER, William C., to Hannah M. Montant; 21st St, n s, 570.6 ft w of 5th Av, prior mtg $12,000, due Aug. 2, 1904....31,000
LANG, Anna, to Andrew Jackson; 111th St, 175 East, 5 years, 4 per cent....7,500
METZGER, Sylvain, to Caroline Lehmann, executrix; 8th Av, 236, e s, 24.8x100, 3 years....24,000
METZGER, Sylvain, to Caroline Lehmann, executrix; 8th Av, 236, e s, 24.8x100, prior mortgage $24,000; 3 years....3,000
MILLER, Robert, to Leonard H. East and another, executors and trustees; 128th St, s s, 283.4 ft e of 7th Av, 3 years, 4½ per cent....6,000
MURRAY, Rose A., to H. Koehler & Co.; 1st Av, 800, sal. lease, demand, 6 per cent....2,500
PATTERSON, William F., and another to Arnett G. Smith; 130th St, 124 West, 3 years, 5½ per cent....10,000
PAYTON, Emily A., and another to Ferdinand J. Kallenbach; Thompson St, 215, 2 years....2,000
PHILLIPS, David B., to George Hollerith, Sr.; 1st Av, w s, 75.7 ft s of 119th St, installments, 6 per cent., (mtg $15,500)....2,475
PROPPER, Edward, to Max Rosenthal; 1st Av, 1,168, e s, 5 years, 4½ per cent....16,000
PROPPER, Edward, to the Jacob Hoffmann Brewing Company; 1st Av, 1,168, e s, prior mortgage $16,000, 5 years, 6 per cent....6,500
RITTER, Philip, to Charles Wynne; 140th St, 267 West, prior mortgage $30,100, due Dec. 1, 1904, 6 per cent....[illegible]
SNYDER, Jessie E., to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; 47th St, 129 East, 1 year, 4½ per cent....9,000
TITUS, Arthur W., to Augusta Schuck; Van Corlear Place, e s, 565.1 ft s w of Wicker Place, installments, 6 per cent....1,000
WILLIAMS, John M., to Delia V. McGovern; Christopher St, 183, n s, 3 years....11,000
WILLIAMS, John M., to Mary E. McGovern; Christopher St, 181, n s, 3 years....11,000
YULE, John, to Alexander Cameron; 153d St, s s, 100 ft e of 8th Av, 1 year, 6 per cent....5,000
YULE, John, to John McGovern; Sherman Av, w s, 32.6 ft n of 163d St, 1 year, 6 per cent....2,500

Recorded Leases.

BROADWAY, 1,303; Harry Sartoris to Charles E. Miller, 4 months....333
JUDIANNA ST, n s, 33 ft e of Duncomb Av; New York Building Loan Banking Company to James E. Bell, 12 years....
SUFFOLK ST, 57; Philip Fabel to Aaron Strauss, 2 4-12 years....216
WILLETT ST, 26; Joseph Horowitz to Congregation Beni Isaac Anshe Naragrew, 5 1-12 years....168 or 180
1ST AV, 699; Ferdinand Sulzberger to Rose A. Murray, 3 years....960
3D AV, 1,340; the Seventy-seventh Street Building Company to Herman Hayn, 3 years....1,000
24TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of 10th Av, 25x98.9; Francis L. Ogden to Frances A. Lawrence, 21 years....500
48TH ST, 217 and 219; Joseph Cohen and another to Wolf Rubin, 2 years....3,600
57TH ST, 126 to 130 West; the Hawthorne Apartment Association to Charlotte J. Blake, trustee, 28 years....1,250
57TH ST, 126 to 130 West; the Hawthorne Apartment Association to Almon Goodwin, 28 years....1,500
57TH ST, 126 to 130 West; the Hawthorne Apartment Association to Maud W. Goodwin, 28 years....1,250
133TH ST, 246 East; Serafino Biliotta to Alfonso Buonamito & Co., 4 10-12 years....360

Assignments of Mortgages.

GLOBE REALTY COMPANY to Joseph L. O'Brien....1,525
LAWYERS' TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY of New York to John Kean and another, trustees....25,000
LAWYERS' TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY of New York to John Kean and another, trustees....25,000
LERCH, Sophia, and another, executors, to Sigmund Grabenheimer....2,650
LOWENFELD, Pincus, and another to Sander Jarmulowsky....4,500
THE CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF New York, trustee, to Isaac D. F. Lansing....1
WESTCHESTER AND BRONX TITLE and Mortgage Guaranty Company....55,000

Mechanics' Liens.

LEWIS ST, 101½; Isidor Berger against Minnie Weiss, owner and contractor....37
RYER AV, 2,052 and 2,054; Jacob and William Sternfohune against Mrs. Hooker, owner; George Hooker, contractor....60
6TH ST, 328 East; William H. Bell against Hyman Wynehouse, owner and contractor....320
81ST ST, 101 and 103 West; Empire Sheet Metal Works against Charles Wehman, owner and contractor; B. Stern & Co., contractors....90
86TH ST, 101 East, and Park Av, 1,045 to 1,047; Charles James against Albert Fries, owner; M. M. Reynolds, contractor....370

Lis Pendens.

5TH AV, e s, 75.5 ft n of 66th St, 25x100; Grace G. Kidd against W. Morton Gordon, executor, and another, (action to obtain judgment, &c.;) attorneys, Steele & Otis.
15TH ST, 540 East; Louis S. Miller against Jacob H. Matfus and another, (action to impress lien;) attorneys, Wentworth, Lowenstein & Stern.
104TH ST, 322 West; Samuel E. Kilner and another, trustees, against Luther L. Kellogg and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cardozo & Nathan.
163D ST and Vanderbilt Av, s w corner, 46x81.5x irregular; Daniel R. Kendall and another, trustees, against Celestino De Marco, (notice of attachment;) attorneys, Merrill & Rogers.

AT THE HOTELS.

WALDORF-ASTORIA—M. A. Calderon, Peruvian Minister; Judge W. W. Gurley, Chicago; Judge O. H. Fisher, Chicago; W. W. Finley, Washington.
CAMBRIDGE—M. G. Seckendorf, Washington.
HOLLAND—E. M. Weld, Boston.
IMPERIAL—Dr. D. F. Gray, Providence.
GRAND—Capt. Robert McMillan, United States Army.
MANHATTAN—F. C. Lounsbury, Connecticut.
SAVOY—Dr. J. Endelman, Philadelphia; N. H. Buckman, Cincinnati.
NETHERLAND—John R. Adams, Boston.
MURRAY HILL—William H. Dall, United States Geological Survey, Washington.
GILSEY—J. Frank Starr, Pittsburg.
VICTORIA—J. E. Broden, Indianapolis.
HOFFMAN—Dr. John Parmenter, Buffalo.
FIFTH AVENUE—J. A. Drake, Corning.
MARLBOROUGH—Sidney Johnson, Pittsburg.
MAJESTIC—Edward F. Merwin, Chicago.
NORMANDIE—James T. Sargent, Cleveland.
EVERETT—Bishop Satterlee, Washington.
ASTOR—H. G. Scott, Philadelphia.
EMPIRE—T. K. Marshall Morgan, Washington.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Kespohl-Mohrenstecher Company, Quincy, Ill.; O. Mohrenstecher, cloaks; 415 Broadway.
Hartman, A., Stockton, Cal., millinery; 415 Broadway.
Appell Cloak and Suit Company, Denver, Col.; T. S. Appell, cloaks and suits; Miss Pendleton, cloaks and suits; Everett House.
Effroymson & Wolf, Indianapolis, Ind.; L. Wolf, cloaks, notions, laces, and millinery; F. Wolf, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Schloss Brothers & Co., Baltimore, Md.; L. Schloss, woolens; N. Schloss, woolens; Herald Square Hotel.
Broger, A. A., Baltimore, Md.; M. Waterman, clothing; Herald Square Hotel.
Froehlich, G., Baltimore, Md., dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Steefel, Strauss & Connor, Rochester, N. Y.; J. D. Steefel, woolens; W. F. Connor, woolens; Hotel Savoy.
Robinson, J. M., Norton Company, Louisville, Ky.; H. A. Walton, cloaks, silks, and dress goods; G. P. Walton, hosiery, gloves, and corsets; 73 Leonard Street; Hotel Savoy.
Rosenbloom, S., & Sons, Syracuse, N. Y.; G. O'Hara, furnishing goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Goldsmith, Joseph, Feiss & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; J. F. Feiss, woolens; S. Joseph, woolens; Hotel Netherland.
Strouse Brothers & Co., Baltimore, Md.; B. Strouse, woolens; M. Strouse, woolens; Hotel Netherland.
Stern-Bloch Company, Rochester, N. Y.; L. Bloch, woolens; Hotel Savoy.
Kuppenheimer, B., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; J. Kuppenheimer, clothing; Hotel Savoy.
"Hillmans," Chicago, Ill.; Mr. Geleird, men's and boys' clothing; 488 Broadway.
Goldsmith Dry Goods Company, Dallas, Texas; A. Goldsmith, cloaks and millinery; 447 Broadway.
Moore & Beirs, Rochester, N. Y.; E. J. Beir, woolens; Hotel Netherland.
Gusky, J. M., Pittsburg, Penn.; S. J. Gusky, dry goods; 736 Broadway; Hotel Netherland.
Peck, George B., Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; D. B. Cavanagh, jewelry and leather goods; 2 Walker Street.
Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; William Page, cloaks and suits; J. P. Watson, corsets; D. D. Beveridge, hosiery; 3 Walker Street.
Hunter & Hunter, Detroit, Mich.; Mr. Kudner, cloaks and suits; 57 White Street.
Porteous & Mitchell, Norwich, Conn.; W. M. Murphy, housefurnishing goods; 57 White Street.
Crawford, D., & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; W. F. Mills, silks and dress goods; Miss M. Laughlin, millinery; 115 Worth Street.
Gilmore Brothers, Kalamazoo, Mich.; J. Vonholpe, shoes; A. Mell, upholstery goods; Hotel Imperial.
Fisk, D. B., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; L. F. Castle, hats and straw goods; 621 Broadway; Hotel Manhattan.
"Fair, The," Chicago, Ill.; Miss K. White, jewelry; Hotel Kensington.
Effroymson & Wolf, Indianapolis, Ind.; S. O. Ludwig, house furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street.
"Fair, The," Chicago, Ill.; B. Dougherty, furnishing goods; J. Boach, gloves; Hotel Navarre; P. Caspary, millinery; Gilsey House.
Weil, R., & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; A. E. Yates, notions, laces, and millinery; W. Murray, laces; A. Kullman, art goods; 51 Leonard Street.
Samuels, D., Lace House Company, San Francisco, Cal.; W. Ringross, cloaks, suits, and waists; 467 Broadway; Hotel Manhattan.
Horne, Stewart & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; Miss S. E. Jones, ribbons; 43 Leonard Street.
Horne, Joseph, & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; J. E. Seegal, cloaks, suits, and waists; 45 Lispenard Street; Hotel Imperial.
Emery, Bird, Thayer Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; W. L. Batterton, furnishing goods; 398 Broadway; Grand Hotel.
Peck, George B., Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; B. A. McKenna, dry goods; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Navarre.
Harris-Emery Company, Des Moines, Ia.; J. O. Sprowl, cloaks, suits and waists; Mary D. Haste, waists; 47 Lispenard Street; Hotel Navarre.
Specker & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; E. M. Rhoades, domestics and dress goods; St. Denis Hotel.
Elsinger, William H., & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; H. Andres, cloaks and suits; Hotel Navarre.
Kaufman & Co., Richmond, Va.; I. A. Kaufman, notions and furnishing goods; 622 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.
Blumenfeld, Locher & Brown Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; A. H. Bohmann, silks, laces, and ribbons; J. L. Locher, hats; Hotel Navarre.
Glover, H. B., Company, Dubuque, Iowa; A. J. Parker, manufacturing department; 114 Worth Street; Hotel Manhattan.
Syracuse Dry Goods Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; G. B. Williams, manufacturing department; 51 Leonard Street; Hotel Manhattan.
Nugent, B., & Brother Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; G. H. Trimmer, dress goods and silks; L. W. Bundy, ribbons; 106 Grand Street; Hotel Navarre.
Mayer & Schmidt, Tyler, Texas; S. Mayer, dry goods; Hotel Vendome.
Mayer & Schmidt, Nacogdoches, Texas; S. Hirsch, dry goods; Hotel Vendome.
Jones Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; C. W. Sherwood, dry goods; Wiscasia Hotel.
Harris Brothers, Nashville, Tenn.; M. Harris, cloaks, suits, millinery, and ribbons; 111 Bleecker Street; Wiscasia Hotel.
Bloss, Gus, Dry Goods Company, Little Rock, Ark.; E. Cohen, notions and jewelry; G. Bloss, clothing and furnishing goods; 48 Leonard Street; Hotel Marlborough.
Kuhn & Co., Vicksburg, Miss.; A. S. Kuhn, dry goods; Hotel Marlborough.
Lissner, S., & Co., Boston, Mass.; S. Lissner, piece goods; Hotel Vendome.
Adler-Childs Dry Goods Company, Dayton, Ohio; M. L. Adler, notions; Herald Square Hotel.
Rosenstock, A., & Co., Petersburg, Va.; S. M. Rosenstock, notions; Herald Square Hotel.
Strouse Manufacturing Company, Erie, Penn.; I. N. Strouse, piece goods; Hotel Cadillac.
Sisson Brothers & Welden Company, Binghamton, N. Y.; W. W. Sisson, dry goods; Hotel Cadillac.
Burgunder Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; H. Burgunder, woolens; S. Burgunder, woolens; Hoffman House.
Sonneborn, H., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; S. B. Sonneborn, woolens; Hoffman House.
Friend Brothers' Clothing Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; D. H. Friend, clothing; Hoffman House.
Burke, Fitz Simons, Hone & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; J. T. Noonan, cloths; J. L. Madden, linens; J. W. Bruce, dry goods; Victoria Hotel.
Stein-Bloch Company, Rochester, N. Y.; N. Stein, clothing; Holland House.
Ambach Brothers & Co., Baltimore, Md.; D. Ambach, woolens; M. Ambach, woolens; Hoffman House.
Dey, Brothers & Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; G. W. Lanson, millinery and laces; 66 Grand Street; Victoria Hotel.
Dinkelspiel, A., & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; A. Dinkelspiel, woolens; 74 Leonard Street; Victoria Hotel.
Adler Brothers & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; A. Adler, clothing; Victoria Hotel.
Rice, Israel, Sons, Rochester, N. Y.; S. Rice, woolens; Victoria Hotel.
Plymouth Clothing House, Minneapolis, Minn.; A. Wohlgemuth, hats and caps; H. E. Ringel, cloaks and suits; Grand Hotel.
Horne, Joseph, Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; E. Holcombe, dress goods and wash fabrics; 47 Lispenard Street; Victoria Hotel.
Filene, William, & Sons, Boston, Mass.; A. L. Filene, dry goods; Victoria Hotel.
Hengerer, William, Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; M. J. Donovan, upholstery goods; 377 Broadway; Hotel Imperial.
Livingston, A., & Sons, Bloomington, Ill.; M. Livingston, furnishing goods; Hotel Imperial.
Gage Brothers & Co., Chicago, Ill.; E. Hilbert, flowers and feathers; 107 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Imperial.
Singer, M., & Co., Williamsport, Penn.; M. Singer, pants; Hotel Imperial.
Cohen, M., Son & Co., Petersburg, Va.; C. Cohen, dry goods; 74 Worth Street; Hotel Imperial.
Wile Brothers & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; M. Wile, clothing; Hotel Imperial.
Rosen, A. D., & Co., Detroit, Mich.; A. D. Rosen, notions; Hotel Imperial.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; A. E. Bell, linens and white goods; 104 Worth Street; Hotel Imperial.
Fitts, C. N., Northampton, Mass., dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
Gimbel Brothers, Milwaukee, Wis.; S. H. Gimbel, cloaks and suits; 377 Broadway; Hotel Imperial.
Fechheimer Brothers & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; S. H. Fechheimer, woolens; Hotel Imperial.
Horne, Joseph, & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; J. C. Wasson, art goods and jewelry; 47 Lispenard Street; St. Denis Hotel.
Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; R. Barnes, cloaks; 57 White Street; Hotel Albert.
Clarke & Co., Peoria, Ill.; R. F. Donaldson, cloaks, suits, and waists; 530 Broadway; Hotel Albert.
Strouss, Benjamin J., & Samish, St. Louis, Mo.; A. Samish, notions; 637 Broadway; Hoffman House.
Heymann, S., & Co., Oshkosh, Wis.; Frank Stein, dry goods.
Bell Brothers Company, Sheboygan, Wis.; John F. Bell, dry goods.
Elliott, William H., Company, Detroit, Mich.; H. A. Lennon, dry goods.
Lecour, J., & Sons, Kankakee, Ill.; L. T. Lecour, dry goods; St. Denis.
Harned & Von Maur, Davenport, Iowa; H. A. Smith, cloaks; Park Avenue Hotel.
Bergner, P. A., & Co., Peoria, Ill.; W. J. Forbes, cloaks; Victoria Hotel.
Mabley & Carew Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; B. B. Armstrong, clothing; Holland House.
Alexander & Cohn, Chicago, Ill.; J. Alexander, woolens; Hoffman House.
Boston Store, Milwaukee, Wis.; J. Rosenthal, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Cohn, A., & Son, Chicago, Ill.; A. Cohn, clothing; Hoffman House.
Boston Store, Milwaukee, Wis.; D. Glueck, dry goods; C. W. Fry, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Reps & Junek, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; A. C. Reps, dry goods; Hotel Navarre.
Edward Shuster & Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; Henry Gehrig, cloaks; H. B. Karstner, dry goods, &c.; Belvedere Hotel.
Reps Dry Goods Company, Springfield, Mo.; William Reps, dry goods; Hotel Navarre.
Hart, E., & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; E. Hart, clothing.
Hood, E. & J., Canton, Ill.; Miss E. Hood, millinery; Broadway Central Hotel.
Goshen Shirt Manufacturing Company, The, Goshen, Ind.; M. A. Goldberg; Marlborough Hotel.
Sampliner, A. W., & J., Cleveland, Ohio; T. H. Sampliner, cloaks; Hoffman House.
Star Dry Goods Company, Louisville, Ky.; William Pohlmann, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Rollman, The, & Sons Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; M. Wenzel, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Archibald, Garrett A., & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; Garrett A. Archibald, men's outfittings; Mrs. Mary A. Angle, men's outfittings; Grand Hotel.
Bauch, Hugo E., Milwaukee, Wis.; dry goods; Robert Schiller, department store; Herald Square Hotel.
Kiver, S. L., & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; S. L. Kiver, jewelry; Herald Square Hotel.
Horn-Stewart Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; Miss E. Chambers, cloaks; Fifth Avenue Hotel; F. M. Tipton, silks; Hotel Navarre.
Linn & Scruggs Company, Decatur, Ill.; C. A. Gille and G. O. MacKenzie, cloaks; Hotel Navarre.
Child's Dry Goods Company, Columbus, Ohio, cloaks; Herald Square Hotel.
Smith, H. L., Longview, Texas; H. L. Smith, dry goods, &c.; Hotel Albert.
Burns & Bell, Colorado, Texas; F. M. Burns, general merchandise; Hotel Albert.
Valentine, E. G., & Co., Jackson, Mich.; E. G. Valentine, underwear; Herald Square Hotel.
Kaufman, Strauss & Co., Louisville, Ky.; Morris Green, dress goods; Hotel Imperial.
Nicholson Brothers, Richmond, Ind.; J. W. Nicholson, books and stationery; Hotel Albert.
Homer, W. E., Canton, Ohio; W. E. Homer, clothing; 30 West Twenty-sixth Street.
Harner, W. E., Canton, Ohio; C. H. Lamy, clothing; 30 West Twenty-sixth Street.
Nussbaum, A., Texarkana, Texas; dry goods.
Frankenberg Brothers & Neuman, Bisbee, Ariz.; M. Neuman, general merchandise; Hotel Cadillac.
Globe Shoe and Clothing Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Joseph Landon, department store; Miss Ella Flaherty, millinery; Criterion Hotel.
Manhattan Clothing Company, Marion, Ohio; E. G. Staiger, clothing; Victoria Hotel.
Kalamazoo Print Company, Kalamazoo, Mich.; G. Rosenbaum, manufacturing; Samuel Clark, manufacturing; Hotel Navarre.
Evans, John C., Company, Chicago, Ill.; Charles E. Rothschild, cloaks; Hoffman House.
Lafayette Clothing House, Lafayette, La.; S. B. Kahn, clothing; 67 East Ninth Street.
Feder, L., Chicago, Ill.; cloaks; Herald Square Hotel.
Block, William H., Company, Indianapolis, Ind.; L. Aronson, cloaks; Herald Square Hotel.
Starr, A. E., & Co., Zanesville, Ohio; Sol. Weinburg, cloaks; Hotel Normandie.
Weber, H., The, Sons & Co., Zanesville, Ohio; C. M. Weber, dry goods; 40 West Twenty-fifth Street.
Chone, F. & M., Company, Toledo, Ohio; L. H. Friedlander, cloaks; Herald Square Hotel.
Columbus Dry Goods Company, Columbus, Ohio; T. H. Ames and wife, dry goods; 116 West Eleventh Street.
Noble, Shadbolt, Detroit, Mich.; Mr. G. Shadbolt, men's furnishings; Herald Square.
Starrett Brothers, Sheldon, Iowa; E. B. Starrett, department store; Hotel Somerset.
Buck, George N., Mattoon, Ill.; C. A. Dubner, dry goods; Maggie Lynch, dry goods; Hotel Albert; W. S. Huddlesworth, notions; Grand Hotel.
Hecht, M., Beaumont, Texas; dry goods; Marlborough Hotel.
Mueller, St. Louis, Mo.; Henry Miller, furrier; Broadway Central Hotel.
Hofman Jewelry Company, The, Columbus, Ohio; B. N. Witford, jewelry; Herald Square Hotel.
Keenan, John, Detroit, Mich.; Fred J. Reif, furniture; Park Avenue Hotel.
Katz & Goldsmith, Braddock, Penn.; Leo A. Katz, department store; Wellington Hotel.
Aram & Lehman, Cincinnati, Ohio; H. A. Straus, overalls; Herald Square Hotel.
Smith Drug Company, Texarkana, Ark.; E. F. Burk, drugs; Herald Square Hotel.
Gem Garment Company, Indianapolis, Ind.; F. J. Noll, manufacturers; Hotel Albert.
Stein, A., & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Ernst Stein, garters; Herald Square Hotel.
Meyer Store Dry Goods Company, The, St. Louis, Mo.; W. D. Meyer, department store; Hoffman House.
Wilson, P. K., & Son, Chicago, Ill.; C. W. Galbraith, dry goods; Hotel Navarre.
Newman, J., Jr., Chicago, Ill.; Harry D. Newman, suits; Hotel Cadillac.
Hirschheim, S., Chicago, Ill.; Myron H. Fehrenheld, suits; Hotel Cadillac.
Sanger & Brown, Norwalk, Ohio; C. A. Sanger, dry goods; W. Sanger, dry goods; 20 East Ninth Street.
Joslin Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; W. F. Van Wyck, men's furnishings.
Detroit Cap Manufacturing Company, Detroit, Mich.; Sigmund Hofman, caps; Hoffman House.
Schloss Brothers, Detroit, Mich.; A. W. Schloss, clothes; Hoffman House.
Landauer, A., & Son, Milwaukee, Wis.; M. J. Rosenstock, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
McCarthy, M. H., Chicago, Ill.; merchant tailor.
Weil & Co., Keokuk, Iowa; Joe Levy, clothing.
Waterman Brothers, Mount Pleasant, Mich.; G. H. Waterman, general merchandise; Broadway Central Hotel.
Hallstein, A. M., Chicago, Ill., cloaks; Herald Square Hotel.
Sloan, Rosenthal, St. Louis, Mo.; Agnes Hickey, millinery; Hoffman House.
King-Brinsmaide Mercantile Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss M. Merkel, millinery; Hoffman House.
Efroymson Brothers, Indianapolis, Ind.; Louis M. Efroymson, clothing; Herald Square Hotel.
Efroymson, H. & L., Indianapolis, Ind.; Isaac Efroymson, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Bonson Shirtmaking Company, The, Milwaukee, Wis.; N. Bonslow, silks; Belvedere Hotel.
Bower & Schulhof, Mattoon, Ill.; J. Heine, dry goods.
Field, Schlick & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; Charles E. Searing, dry goods.
Hurwock & Kaplan, South Bend, Ind.; H. Kaplan, clothing.
Brett, George E., Inc., Mankato, Minn.; Frederick W. Kruse, cloaks; Mrs. F. W. Kruse, cloaks; Hotel Navarre.
Siefert Company, The, Cincinnati, Ohio; William H. Loehr, dry goods; P. N. Siefert, dry goods; Westminster Hotel.
Marblestone, M. M., & Co., Louisville, Ky.; M. M. Marblestone, clothing; Hotel Navarre.
Greenstein, M., & Brother, Louisville, Ky.; S. J. Greenstein, dry goods; Marlborough Hotel.
Boyd, James, Denison, Texas, clothing; Marlborough Hotel.
Abt, Leo, & Sons, Canton, Ohio; Leo Abt, millinery; Edward D. Abt, millinery; Herald Square Hotel.
Upham Brothers & Co., Akron, Ohio; Kate Russert, cloaks; Eva Kniffin, cloaks; Park Avenue Hotel.
Byrider Brothers, Akron, Ohio; Charles L. Byrider, hats; Hotel Imperial.
Schweke, Webb, Reedsburg, Wis.; D. C. Schweke, general merchandise; Hotel Normandie.
Missoula Mercantile Company, Missoula, Mont.; C. A. Barnes, general merchandise; Hotel Wellington.
Holle, Schwarz & Skall, Cleveland, Ohio; Sol M. Skall, furnishing goods; 60 West Ninety-fourth Street.
Redler, L., Cincinnati, Ohio; furrier; Hotel Albert.
Redler, L., Cincinnati, Ohio; Miss Carrie Fothkoff, furrier; Hotel Albert.
Lewis, Mrs. F., Columbus, Ohio; Mrs. H. Lewis, millinery.
Scheur & Brother, Cincinnati, Ohio; Sigmund Huschler, leather goods; St. Denis Hotel.
Trexlee, Lewis, Dayton, Ohio; J. K. Hershey, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Einschelmer, E., Cleveland, Ohio; commission merchant; Herald Square Hotel.
Eppenhaim Dry Goods Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; H. Breithaupt; Hotel Earlington.
Jones, J. A., Alliance, Ohio; millinery; Broadway Central Hotel.
Oyster, A. E., Alliance, Ohio; jeweler; Broadway Central Hotel.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Constipation

How to Cure It.

You Must Keep the Bowels Regulated If You Would Be Well—A Simple Remedy Within Reach of All.

Constipation poisons the entire system. It charges the blood with vile impurities, ruins the nerves, upsets the kidneys and liver, and prepares the way for disease and death.

Nature has provided but one way by which food may be received into the system, while the importance of freeing the body of waste matter is emphasized by the fact that she has given us four ways of disposing of it.

The bowels, the kidneys, the skin and the lungs all throw off materials which if retained in the system would poison.

Of these the bowels and kidneys are most important. Anything which hinders natural bowel or kidney action results in sickness—this is inevitable—there is no escape.

Did you ever stop to think that you would be seriously ill if your bowels and kidneys refused to act for only three days, and that a fortnight would hurry you to the grave?

ANY trouble with the bowels is serious.

Anything which prevents regular daily action of the bowels is dangerous.

Iron-Ox Tablets cure constipation.

They do it by so toning up the entire digestive tract that the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys work together naturally and in harmony.

They thoroughly regulate the bowels by their combined tonic and gently laxative action. Their tonic qualities stimulate the flow of digestive fluids, and with their mild laxative effect relieve all trouble.

Remember, Iron-Ox Tablets are not purgative or cathartic in their effect; they are tonic-laxative; they cure by building up the entire system.

Anything which shocks the system into activity is dangerous. Do not expect immediate perceptible effects from Iron-Ox Tablets. They produce a natural, regular building up of all the functions. This takes a little time, but a successful result is absolutely certain.

Fifty Iron-Ox Tablets in an attractive aluminum pocket-case, 25 cents, at druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price. The Iron-Ox Remedy Co., Detroit, Mich.

NEW ENGLAND REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

BERKSHIRE HILLS.—Furnished houses to lease for the Summer. Sanborn G. Tenney, Williamstown, Mass.

REAL ESTATE.

The Lawyers' Title Insurance Company of New York

37 Liberty St., Manhattan.
38 Court St., Brooklyn.

Examines and insures titles at fixed moderate rates. Its large force of skilled professional experts insures accuracy and despatch.

CAPITAL and SURPLUS $8,000,000

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

70th St., Near 3d Av.—Fine three-story house, 16.8x100; sacrifice price; rented $804; $5,000 mortgage can remain. Thomas P. Payne, 96 Broadway.

136th St., near Lincoln Av., 4-story, 3 rooms each side; price $12,000; mortgage $7,500. John J. Hoeckh, 650 9th Av.

Bronx.

For Sale.—The most elegant 2-family detached brick and stone houses ever built in New York City; neighborhood restricted; Clay Av., near 166th St., 3 blocks west of 3d Av.; terms moderate.

Splendid 3-family house; choice location, near west side elevated; nice home and good investment. Call and examine it. Jones, Ogden Av. and 162d St.

BENJ. H. IRVING, 484 BERGEN AVE., COR. 147TH ST. BRONX PROPERTIES, EXCHANGING, APPRAISING. MORTGAGES SECURED.

Elegant two-family house, 15 rooms, steam heat; lot 25x125; facing two avenues. Call and examine it. Jones, Ogden Av. and 162d St.

Full lot next to corner, 179th, Crotona Av.; net cash to quick buyer, $1,200. E. A. B., 140 East 42d St.

$5 monthly, $495 up; Bronx lots, near 3d Av. L station. Shatzkin, 749 East 171st St.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

IDEAL SUMMER AND WINTER COTTAGE FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.
Beautifully situated new cottage, 10 rooms and bath; all latest improvements; neatly laid out grounds; situated in Bay Ridge Park, between Fort Hamilton Av. and 10th Av.; would exchange for house in town. Apply Stewart, 72d St. and Fort Hamilton Av. Take Bay Ridge Av. car in Brooklyn.

FLATBUSH—SPECIAL BARGAINS.
$2,700—$370 DOWN.
$30 PER MONTH PAYS ALL.
One block from Flatbush Av.; very pretty new detached house; 7 rooms and bath; steam heat; all improvements.
C. S. OSBORN, 1,067 FLATBUSH AV.

$1,250 Each.—Rare bargain; 125x100 lots; finest central growing location; south side 39th St., 100 ft. east 5th Av. Thomas Payne, 96 Broadway, Manhattan.

Brooklyn property sold quickly for cash. Ernestus Gulick Co., the Estate Agents, 350 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Sackman St.—Two-family frame house; all improvements; will sell cheap. G., 105 Times.

LONG ISLAND REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

LAND FOR SEASIDE HOMES, BELLE HARBOR.

The most desirable Seaside Resort on the Atlantic Coast. Situated within five minutes of the Rockaway Park Railway Station.

Apply for particulars to Dr. Thomas P. Hughes, Room 1303, Commercial Cable Building, 20 Broad St., N. Y. Telephone, 7749—Cortlandt, or on the property at Belle Harbor.

Lindenhurst, Convenient Station.—1,561 lots, $5,000; appraised $39,025; unparalleled bargain; communicate. Jones, 180 Montague St., Brooklyn.

WESTCHESTER REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

Gentleman's country residence for sale; finest corner on restricted Chester Hill, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; house 14 rooms and bath; all improvements; fine stable; lot 137x115 feet. Owner, Box 12, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Mamaroneck.

MAMARONECK LOTS, $100
On Line of New Portchester Railway.
$1.00 WEEKLY—NO ASSESSMENTS.
Near Station; on trolley; water, gas, electric light; fishing, bathing, sailing. WARRANTY REALTY CO., 115 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET—RICHMOND BOROUGH.

TO LET.

Borough of Richmond on the Vanderbilt estate at Clifton, 40 minutes from the Battery, (foot of Broadway.) Houses with every modern improvement; unequalled in finish and style; most desirable location; high ground; shade trees, &c.; now is the time to make your arrangements and settle by Oct. 1.

For rentals and particulars apply or address

TALBOT ROOT,
Room 928, 52 Broadway,
NEW YORK CITY.

NEW JERSEY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET.

Montclair.—In beautiful Marlboro Park, near "Park Street" (Erie) Station, school, &c.; only house left of twenty; rent, $720; bargain $8,000; easy terms; latest improvements, steam, gas, electricity, &c.; refined surroundings; other houses building; illustrated booklet free. Montclair Realty Co.

AVON BY-THE SEA, NEW JERSEY.
Furnished cottages for rent; all kinds and prices. Write for list and map. C. D. SNYDER.

Ocean Grove.—To close estate; Winter and Summer house; 12 rooms and bath, tubs, double lot; piazzas; trees; near Fletcher Lake and ocean. G., Box 103 Times.

To close estate will sell 5 acres, fine soil, part timber, at $5 per acre; payable, $1 weekly. Opportunity, Box 95, New York Times Office.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE AND TO LET—MISCELLANEOUS.

For 30 years we have sold
COUNTRY PROPERTY ONLY
Buyers get our free catalogue. Owners, send us details of your property. Phillips & Wells, 63K Tribune Building, N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

For doctor, from Oct. 1st, an apartment of 5 rooms, first floor, in corner in modern apartment house, 118th to 119th St., on Morningside Av.; rent, $900.

For doctor, from Oct. 1st, an apartment of 5 rooms, first floor, in corner in modern apartment house, 118th to 119th St., on Morningside Av.; rent, $900.

CHARLES H. EASTON & CO., FACTORY LOFTS AND BUILDINGS. TEL. 6420—38, 116 WEST 42D STREET.

Doctor's Office.—A large office, with window and entrance on the street, $1,000. The Sevilla, 117 West 58th St.

Attractive offices, north light, 835 Broadway, corner 12th; elevator; rent, $10 up. Folsom Brothers, 885 Broadway.

Stores, lofts, buildings, offices; exceptionally fine list, this and other desirable localities. Folsom Brothers, 885 Broadway.

Attractive offices and skylight studios, 131 East 24th St.; elevator, heat; $10 up. Folsom Brothers, 885 Broadway.

Three very light, attractive, connecting offices, 105 East 17th St.; rent, $30. Folsom Brothers, 885 Broadway.

Entire 6-story building, No. 78 Bowery, near Canal, 25x100; store and basement separate. C. N. Aborn, 503 5th Av., or your own broker.

Factory loft, 50x75; light, heat, power, elevator; new, modern building. 424 West 54th St.

CITY HOUSES TO LET — UNFURNISHED.

EAST 37TH STREET.
Private dwelling near Lexington Av. for rent. John Kensett Kellogg, 30 William St.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

COLORED TENEMENTS WANTED.
Colored man makes specialty managing colored tenements; references; bond. PHILIP A. PAYTON, JR., Agent, Broker, 67 W. 134th St.; 'phone 1919 Harlem. Branch, 113 Nassau St., 'phone 380 Cort.

FLATS AND PRIVATE HOUSES
wanted for select colored tenants, to sell or manage; reference, bonds.
COLORED TENEMENTS A SPECIALTY.
LLOYD L. BOYKIN.
118 W. 134th St. Tel. 3136 J M'g'sd.

Wanted for Cash—Any cheap lots, plots, old buildings or tenements; any part Manhattan Island. Chas. R. Smith, 96 Broadway.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

THE **BRISTOL,**
NEW APARTMENT HOTEL,
122-124 West 49th St.
BETWEEN 6TH AVE. AND B'WAY.
200 ROOMS WITH BATHS.
TELEPHONE AND ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.
SINGLY OR EN SUITE.
Monthly or Yearly Agreements.
Unexcelled Service. Restaurant a la Carte.
MANAGEMENT, FREDERIC M. WARNER,
Formerly Hotel Lorraine, Fifth Ave.

THE SEVILLIA APARTMENT HOTEL, 117 WEST 58TH ST.
One large apartment of parlor, five bedrooms, and two baths, from October 1st, $3,000; several smaller apartments, $800 to $1,600, all unfurnished; two furnished apartments for the Summer; restaurant a la carte; persons objecting to careful inquiry as to character, &c., need not apply.

APARTMENTS TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

MILTONA
28 and 30 West 131st St.
Newly completed Apartment House.
5 AND 6 ROOMS AND BATH.
Telephone, Electric Lights, Elevator Service.
LIVERIED HALL ATTENDANTS.
RENTS $35 TO $45.

MARJORIE & TERESA
241 TO 247 WEST 112TH ST.
NEW APARTMENT HOUSES.
RENTS $1,000-$1,100.
5 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS, with every modern convenience; all night elevator service; telephone in each apartment. Must be seen to be appreciated.
OWNER ON PREMISES.
Telephone 3808 Morningside.

HOMES ON MORNINGSIDE PARK,
118TH TO 119TH STREET.
TWO MODERN BUILDINGS. APARTMENTS OF 4, 5, 6, AND 7 ROOMS AND BATHS.
RENTS, $45 to $95.
ONE 8-ROOM APARTMENT, $140.
H. C. COLEMAN, AGT.

FERNLEIGH HALL,
51 to 55 East 129th St.
Five and six rooms and bath; all improvements; moderate rentals.

Apartments in semi-public building, for bachelor or couple; bath, Dutch kitchen; artistic and unusual; excellent attendance. 226 West 58th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—FURNISHED

Sublet, August and September.—Furnished apartment, 5 rooms, bath, and hall, 7 East 32d St. $100 per month; meals on premises. E. H. Foster, 120 Liberty St. Tel. 3081—Cort. References.

64th St., 41 West.—Newly furnished apartment; parlor, 4 bedrooms, private bath; gentlemen only; references.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ANDREA AMENDOLA, Bankrupt.—No. 6,150.

To the creditors of Andrea Amendola of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 29th day of July, A. D. 1903, the said Andrea Amendola was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee, No. 67 Wall Street, in the City and County of New York, on the 18th day of August, A. D. 1903, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, August 3d, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ENTERPRISE GAS STOVE MANUFACTURING CO., Bankrupt.—No. 6,087.

To the creditors of Enterprise Gas Stove Manufacturing Co. of the County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of July, A. D. 1903, the said Enterprise Gas Stove Manufacturing Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 346 Broadway, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1903, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, July 31st, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL FINE, individually and as a member of the firm of Lasser & Fine, Bankrupt.—No. 6,086.

To the creditors of Samuel Fine, individually and as a member of the firm of Lasser & Fine of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 2d day of July, A. D. 1903, the said Samuel Fine, individually and as a member of the firm of Lasser & Fine, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee, No. 67 Wall Street, in the City and County of New York, on the 17th day of August, A. D. 1903, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, August 3d, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID LAMB, Bankrupt.—No. 6,108.

To the creditors of David Lamb of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of July, A. D. 1903, the said David Lamb was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee, No. 67 Wall Street, in the City and County of New York, on the 15th day of August, A. D. 1903, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, August 3d, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BOHEMIA COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, August 4, 1903, 10:30 A. M., at 113-115 Leonard Street, Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a certain lot of wines, liquors, cigars, two pianos, and all the right, title, and interest of the bankrupt in the lease of premises No. 48 W. 28th Street, Manhattan, and in and to all property on said premises belonging to said bankrupt not herein specifically mentioned. Order of

CLARENCE S. SMITH, Trustee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL E. WITMAN, bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Aug. 4, 1903, 12 o'clock, at 113 and 115 Leonard Street, Manhattan, the real estate belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt as follows: All that certain tract or parcel of land and premises situate, lying, and being in the City of Newark and Township of Irvington, formerly Township of Clinton, in the County of Essex and State of New Jersey.

Order of JOSEPH L. PASCAL, Trustee.
OTTO C. SOMMERICH, Attorney for Trustee, 25 Broad St., New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ELIAS MARCUS'S SONS, bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, August 4, 1903, 2 P. M., at 113-115 Leonard Street, Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of about 550 dozen pairs men's hose.

Order of LEO FRANK, Trustee.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Trustee, 320 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of E. M. GUBSCH & CO., Bankrupts.—John Van Praag, auctioneer, sells Thursday, Aug. 6, 1903, at 11 A. M., at 114 E. 23d St. and 113-115 E. 23d St., New York, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of pyrographical goods, photographic frames, novelties, panels, leather, also machinery, safe, motor, desks, chairs, office partitions, &c. Order of

OTTO DROEGE, Trustee.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—WALTER C. BAYLIES and RICHARD M. SALTONSTALL, as trustees under the last will and testament of George F. Upham, deceased, plaintiffs, against JULIUS KLUG and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 25th day of June, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 4th day of August, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by John N. Golding, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

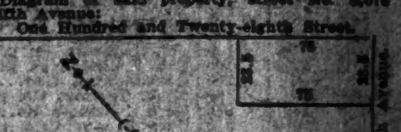
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan and City of New York, and known by the present street number 2,076 Fifth Avenue, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-eighth Street with the westerly side of the Fifth Avenue, and running thence westerly along the said southerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-eighth Street seventy-five feet; thence southerly and parallel with Fifth Avenue twenty-three feet and five inches; thence easterly parallel with One Hundred and Twenty-eighth Street and part of the way through a party wall seventy-five feet to the westerly side of the Fifth Avenue; and thence northerly along the said westerly side of Fifth Avenue twenty-three feet and five inches to the point or place of beginning, be the said several distances and dimensions more or less.

The above-described land being part of and lying in the block designated as Block Number 1,725 in Section Number 6 on the map entitled "The Land Map of the City of New York," prepared by the Board of Taxes and Assessments under authority of Chapter 349 of the Laws of 1890 and Chapter 166 of the Laws of 1890.

Together with the appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Diagram of said property, street No. 2,076 Fifth Avenue:

One Hundred and Twenty-eighth Street.



Approximate amount of lien to satisfy which property is to be sold is $27,096.98, with interest thereon from November 18th, 1901. Expenses of action, $326.02, with interest thereon from June 25th, 1903, and expenses of sale. Approximate amount of taxes, &c., to be paid by referee, $2,279.63 and interest.

Dated New York, July 14th, 1903.
EDWARD D. O'BRIEN, Referee.
STRONG & CADWALADER, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 40 Wall St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
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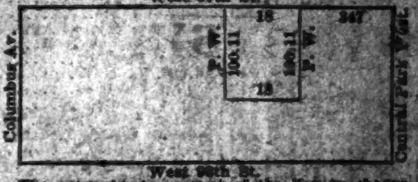
WEST 97TH STREET, NO. 18.—Supreme Court, County of New York.—JOSEPHA M. YOUNG, as executrix, &c., plaintiff, against ABRAHAM L. FOX and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date 11th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 4th day of August, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Peter F. Meyer, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot of ground, with the buildings thereon erected, situate in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York, on the southerly side of Ninety-seventh Street, bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point in the southerly line of Ninety-seventh Street distant three hundred and forty-seven (347) feet westerly from the point formed by the intersection of the southerly line of Ninety-seventh Street with the westerly line of Eighth Avenue, (now Central Park West,) thence running southerly and parallel with the westerly line of Eighth Avenue and part of the way through a certain party wall one hundred feet and eleven inches to the centre line of the block between Ninety-sixth and Ninety-seventh Streets; thence westerly and parallel with the southerly line of Ninety-seventh Street along said centre line eighteen feet; thence northerly parallel with the westerly line of Eighth Avenue and part of the way through a certain other party wall one hundred feet and eleven inches to the southerly line of Ninety-seventh Street, and thence easterly along the southerly line of Ninety-seventh Street eighteen feet to the place of beginning.

Dated New York, July 13, 1903.
MITCHELL L. ERLANGER, Referee.
ROBERT J. HARE POWEL, Attorney for Plaintiff, No. 120 Broadway, New York City.

West 97th St.



West 96th St.

The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $10,760, with interest thereon from the 11th day of May, 1903, together with costs and allowances amounting to $138 22-100, with interest from May 11th, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is $881 30-100 and interest.

Dated New York, July 13th, 1903.
MITCHELL L. ERLANGER, Referee.
jy13-2aw3wM&Th&au4

SURROGATE NOTICES.

HAPPEL, PAUL.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to George Happel, Hedwig Happel, his wife; Franz August Happel, Rudolf Paul Happel, Caroline Anton, Lizzie Werner, George Anton, Maggie Anton, George Anton, Jr., Gustav Anton, son of George Anton; Gustav Anton, son of Caroline Anton; Louis Anton, Paul Werner, Otto Werner, Alma Werner, Emil Werner, Jr., Bruno Werner, Paul Kloberg, Edward Kloberg, Helen A. Kloberg, Oscar Kloberg and Clara Happel, Lizzie Boerner, Paul Kloberg, William E. Robertson, George Ziegers, Cornelius J. Cosgrove, Mrs. M. A. Kittle, Miss M. Freeborn, Mrs. Julia L. Van Houtten, William Ransom, W. A. Taylor, Miss H. De Boulett, Mrs. Mary E. Evans, and all other persons interested in the estate of said PAUL HAPPEL, deceased, being heirs at law and next of kin, devisees, and all legatees under the will of said Paul Happel, deceased, and creditors of said Paul Happel, deceased, and tenants and occupants of the real property known as Nos. 51 West 128th Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City, and 714 East 179th Street, Bronx Borough, New York City:

Whereas, Clara Happel, as executrix, and Oscar Kloberg, as executor, under the last will and testament of Paul Happel, deceased, late of the County of New York, has applied to one of our Surrogates of the County of New York for a citation requiring you and each of you to appear and show cause why a decree should not be made by our Surrogates' Court of the County of New York directing a sale of the real estate of the said Paul Happel, deceased, or such part thereof as may be necessary for the payment of the debts of the said deceased:

You and each of you are required to be and appear before our said Surrogate, at his office, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 15th day of September, 1903, at ten thirty o'clock in the forenoon of that day, and show cause why a decree should not be made herein directing the sale of the real estate of the said Paul Happel, deceased, or so much thereof as may be sufficient for the payment of the debts of said decedent; and you and each of you having claims against said deceased are further required to exhibit and prove the same before said Surrogate at the time and place aforesaid, and those of you who are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one; if you have none, that you appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in these proceedings.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of our said Surrogates' Court to be hereunto affixed. Witness, the Honorable Frank
[Seal.] T. Fitzgerald, one of the Surrogates of the County of New York, at Manhattan Borough, New York City, in said county, this 6th day of July, 1903.

J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN, Clerk of the Surrogates' Court, N. Y. Co.
RUDOLPH C. SCHAIDER, Attorney for Executors, No. 120 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, N. Y. Co. jy7-law6wTu

CRAFT, MARY.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARY CRAFT, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business at the office of Frederic de P. Foster, No. 18 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the tenth day of October next.—Dated New York, the first day of April, 1903.

SAMUEL MOORE CRAFT, Executor.
FREDERIC DE P. FOSTER, Attorney for Executor, 18 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. ap7-law6mTu

HESSE, CATHARINE.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CATHARINE HESSE, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Henry E. Frankenberg, his attorney, No. 10 Wall Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on or before the 31st day of December next.

Dated, New York, the 15th day of June, 1903.
JOHN JOSEPH HESSE, Administrator.
HENRY E. FRANKENBERG, Atty. for Administrator, 10 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. je16-law6mTu

HEERWAGEN, EDWARD C.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EDWARD C. HEERWAGEN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Robert E. Deyo, No. 115 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of September, 1903.—Dated New York, the 14th day of February, 1903. CHARLES E. BAUERDORF, WILLIAM KOTHE, Executors. ROBERT E. DEYO, Attorney for Executors, 115 Broadway, N. Y. City, (Manhattan.) fe17-law6m-Tu

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R.

THE FOUR-TRACK TRUNK LINE.

Trains arrive and depart from Grand Central Station, 42d Street, New York, as follows:

North and West bound trains, except those leaving Grand Central Station at 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 9:30, 9:35 P. M., will stop at 125th St. to receive passengers ten minutes after leaving Grand Central Station.

All southbound trains, except the "20th Century" and the "Empire State Express," and Nos. 36 and 40, will stop at 125th St. ten minutes before their arrival time at Grand Central Station.

12:10 A. M.—MIDNIGHT EXPRESS. Due Albany 3:55 A. M., Troy 6:50 A. M.

7:50 A. M.—*Adirondack, Thousand Islands, and Montreal Special.

7:54 A. M.—*SYRACUSE LOCAL. Stops at all important stations.

8:30 A. M.—*EMPIRE STATE EXPRESS. Most famous train in the world. Due Buffalo 4:45, Niagara Falls 5:51 P. M.

8:45 A. M.—*FAST MAIL. 24 hours to Chicago. Due Buffalo 7:10, Niagara Falls 8:01.

9:40 A. M.—*SARATOGA AND MONTREAL SPECIAL.

10:30 A. M.—*DAY EXPRESS. Makes local stops. Due Buffalo 1:10 A. M.

11:30 A. M.—*RUTLAND EXPRESS. Due Rutland 7:35 P. M.

12:50 P. M.—*BUFFALO LIMITED. Due Buffalo 11 P. M., Niagara Falls 11:55 P. M.

1:00 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED. Due Cincinnati 10:30, Indianapolis 11:30 A. M., St. Louis 6:45 P. M. next day.

1:00 P. M.—*CHICAGO LIMITED. 24 hours to Chicago via Lake Shore. [illegible]

1:50 P. M.—SARATOGA LIMITED. Saturdays only. Due Saratoga 5:40 P. M.

2:45 P. M.—*THE 20TH CENTURY LIMITED. 20-hour train to Chicago via Lake Shore. Electric Lights and Fans.

3:20 P. M.—SARATOGA LIMITED, except Saturday and Sunday. Due Saratoga 7:10 P. M.

3:30 P. M.—*ALBANY AND TROY FLYER. Due Albany 6:40, Troy 7:05 P. M.

3:40 P. M.—*ALBANY AND TROY EXPRESS. Local stops.

4:00 P. M.—*DETROIT, GRAND RAPIDS AND CHICAGO SPECIAL.

5:30 P. M.—*LAKE SHORE LIMITED. 24-hour train to Chicago. All Pullman Cars. Due Cleveland 7:00 A. M., Cincinnati 1:30, Indianapolis 2:10, Chicago 4:00, St. Louis 9:45 P. M. next day.

6:00 P. M.—*WESTERN EXPRESS. To Chicago via both L. S. & M. C.

7:00 P. M.—*MONTREAL EXPRESS via D. & H. or Rutland.

7:30 P. M.—*ADIRONDACK AND MONTREAL EXPRESS.

8:00 P. M.—*BUFFALO, THOUSAND ISLANDS, AND TORONTO SPECIAL.

9:15 P. M.—*SPECIAL MAIL, LIMITED. Sleeping car only for Rochester.

9:20 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN SPECIAL.

9:30 P. M.—*PACIFIC EXPRESS. Chicago, 24 hours by Michigan Central, 28 hours by Lake Shore.

11:30 P. M.—*CHICAGO THEATRE TRAIN. Cape Vincent, Ogdensburg, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and St. Louis.

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Except Monday.

HARLEM DIVISION.

8:03 A. M. and 3:35 P. M. Daily except Sundays to Pittsfield and North Adams. Saturdays only 2:46 P. M. Sunday at 9:30 A. M.

Pullman cars on all through trains.

Trains illuminated with Pintsch Light.

Ticket offices at 167, 261, 415, and 1,216 Broadway, 25 Union Sq. W., 275 Columbus Av., 153 West 125th St., Grand Central Station, 125th St. and 138th St. Stations, New York; 338 and 726 Fulton St. and 106 Broadway, E. D., Brooklyn. Telephone "900 38th Street" for New York Central Cab Service. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express Company.

NEW YORK CENTRAL ROUTE

BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON, NEW ENGLAND

Via Springfield and the

BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILROAD.

(N. Y. Central & Hudson River R. R. Lessee.)

Trains leave Grand Central Station, Fourth Avenue and 42d Street, New York, as follows: [illegible]

Tickets at New York Central ticket offices, 167, 415, and 1,216 Broadway, and at Grand Central Station.

A. H. SMITH, General Manager. GEORGE H. DANIELS, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

WEST SHORE RAILROAD.

(New York Central & Hudson River R. R. Lessee.)

Leave Franklin St. Station, New York, as follows and 15 min. later foot West 42d St., N. R.:

[illegible]

A. H. SMITH, General Manager. C. E. LAMBERT, General Pass. Agent.

READING SYSTEM
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R.

Liberty Street and South Ferry (time from South Ferry five minutes earlier than shown below.)

EASTON, BETHLEHEM, ALLENTOWN AND MAUCH CHUNK—[illegible]

WILKESBARRE AND SCRANTON—[illegible]

LAKEWOOD, LAKEHURST, TOMS RIVER AND BARNEGAT—[illegible]

ATLANTIC CITY—10:40 A. M., 12:40 P. M. [illegible]

VINELAND AND BRIDGETON—[illegible]

LONG BRANCH, ASBURY PARK, OCEAN GROVE, POINT PLEASANT AND SEASHORE POINTS—[illegible]

PHILADELPHIA—(READING TERMINAL) [illegible]

24TH AND CHESTNUT STREETS—[illegible]

READING, HARRISBURG, POTTSVILLE AND WILLIAMSPORT—[illegible]

SANDY HOOK ROUTE—From ft. Rector St., Pier 8. Atlantic Highlands, Seabright, Monmouth Beach and Long Branch, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Point Pleasant. [illegible]

W. G. BESLER, Vice Pres. and Gen. Mgr. C. M. BURT, Gen. Pass'r Agt.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R., PHILADELPHIA AND READING RY. and BALTIMORE AND OHIO R. R.

Leave South Ferry, Liberty St. Ferry.

[illegible]

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD

Leave New York City, South Ferry, Liberty St.

[illegible]

LEHIGH VALLEY.

[illegible]

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

STATIONS foot of West Twenty-third Street and Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets.

The leaving time from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets is five minutes later than that given below for Twenty-third Street Station, except where otherwise noted.

7:55 A. M. FAST MAIL.—Parlor, Sleeping, and Dining Cars. For Chicago, Indianapolis, and Louisville.

9:55 A. M. ST. LOUIS LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Smoking, and Observation Cars. Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis. Dining Car.

10:25 A. M. PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Dining, Smoking, and Observation Compartment Cars. For Chicago, Cleveland, Toledo, and Detroit.

1:55 P. M. CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Toledo, Nashville, (via Cincinnati and Louisville), Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis. Dining Car.

4:55 P. M. CHICAGO LIMITED.—Pullman Sleeping, Smoking, and Observation Cars. For Chicago, Toledo, and Cleveland. Dining Car.

5:55 P. M. ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis. Dining Car. For Gary, W. Va., (via Shenandoah Valley Route.)

5:55 P. M. WESTERN EXPRESS.—For Chicago. For Toledo, except Saturday. Dining Car.

7:55 P. M. PACIFIC EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg and Chicago. For Knoxville, daily, via Shenandoah Valley Route. Connects for Cleveland, except Saturday.

8:25 P. M. CLEVELAND AND CINCINNATI EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and St. Louis.

WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

[illegible]

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.—Express, 4:25 P. M., 12:10 night daily.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.—Express, 9:25 A. M. and 9:25 P. M. daily.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.—Express, 12:55 P. M. and 12:10 night daily.

NORFOLK AND WESTERN RAILWAY.—For Memphis and New Orleans, 4:25 P. M. daily.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RAILWAY.—7:55 A. M. week-days and 4:55 P. M. daily.

FOR OLD POINT COMFORT and NORFOLK.—7:55 A. M. week-days and 8:55 P. M. daily.

ATLANTIC CITY.—9:55 A. M. and 2:55 P. M. week-days. Sundays, 7:55 A. M. Through Vestibuled Trains, Buffet Parlor Cars and Standard Coaches on week-days. Parlor Smoking Car, Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Standard Coaches on Sundays.

CAPE MAY.—12:55 P. M. week-days.

For points on New York and Long Branch Railroad (from West Twenty-third Street Station,) [illegible]

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

[illegible]

Ticket offices, Nos. 461, 1354, 112, and 263 Broadway; 182 Fifth Avenue (below 23d St.); 263 Fifth Avenue (corner 29th St.); 1 Astor House; West Twenty-third Street Station, stations foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets; 4 Court Street, 860 Fulton Street, 390 Broadway, and Pennsylvania Annex Station, Brooklyn; Station, Jersey City. The New York Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.

Telephone "914 Eighteenth Street" for Pennsylvania Railroad Cab Service.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass'r Traffic Manager. GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

Catskill Mountains.

To all points on the Catskill Mountain, Otis and Catskill & Tannersville Railways, making direct connections with the New York Central trains leaving N. Y. at 7:54 and 11:30 A. M., also the "DETROIT SPECIAL" at 4 P. M. daily, INCLUDING Sundays, with Parlor and Dining Cars; and the West Shore trains leaving at 7:10 and 11:30 A. M.; also Continental Limited leaving 3:25 P. M. Also direct connections with the HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE and the CATSKILL EVENING LINE steamers.

Purchase Tickets via Catskill.

NEW YORK, ONTARIO & WESTERN RY.

Lve. Franklin St.		Lve. W. 42d St.
6:15 A. M.	Way Train	6:30 A. M.
7:45 A. M.	Day Express to Oswego	8:00 A. M.
9:05 A. M.	Liberty Express	9:15 A. M.
*11:40 A. M.	Liberty Special	12:00 Noon
12:00 Noon	Express to Norwich	12:15 P. M.
*12:45 P. M.	Saturdays to Rockland	1:00 P. M.
3:45 P. M.	Ellenville and Kingston	3:55 P. M.
4:45 P. M.	Express to Rockland	5:00 P. M.
§5:40 P. M.	Western Express	6:00 P. M.

*Saturdays only. §Daily.

Parlor Car seats at 425 Broadway only.

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Fast modern Steamships NORTH STAR and HORATIO HALL sail Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Direct route to the White Mountains, Bar Harbor, Rangeley Lakes, and all the famous Eastern Coast and Inland Summer Resorts.

An unsurpassed sea voyage of nearly eight hundred miles.

Send for illustrated descriptive booklet, mailed free. Offices, 290 Broadway and Pier (New) 32, East River, New York. Telephone, 1200 Orchard.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Intended steamship sailings from Vancouver for Japan, China, and Philippine Islands.

Emp. of Japan..Aug. 17	R.M.S.Athenian..Sept.21
R. M. S. Tartar.Aug. 24	Emp. of India....Oct. 5
Emp. of China..Sept. 7	Emp. of Japan...Nov. 2

Hawaiian, Fiji Islands, Australia & New Zealand

Aorangi..........Aug. 21 Moana..........Sept. 18

For rates and information apply at 353 & 1 B'way.

AMERICAN LINE.

NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—LONDON.

New York.Aug.5, 10 AM	St.Louis.Aug. 19, 10 AM
Phila....Aug. 12, 10 AM	New York.Aug.26, 10AM

RED STAR LINE.

NEW YORK—ANTWERP—PARIS.

Zeeland.Aug. 8, 10 AM	Vaderland.Aug.22,10 AM
Finland..Aug. 15, 10 AM	Kroonland.Aug.29, 10AM

Piers 14 and 15 N. R. Offices, 73 Broadway.

CUNARD LINE.

TO LIVERPOOL VIA QUEENSTOWN.

From Piers 51 and 52 North River.

Lucania..Aug. 8, 3 PM	Campania.Aug. 22, 3 PM
Etruria..Aug. 15, 10 AM	Umbria..Aug. 29, 10 AM

EXTRA TUESDAY SERVICE.

Carpathia..Aug. 4, 2PM Aurania..Aug. 18, 1 PM

Carrying Second and Third-Class Only.

VERNON H. BROWN & CO., Gen. Agents, 29 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE

New Twin-Screw Steamers of 12,500 Tons.

NEW YORK—ROTTERDAM, via BOULOGNE.

Sailing Wednesday at 10 A. M.

Potsdam.........Aug. 5	Noordam.........Aug. 26
Statendam.......Aug. 12	Rotterdam.......Sept. 2
Ryndam..........Aug. 19	Potsdam.........Sept. 9

Holland-America Line, 39 B'way, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE

Glasgow and Londonderry.

Furnessia..Aug. 8, Noon. Columbia.Aug. 22, 9 AM

Astoria...Aug. 15, Noon. Ethiopia.Aug. 29, Noon

First saloon, $50 to $100.

Second Cabin, $35 and up; third-class, $25 and up.

For New Illustrated Book of Tours apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17 and 19 Broadway.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.

NEW YORK—LONDON DIRECT.

Menominee..Aug.8,9 AM Minnetonka.Aug.22,5 AM

Mesaba..Aug. 15, 9 AM Minneap.Aug. 29, 10 AM

Only first-class passengers carried.

FOR RATES, ETC., APPLY AT 1 BROADWAY.

WHITE STAR LINE.

NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.

Armenian..Aug. 4, 6 AM Germanic.Aug. 12, Noon

Teutonic..Aug. 5, Noon Cedric...Aug. 14, 6 AM

Arabic...Aug. 7, 3 PM Majestic.Aug. 19, Noon

Pier 48 North River. Office, 9 Broadway, N. Y.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS

by all lines, choice cabins at lowest prevailing rates, sailings, plans, and full information, foreign money, letters of credit, travelers' cheques, &c. Passports secured.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO., 25 Union Square. Phone 4360—18 St. New York.

Delightful summer cruise to Halifax & St. John's. Bowring & Co., 17 State Street, New York.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—SHIPPING.

North German Lloyd.

FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.

PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN.

From New Pier foot of 3d St., Hoboken.

Kaiser....Aug. 4, 10 AM	Kronprinz.Sept.8,6:30AM
Kronprinz.Aug. 11, 7 AM	K.Wm.II.Sep.22, 6:30 PM
K.Wm.II.Aug.25,7:30AM	Kaiser...Sept. 29, 10 AM
Kaiser....Sept. 1, 10 AM	Kronprinz..Oct. 6, 4 PM

THE NEW TWIN-SCREW EXPRESS

S. S. "Kaiser Wilhelm II."

707 FEET—20,000 TONS—40,000 HORSE-POWER.

SAILS AUG. 25, SEPT. 22, OCT. 20.

TWIN SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.

PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN.

From New Pier foot of 3d St., Hoboken.

Barbarossa.Aug.6, 10 AM	Friedrich..Sept. 3, 2 PM
Kurfuerst..Aug. 13, Noon	Barbarossa.Sept. 10, Noon
Bremen...Aug. 20, 2 PM	Kurfuerst.Sept. 17, 2 PM
Luise....Aug. 27, 10 AM	K. Albert.Sept. 24, Noon

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.

GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA.

From New Pier foot of 3d St., Hoboken.

Lahn.....Aug. 15, 11 AM	Hohenz'n.Oct. 10, 11 AM
Hohenz'n.Aug. 29, 11 AM	P. Irene.Oct. 24, 11 AM
P. Irene.Sept. 12, 11 AM	Lahn.....Nov. 7, 11 AM
Lahn....Sept. 26, 11 AM	Hohenz'n.Nov. 21, 11 AM

OELRICHS & CO., No. 5 Broadway, N. Y.

Louis H. Myer, 45 South Third St., Phila.

Hamburg-American.

FOR PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG.

Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Service.

Moltke..Aug. 6, 10 AM	Pennsyl'a.Aug. 22, 4 PM
Waldersee.Aug. 8, 5 AM	A.Vict'ia.Aug. 27, 10 AM
F.Bism'ck.Aug.13, 9AM	Patricia.Aug. 29, 10:30AM
Bluecher.Aug. 20, 10 AM	Moltke..Sept. 3, 10 AM

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE,

Offices 35 & 37 Broadway. Piers Hoboken, N. J.

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OCEAN VIEW
RICHMOND, VA.,
AND
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Tickets and Stateroom Reservations at Pier 26, North River.

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For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Virginia Beach, Washington, D. C., and entire South and West.

Freight and passenger steamers sail from Pier 26 N. R., foot of Beach St., every week day at 3 P. M.

H. B. WALKER, Vice Prest. & Traffic Manager.

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OUR THIRTY-SECOND ANNUAL SERIES of Tours Around the World leave San Francisco October 7, 28, and [illegible] for Grand Six Months' Tour, visiting HAWAII, JAPAN, CHINA, (One Party MANILA,) STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, CEYLON, INDIA, EGYPT, EUROPE, etc. Inclusive, high-class arrangements. Each Party limited.

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"LA VELOCE." Fast Italian Line. Sailing every Tuesday to Naples, Genoa. Bolognesi, Hartfield & Co., 20 Wall St.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND

FALL RIVER LINE for Newport, Fall River, Boston and all Eastern and Northern Points. Steamers PRISCILLA and PURITAN. Orchestra on each. Leave Pier 19, N. R., foot of Warren St., week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M.

PROVIDENCE LINE for Providence, Boston, North and East. Steamers PLYMOUTH and CONNECTICUT. Orchestra on each. Leave Pier 18, N. R., foot Murray St., week days only at 6 P. M.

STONINGTON LINE for Stonington, Watch Hill, Narragansett Pier, Boston and North. Steamers MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE. Leave Pier 36, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days only 6 P. M.

NORWICH LINE for New London, Fishers Island, Block Island, Norwich, Worcester, Boston, North and East. Strs. CITY OF LOWELL and CITY OF WORCESTER. Lve. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Clarkson St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.

NEW HAVEN LINE for New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North. Week days Str. RICHARD PECK leaves Pier 40, N. R., 2:45 P. M., foot 31st St., E. R., 3 P. M.; Str. CHESTER W. CHAPIN leaves Pier 40, N. R., 12 Midnight. Sundays Str. RICHARD PECK leaves Pier 40, N. R., 9:30 A. M.; foot 31st St., E. R., 10:15 A. M., returning, due New York 9 P. M.

BRIDGEPORT LINE for Bridgeport, Danbury, Waterbury, Pittsfield and Berkshire Hills, from Pier 21, E. R. (near Market St.) Week days Steamer ALLAN JOY leaves 11 A. M., WM. G. PAYNE 2 P. M. (Saturdays 1 P. M.) Sundays 9 P. M. Str. WM. G. PAYNE stops foot E. 31st St. 30 minutes after leaving Pier 21, E. R.

TICKETS AND STATEROOMS all lines at 167, 261, 672, 1,185, 1,354 Broadway, 1 Park Place, 25 Union Square, 245 Columbus Avenue, 273 W. 125th Street, 153 E. 125th Street, New York; 4 Court, 860 Fulton Street, 390 Broadway, Brooklyn, and at Piers.

Hudson River by Daylight.

Palatial Steamers "NEW YORK" and "ALBANY" of the Hudson River Day Line, fastest and finest river boats in the World.

Leave Brooklyn, Fulton St. (by Annex) 8:00 A.M.

" Desbrosses St. Pier..........8:40 "

" West 22d St..................9:00 "

" West 129th St................9:20 "

Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. Daily, except Sunday. Special Trains to Catskill Mtn. resorts and Saratoga, and easy connections to all points East, North, and West. Through tickets and baggage checked at offices of N. Y. Transfer Co. Most delightful One-day outings to West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie, returning on down boat.

Restaurant open at 7 A. M. MUSIC.

STEAMER MARY POWELL

Leaving Desbrosses St. at 3:15 P. M. (Saturdays 1:45 P. M.) W. 22d St. 3:30 P. M. (Saturdays 2 P. M.) 129th St. on Saturdays and Holidays only, 2:20 P. M. For Highland Falls, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh, New Hamburgh, Milton, Poughkeepsie, Esopus, Rondout and Kingston. Orchestra on board.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE

For Catskill and Catskill Mountain Points, Hudson, and The Berkshires, Coxsackie, and way landings. Steamer KAATERSKILL or ONTEORA every weekday from Pier 43 N. R. at 6 P. M., and from West 129th St. at 7 P. M.

Extra boat (ONTEORA) Saturdays, 1:30 P. M., from Pier 43, 1:50 from West 129th St., for Catskill, Hudson by annex, and Malden.

Connections—Catskill Mountain, Boston & Albany, and Albany & Hudson Railroads.

Special trains for Cairo, Palenville, Otis, Summit, Haines Corners, and Tannersville.

Dining Rooms on Main Deck.

Descriptive Folder Mailed Free.

CENTRAL HUDSON BOATS

For RONDOUT, POUGHKEEPSIE, and NEWBURGH, week days, except Saturdays, at 4:00 P. M.; Saturdays at 1 P. M. For NEWBURGH, CORNWALL, COLD SPRING, WEST POINT, week days, except Saturdays, at 5:00 P. M. Saturdays at 2:00 P. M. W. 129th St. 5:30 P. M. Morning Boat, str. HOMER RAMSDELL, from Franklin St. 9:00 A. M.; 129th St. 10 A. M., for NEWBURGH, FISHKILL LDG., MT. BEACON, CORNWALL, COLD SPRING, and WEST POINT, every day, including Sunday.

JOY LINE

ONLY $2.00

New York to Providence. First-Class Service.

Fast and elegant steamers leave New York daily, excepting Sunday, at 5 P. M., from Pier 35, East River, foot of Catharine St. 'Phone, 800 Orchard. Orchestra on each steamer.

New York to Boston, $3. "All the Way by water." Stateroom berth free. About 24 hours sail. Steamers leave New York Saturday at 5 P. M.

PEOPLES LINE

FOR ALBANY.

ADIRONDACK or DEAN RICHMOND leaves Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M. week days, connecting with express trains for SUMMER RESORTS North, East, and West. Saturday night steamer connects with Sunday morning trains for SHARON SPRINGS, SARATOGA, NORTH CREEK, and steamer on LAKE GEORGE. Summer Excursion book free. Orchestra on steamers.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

TROY LINE.

Steamer "Saratoga" or "City of Troy" leaves West 10th Street pier daily 6 P. M., except Saturday. SUNDAY STEAMERS TOUCH AT ALBANY. Direct railroad connection at Troy for all resorts North and East. Excursion: Troy, $2.50; Saratoga, $4.50. Dining-room on Main Deck. Searchlight Display. Send for Booklet Excursion Tours.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT, SHELTER ISLAND AND SAG HARBOR BOATS

leave Pier 13, E. R., N. Y., near Wall St., week days, except Saturdays, 5:30 P. M., Saturdays, 1 P. M. MONDAYS, EXTRA TRIP, 2 A. M. FOR GREENPORT AND SAG HARBOR. $2.00 EXCURSION.

HARTFORD LINE

from Pier 32, (new,) E. R., daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River landings, connecting for Springfield, Holyoke, Northfield, all New England points. Send for illus. folder.

EXCURSIONS.

"The New York World's Fair."

GLEN ISLAND

Attractions from all parts of the world. Interesting Novelties. Exhibition extraordinary. [illegible] of Genuine Hindoo Jugglers. Grand concerts, magnificent foliage, rare plants, Horticultural wonders, unequalled menagerie, museum and aquarium. ALL FREE. Delightful sail on swift steamers. Glen Island clambake. Dinners à la carte. Kleine Dairy, Boating, Bathing, Bowling, Billiards, Fishing.

TIME TABLE—SUBJECT TO CHANGE—LEAVE

[illegible]

EXCURSION, 40 CENTS, including admission to all attractions.

IRON STEAMBOAT CO.

CONEY ISLAND

Leave FOOT 22D ST., North River, 9:00, 10:00, 11:00 A. M., 12:00 M., 1:00, 1:45, 2:30, 3:15, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00, 8:00, 9:00 P. M.

Leave Pier (New) No. 1, North River. } Half hour later.

Leave NEW IRON PIER, CONEY ISLAND, 10:40, 11:40 A. M., 12:40, 1:40, 2:40, 3:25, 4:10, 4:55, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40, 10:40 P. M.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS, 25 CENTS.

ACKER, MERRALL AND CONDIT'S LIQUORS and CIGARS served under company management.

ROCKAWAY

OCEAN GOING STEAMERS

Gen'l Slocum
Grand Republic

(Vaudeville Afternoon Boat.)

[illegible]

ROUND TRIP, 50c.

Floating Roof Garden every evening except Friday.

INTERNATIONAL YACHT RACES.

THE GREAT STEEL STEAMER PLYMOUTH RATE $5.00

of the FALL RIVER and PROVIDENCE LINES will leave Pier 19, N. R., foot of Murray St., and

The Steel Twin Screw Flyer RICHARD PECK RATE $4.00

of the NEW HAVEN LINE, from Pier 19, N. R., foot of Warren St., for the Yacht Races, commencing August 20th. Tickets and Staterooms now ready, either Steamer, at Fall River Line office, Pier 19, North River.

WEST POINT, NEWBURGH & POUGHKEEPSIE.

[illegible]

MORNING AND AFTERNOON CONCERTS. Afternoon Boat Str. MARY POWELL.

PATTEN LINE

50c—LONG BRANCH AND BACK—50c.
50c—ASBURY PARK AND BACK—50c.

Highland Beach—Pleasure Bay.

AND ALL NORTH JERSEY COAST RESORTS.

[illegible]

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

"THE WAY TO THE SEA."

MANHATTAN BEACH.

[illegible]

ROCKAWAY BEACH.

[illegible]

LAKE HOPATCONG EXCURSION $1.00

Via New Jersey Central. August 9.

Special train from foot Liberty St., 8:30 A. M.; South Ferry, 8:25 A. M.

The 5,000-ton Twin-Screw Steamer "City of Savannah" will go to the yacht races.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—In the matter of the application of BROWNE-BONHOTAL-ADLER COMPANY for authority to change its name to "BROWNE & BONHOTAL COMPANY."

Notice is hereby given that the BROWNE-BONHOTAL-ADLER COMPANY, a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the City of New York, County of New York and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I., thereof, to be held at the County Court House, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on the 8th day of August, 1903, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to "BROWNE & BONHOTAL COMPANY."

Dated New York, June 30, 1903.

BROWNE-BONHOTAL-ADLER COMPANY, By GEORGE W. BONHOTAL, President.

[illegible]

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. SAMUEL GREENBAUM, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, [illegible]

BERNARD ALEXANDER, Assignee.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT BY VIRTUE of a lien held by us against the following described personal property, a certain two-horse truck, [illegible]

NEW YORK PIE BAKING COMPANY, JOHN F. FULLWOOD, Treasurer.

SUMMER RESORTS.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Stroudsburg.

BERWICK INN. Grand location; high elevation; modern appointments; spacious lawns; booklet. F. G. DUNLAP, EAST STROUDSBURG, PA.

SUMMER RESORTS.

Vacation Resorts

Along the North Shore of Long Island Sound, at the charming inland locations of Connecticut, and among the Berkshires and Litchfield Hills, reached by the finest through and suburban train service running out of New York. Send 2-cent stamp to New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, Room No. 8, Grand Central Station, New York, or to Passenger Department, New Haven, for descriptive books and lists of hotels, boarding houses, rates for board, and passenger fares.

NEW YORK.

Long Island.

MANHATTAN BEACH

MANHATTAN BEACH HOTEL

T. F. SILLECK, Manager.

Brokers' Office, Private Wire & Stock Tickers

THE ORIENTAL HOTEL

JOS. P. GREAVES, Manager.

LONG ISLAND.

The Most Delightful Summer Resort on the Atlantic Coast.

Ideal for Vacation or Outing.

Cooled by Prevailing Summer South Winds from the Ocean.

For information, address HOWARD M. SMITH, G.P.A., L.I.R.R., 263 5th Av., N.Y.

LA GRANGE HOUSE, Near depot, Great South Bay. Excellent cuisine; reasonable. L. A. KIRK, Babylon, L. I.

PATCHOGUE, Long Island's Popular Summer Resort.

Catskill Mountains.

The Grand Hotel

CATSKILL MOUNTAINS, N. Y.

"The Leading Hotel of the Catskill Mountains."

Every comfort and convenience of a city hotel of the highest grade in the heart of the Catskills. Golf links, tennis courts, swimming pool, etc. Superb scenery. Cuisine unexcelled.

Parlor cars direct from New York to hotel grounds in three and one-half hours.

H. E. EDER, Manager.

N. Y. Office, 249 5th Av. Telephone, 1006 Madison Sq.

Stamford.

THE REXMERE,

S. E. Churchill, M. D., Stamford, N. Y.

Adirondacks.

SEPTEMBER in THE ADIRONDACKS.

The most delightful month. Hunting, Fishing, Boating and Golf.

THE SAGAMORE HOTEL,

Magnificently located on Long Lake. One of the most completely equipped Hotels in the mountains, offers very low rates. Write for particulars.

JAS. H. REARDON, Mgr., Long Lake, N. Y.

Dutchess County.

MIZZEN TOP HOTEL,

QUAKER HILL, DUTCHESS CO., N. Y.

Two Hours from New York by Harlem Railroad. 1,200 Feet Elevation.

N. S. HOWE.

L. A. TWOROGER, ASST. MGR.

Post Office Address, Pawling, New York.

Circulars, &c., at Scofield's, 1 Madison Ave.

DUTCHER HOUSE,

PAWLING, DUTCHESS CO., N. Y.

Golf, Tennis, Bowling.

SEND FOR BOOKLET.

R. C. Loveridge, Manager.

Saratoga Springs.

SARATOGA SPRINGS WINDSOR HOTEL.

OPENS JULY 1st. Special rates on application. R. G. SMITH, Lessee.

Sullivan County.

KIAMESHA LAKE HOTEL, Kiamesha, Sullivan County, N. Y. Accommodations for 250; fishing, golf, tennis and bowling. WM. P. CHASE, N. Y. office, 1123 Broadway, Room 517.

THE FRANK LESLIE Monticello, N.Y. For terms and booklet address Frank L. Brabout.

White Lake.

THE KENSINGTON, White Lake, Sull. Co., N. Y.—Airy rooms, bath, toilet, gas. Booklet. I. D. Radin.

NEW JERSEY.

Seaside Park.

BERKLEY HALL

(Formerly Berkley Arms.)

Fronting on the Ocean, Barnegat Bay on the rear, SEA SIDE PARK, N. J.

One of the finest hotels on the coast. New ownership; managed by a celebrated caterer.

Finest deep sea and still water fishing, sailing, boating, and bathing on the Atlantic Coast. The aim is to make this Hotel noted for its cuisine and service.

$8.00 TO $10.00 WEEKLY.

SPECIAL FEATURES.

Guests of this hotel are not restricted to the old form of menu ordering. They can have whatever they desire cooked to their order as they wish in the most cleanly manner by the best people procurable, a feature not surpassed by any hotel on the coast, and which appeals especially to those seeking and maintaining health.

Steam launch, sail and row boats for the exclusive use of our guests. Special low rates for the season.

NOTE.—Patrons please purchase tickets for Berkley Station, a special Station built for the Hotel. Address A. B. DENNIS, MANAGER, Berkley Hall, Seaside Park, N. J.

YOUNG'S HOTEL

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

Absolutely fireproof. No wood used in its construction. European plan. Open all the year. The only absolutely fireproof hotel in Atlantic City. Facing the Ocean, directly on the famous Boardwalk, near Young's Pier. 300 rooms, 100 private baths, with hot and cold salt and fresh water. Pure drinking water from our own Artesian well. Restaurant equal to any in New York.

JAMES R. KEENAN, Prop.

Also Hotel Gordon, Washington, D. C.

Atlantic City

IN THREE HOURS

VIA

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

Passing Through Lakewood

Solid Vestibule Trains, Buffet Parlor Cars, leave Liberty Street Station (N. R.) 9:40 A. M. and 3:40 P. M. daily, except Sundays. Saturday Special 1:00 P. M. South Ferry 5 minutes earlier.

Ocean County.

ORTLEY INN ON SQUAN BEACH & BARNEGAT BAY. Address Mrs. ELIZABETH VAN RENSSELAER, Ortley, Ocean County, N. J.

Asbury Park.

PROSPECT HOUSE and Cottages. Only Kosher hotel. Lake Av. Ocean View. Booklet. Ph. Atkins.

Spring Lake.

HOTEL RUSKIN, Spring Lake, N. J. Most beautiful resort on the Jersey Coast. John E. Risdon.

Mount Tabor.

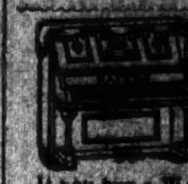
THE ARLINGTON, Mt. Tabor, N. J. Beautiful location; excellent accommodations; airy rooms, &c. E. A. DICKERSON.

NEW ENGLAND.

New Hampshire.

LAKE SUNAPEE, N. H. BEN MERE INN—NOW OPEN. SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET TO E. D. THOMPSON, MANAGER, BEN MERE INN, SUNAPEE, N. H.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.



WATERS PIANOS

If you buy a WATERS you will be sure of two things: First, of getting a good piano; second, of getting good value for your money. Send postal for catalogue, with reduced prices and terms.

HORACE WATERS & CO.,

134 Fifth Ave., near 18th St.

HARLEM BRANCH:

254 West 125th St., near 8th Ave.

SMALL PIANOS FOR SMALL ROOMS.

A dainty gem, with full, rich tone; complete assortment of Grands and Uprights; easy payments; rent applied on purchase. Catalogue free.

HATHUSHEK & SON, B'WAY, COR. 47TH ST.

THE OPERA PIANO.

EASY TERMS. RENTS. 'Phone, 1049—38th.

1569 BROADWAY. Cor. 47th St.

Upright $125, celebrated maker, fine condition; square, $25; pianos rented. Wissner, 25 East 14th St.

UPRIGHTS $75, $100; rents $3; rent allowed on purchase. 25 East 14th St.

THE PLACE FOR PIANO BARGAINS IS JACOB BROTHERS, 387 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

Six good square pianos, $20 to $45; upright, good maker, $100. Wissner, 538 Fulton St., B'klyn.

BOARDERS WANTED.

60th St., 31 East.—Large and small rooms; refined Jewish family; references exchanged.

127th St., 264 West.—Large front room and small one, furnished, with or without board; terms low; American family.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

10th St., 20 West.—Pleasant and comfortable large and small rooms; reasonable rates; transients; convenient for shopping.

22d St., 453 West.—Newly furnished rooms, single suite; also rear parlor; references.

30th Street, 7 East.—Second floor, with private bath, to a party of gentlemen; square and hall room on third floor; reference.

49th St., 151 West.—Cheerful, nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; private house.

58th St., 158 East.—Front room, cheerful and clean; running water; desirable location; porcelain bath.

For addresses of refined boarding houses, rooms, and suites, call on Earl A. Kaska, 1,133 B'way.

The Mary Fisher House, 2,450 Grand Av., Fordham Heights; fine rural location; $5 per week upward.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Owner of large farm can accommodate a few more boarders; house situated on fine stream; large, shady grounds; cool, airy rooms; exceptional table; near village, 75 miles from New York; references if desired; special rate for September; write for particulars. Address Box 26, Pleasant Valley, Dutchess Co., N. Y.

Berkshire Hills.—Country residence; modern improvements; shady lawns; spacious verandas; table and service excellent; own vegetables; terms moderate; cottage annex, $5; special September rates. Mrs. E. E. Lynd, Lyndwood, Poestenkill, N. Y.

Fern Rock House, old York Road, above Branchtown; seven miles from 9th or 16th and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia; forty minutes' ride; acres of shade; willow grove; trolley to entrance; fare, 5 cents. Bell telephone, Oak Lane, 119D.

MOUNT PLEASANT HOUSE, NEVERSINK, Sull. Co., N. Y.—Elevation, 1,800 feet; Summer home among mountains, river, woodland; two pianos, one organ; village ten minutes' walk; rates, $6, $7; circulars. W. F. DENMAN.

Summer board in farm house among the Green Mountains; beautiful location; every convenience; grove, trout brook; good rooms, piazzas; excellent table; milk, eggs, berries in abundance. Address Mrs. Mary P. Rockwood, Bennington, Vt.

Wanted—Summer boarders in the country; pleasant lawn, healthful location; 2 miles from R. R. station; good rooms and table board; $6 per week in advance. Mrs. G. A. C., Box 77, Seymour, Conn.

Dairy farm boarders wanted; special rates for September; good accommodations; eggs, milk, vegetables, fruit, fresh from farm. Mrs. I. D. Smith, 2,742 Seaside Station, Bridgeport, Conn.

Cherry Hill Farm.—High location; quiet, shady piazza and grove adjoining grounds; fresh eggs, milk, and vegetables. Mrs. A. H. Wood, Pine Bush, Orange County, N. Y. Box 152.

At New Rochelle, 42 Pelham Road.—Fine rooms; good accommodations and table service; large grounds, verandas, shade; directly on the water; boating, bathing, fishing.

Good board, large airy rooms; bathing and fishing; large piazzas; stables, etc. Adults only. Telephone 308 Tompkinsville. Blue Cottage, Arrochar, S. I.

Hotel Kenmore, Greyrock Place, Stamford, Conn.; 50 minutes from 42d St.; homelike, quiet, select; excellent table.

Boarders Wanted.—Fishing and boating near by. Hase Farm, Valley Cottage, Rockland County, N. Y.

LOANS.

MONEY We loan money to people in any kind of business. 150 Nassau St., N. Y., Office 720.

SALARIES Liberal Advances on Salary, Without Endorsement. 150 Nassau St., N. Y. Office 704.

Salary loans procured without endorsement, promptly, confidentially, lowest terms. Room 105, Potter Building, 38 Park Row.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—LEHMAN BERNHEIMER, Plaintiff, against ADAM E. FISCHER, James J. Phelan, and Marie Phelan, his wife; Peter J. Brennan, Jacob May, Robert Edwards and Mary J. Edwards, his wife; Benjamin L. Smack; Morris Mayers, and David Tigner, as copartners composing the firm of Mayers & Tigner; Louis Siegelbaum, (the name "Louis" being fictitious, real Christian name unknown to plaintiff;) Solomon J. Manne and Sigmund Manne, as copartners, composing the firm of S. J. Manne & Brother; Benjamin J. Grossman and Adolph Deutsch, as copartners, composing the firm of Grossman & Deutsch; John Derby, doing business under the name and style of Derby & Co.; John Happinch and Richard Williams, as copartners, composing the firm of Happinch & Williams, the names "John" and "Richard" being fictitious, their real Christian names unknown to plaintiff.—Trial desired in the County of New York.—Summons.

To the above named defendants and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, May 18th, 1903.

ROSE & PUTZEL, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address, 128 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To Benjamin L. Smack, Esq., defendant:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Charles H. Truax, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 11th day of July, 1903, and on 13th day of July, 1903, filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York.

Dated New York, July 15th, 1903.

ROSE & PUTZEL, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address, 128 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

jy14-law7wTu

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK County.—MATILDA EBNER, Plaintiff, vs. WILLIAM EBNER, Defendant.—Action for separation.—Summons.

To the above named defendant William Ebner:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, July 21, 1903.

JONES & NEKARDA, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Office and Post Office address, 309 Broadway, New York City.

To the above named defendant William Ebner:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Henry Bischoff, Jr., one of the Justices of the Supreme Court, State of New York, dated the 28th day of July, 1903, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk for the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated New York, July 31, 1903.

JONES & NEKARDA, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Office and Post Office address, No. 309 Broadway, New York City.

Au4-law6wTu

SURROGATE NOTICES.

PATTERSON, MAGDALENA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MAGDALENA PATTERSON, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, No. [illegible] West [illegible] Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of August, next.—Dated New York, the 10th day of February, 1903. LOUIS GRUNEWALD, HENRY GRUNEWALD, executors.

fe11-law-6m-Tu

INSTRUCTION.

DANVILLE MILITARY INSTITUTE

A select school for 100 boys, in the mild climate of Southern Virginia; sickness almost unknown; splendid Buildings; Ample Grounds, Gymnasium, Military Organization, Band and Camp; thorough instruction by competent teachers. Send for handsome illustrated year book.

CAMPBELL & SYDNOR, Principals.

Box 562, Danville, Va.

ST. JOSEPH'S IN THE PINES, BRENTWOOD, N. Y.

On Tuesday, September eighth, the new Flushing Academy and boarding school for young ladies will open in Brentwood, for the reception of students. For further particulars pay a visit or write to St. Joseph's Academy, Flushing, or to St. Joseph's in the Pines, Brentwood. Railroad tickets may be procured at reduced rates at both places.

Kingsley School For Young Boys. Essex Fells, N. J. One hour from New York. Best teachers and best methods for young boys. Military drill. Gymnasium. Sports. Fall term begins Sept. 30. Terms $550. Address J. R. CAMPBELL, Headmaster.

PAMLICO School for Girls, Pompton, N. J. 11th year. Exceptional advantages in location and instruction. Large grounds. All outdoor sports. Illustrated catalogue. Mrs. H. C. DeMILLE, Principal.

EMMA WILLARD SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. TROY. 90th year. College preparatory and general courses. Certificate admits to Vassar, Wellesley, &c. Miss Anna Leach, A. M.

THE BALTIMORE MEDICAL COLLEGE. Excellent teaching facilities; large laboratories; capacious hospitals and dispensary; large clinics. Address DAVID STREETT, M. D., Dean, 712 Park Avenue, Baltimore, Md.

New York, New York, 26 East 56th Street.

THE MISSES JAUDON'S

Boarding and Day School for Girls.

THE GARDNER HOME BOARDING AND DAY School for Girls, 607 5th Av., N. Y. City.

LAW SCHOOLS.

New York University Law School — Sixty-ninth year opens Oct. 1, 1903. Day Classes with session from 3:30 to 6 P. M. LL. B. in two years. Evening Classes sessions 8 to 10 P. M. Graduate classes lead to LL. M. and J. D. Tuition $100. For circulars address L. J. TOMPKINS, Registrar, Washington Sq., N. Y.

New York Law School { Day School, Evening School. } 35 Nassau St., New York City. "Dwight Method" of instruction. LL.B. in two years, LL.M. in three years. High standards. Send for catalogue. GEORGE CHASE, Dean.

MUSICAL.

Wanted.—Use of piano to practice by hour; vicinity 70th St. and Lexington Av. Address Student, 1,517 3d Av.

FOR SALE.

SAFES.—New and second-hand of all kinds and makes; safes bought, exchanged, and repaired. J. M. MOSSMAN, 72 Maiden Lane. Tel. 1422 John.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.

All Makes.

F. S. Webster Co., 317 B'way. Tel. 2340 Frank.

Typewriters—Pittsburg Visible, Remingtons, Smiths, Blickensderfers, Williams, Hammonds, Franklin; Sold, rented, exchanged, repaired. Gorman, 79 Nassau.

GENERAL TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 239 B'WAY, cor. Park Place. Tel. 1,579 Cort.

Typewriter Headquarters, 322 Broadway.—Call up 3185 Franklin when in need of a typewriter. Fine machines for sale and rent.

Typewriters rented, $3 up; ribbons free; supplies, repairing. Tel. 5,386 Cortlandt. Central Typewriter Exchange, 305 Broadway.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Inventions Patented and Sold

IF PATENT IS OBTAINED THROUGH US.

20 years' experience. Send for booklet.

PATENT DEVELOPMENT CO. OF AMERICA, 130 Broadway, New York City.

Wanted—Partner with $5,000 to push patented article; can have half interest; large profits guaranteed; best references. Address E., Box 174 Times.

STORAGE.

Twentieth Century Storage Company's New Building, 400-402 East 138th St.—Clean storage, reasonable rates; vans for moving; packing, shipping estimates; carpets and rugs cleaned, $5 yard up. Telephone, 557—Melrose.

BILLIARDS.

Billiard and Pool Tables, solidly made; high-grade goods. Lightning, accurate, durable cushions. Decker, est. 1850. 105 East 9th St.

PATENTS.

Patents promptly procured. Advice and book free. Edgar Tate & Co., Registered Patent Solicitors, 245 Broadway.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

Weekly Payments.—Fine diamonds, watches, guaranteed; lowest prices; business confidential. Watch Supply Co., 3 Maiden Lane.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

Wanted—A man about 30 years old to act as secretary, accountant, &c.; to live out of town part of time; must have best of references as to responsibility, &c. F., 93 East 14th St.

Wanted—Bright office boy about fourteen years old, wages at start $2.50 weekly; references required. Address Merchants, 126 Times Office.

Wanted—Experienced salesman on shirts for Brooklyn and vicinity. R 128 Times.

Wanted.—Ten hod carriers wanted. East Houston and Lewis Sts., Monday morning.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

COOKS.

Cook or Laundress.—City or country. Graham, 1,023 3d Av., one flight up.

DAY'S WORK.

Day's Work.—Work by the day by young Canadian woman; first-class laundress, or would take wash home; city reference. O'Keefe, 213 East 65th St.

DRESSMAKERS.

Dressmaker.—Parisian dressmaker, first-class cutter and fitter, wishes to have more customers; out or at home. Mme. Chenaras, 112 East 23d St.

HOUSEWORKERS.

Housework.—Middle-aged woman for housework; small family; is good cook, baker. 136 West 19th St. Kenny.

NURSES.

Nurse.—Light colored; assist with housework; good worker; reasonable wages. Martha, 318 West 59th St.; 'phone 1685 R Columbus.

WASHING.

Washing, ironing, housecleaning, or scrubbing by colored woman. 410 West 39th St. Coakley.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Colored woman take care of lady's wardrobe; can mend, make over dresses; up town preferred; sleep home; reference. Maid, 250 West 17th St.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

BUTLERS.

Butler.—Where other man or parlormaid is kept, by thoroughly competent, well-trained English servant; best reference. Butler, Box 150, 1,364 Broadway.

COACHMEN.

Coachman.—Thoroughly competent; 16 years' reference from present employer; sober, willing, and obliging; married; 5 feet 8 inches. Slattery, 206 East 26th St.

GARDENERS.

Gardener.—By married German, 2 children, thoroughly experienced in all branches of gardening and well able to take charge of country gentleman's place; highly recommended as to character and ability. Head Gardener, Castle Lee, Far Rockaway, L. I.

USEFUL MEN.

Useful Man.—Place in private family; care horses, drive sleigh, milk; can attend to garden, lawn, and furnace; reference. C. M., 59 Johnson St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

STUART, HENRY W., ALSO KNOWN AS STUART ROBSON.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY W. STUART, also known as STUART ROBSON, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Leon Laski, her attorney, Nos. 19-21 Park Row, Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 28th day of November next.—Dated New York, the 25th day of May, 1903. MAY DOUGHERTY STUART, Administratrix. LEON LASKI, Attorney for Administratrix, 19-21 Park Row, Manhattan, City of New York.

MANY PROTESTS AGAINST A DITCH ON BROADWAY

Property Owners Fear Ruin in Tearing Up of Thoroughfare.

Forty-second Street-Union Square Branch of Underground Railroad Calls Forth Big Mass Meeting.

Aroused by forebodings of financial ruin should it be decided to tear open the surface of Broadway in the heart of the shopping and theatrical district for the construction of the proposed Forty-second Street-Union Square branch of the underground railroad, representatives of leading business firms, theatrical managers, and property owners along the proposed route of the projected underground branch met at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday afternoon to utter their protest and devise means to frustrate any such plan.

With but two exceptions all the speakers at the meeting expressed themselves in favor of a tunnel under Broadway, but they insisted that the work be done by tunneling, not by excavating, as has been done in other parts of the city, with the result that the streets along the route of the subway have remained for protracted periods open trenches, impassable to all traffic.

Before the meeting was brought to a close a committee of six was appointed to frame a protest which in due time will be presented to the Rapid Transit Commission and to Mayor Low. This committee will report to a meeting which will be held on Thursday afternoon at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, when it is proposed to appoint a sub-committee to make a house-to-house canvass in the affected section and obtain the signatures from business men and property owners there.

The meeting was called to order by William R. H. Martin of Rogers, Peet & Co., who is also the proprietor of the Martinique apartment house, at Thirty-third Street and Broadway. Mr. Martin briefly explained the purpose of the meeting to those present.

"We all know what we are here for," he said, "and I ask you to express your views freely upon the subject, for you are the people most affected. It is not a question of having a subway or not having a subway under Broadway that we have come to discuss. It is the question of how to get the subway with the least disturbance to trade in the district through which this new section of the tunnel is to pass. It is really a question upon which there should be the closest unanimity, it seems to me, between business men and property owners."

"Al" Hayman, the theatrical manager, then got the floor.

"Speaking for myself and my partner, Mr. Charles Frohman, as well as for Daniel Frohman and others who control twelve theatres between Twenty-third and Forty-second Streets," said Mr. Hayman, "I wish to utter a protest against what we consider a crime and an outrage. We believe in a subway or an underground railway because we believe the people in this community should have increased accommodations to get from one place to another. For that reason we wish to give the contractors every facility, but we must make a solemn protest against any excavating done in such an important thoroughfare as Broadway when the work, with some additional expense—and this seems to be the only trouble—can be done by tunneling. That big corporation which figures everything in dollars and cents can tunnel the North River, and there is no reason why Broadway could not be tunneled.

"We are licensed by the city, and the city should protect our rights, but if the Mayor is going to allow the ditching of Broadway, he might just as well take away our licenses, for it would mean bankruptcy to us, anyway. I will say right here that we will fight this scheme both with sentiment and money to the limit of our resources. We propose to find out if a corporation, for the sake of saving a few dollars for themselves, shall be permitted to bring about financial ruin for the Broadway business men."

Richard J. Donovan, a lawyer representing some business men and property owners on upper Broadway, was the next speaker. He referred to the condition in which West Forty-second Street had been since the work on that section of the subway was begun, and the disastrous results to business in that locality, and said that very much the same state of affairs might be looked for if excavating was to be done in Broadway.

"If a tunnel must be built," he said, "some method should be used which would not make it necessary to disturb the street surface. As an alternative, some plan must be devised by which the property owners could be indemnified for any loss they might suffer. The experience of the property owners in Forty-second Street tended to show that there was no possible redress for them in the courts under the broad privileges of the Rapid Transit act."

Frank D. Hunter, who said he represented all the florists in that part of Broadway, was next introduced. He excepted to the word petition as used by Mr. Hayman.

"It must not be a petition," he said. "We are not asking favors. It should be a solemn protest against infringement of our rights, for that is what this would mean. McDonald built a six-mile tunnel in Baltimore, and the people there did not know the work was being done. Let him do the same here. Mr. Parsons, the engineer of the Rapid Transit Commission, declares this could be done at an increased cost of 50 per cent., and it seems to me that the interests involved here would warrant the increase. As far as the engineering end is concerned, it does not present any insurmountable obstacle. Mr. McDonald is not a customer of ours, and he says that he will leave us the sidewalks, but cannot guarantee us the street. Well, that will mean nothing short of ruin to us. We should effect permanent organization and appoint an Executive Committee and a legal representative to oppose this scheme."

E. Hatch, Jr., representing Lord & Taylor, said that he not only did not care about having the street opened for a tunnel, but did not care for any tunnel under Broadway at all. He thought the tunnel ought to come down by the Seventh Avenue route. "We will fight a ditch in Broadway to the last ditch," he said in conclusion.

J. N. Wright, representing Arnold, Constable & Co., spoke very much in the same strain, and E. A. Raymond, representing Vantine's, went on record against excavating in Broadway.

Nathan N. Ottinger, a large property owner and builder, said that if there must be tunneling under Broadway—the only method by which the subway branch should be built—special safeguard should be adopted to avert such calamities as the Murray Hill explosion. L. L. Todd of the Hotel Vendome then placed the hotel proprietors on record as opposed to the Broadway excavation.

The committee appointed was composed as follows: "Al" Hayman, Richard J. Donovan, George T. Stockham, Nathan Straus, James A. Slater, and William R. H. Martin. Alexander Shaw of 1,145 Broadway, who called the meeting, was elected Secretary. Manager Villas of the Fifth Avenue Hotel tendered the use of that hostelry as headquarters to the business men.

CASCADES ABOUT THE HOUSE.

Police Had Trouble Stemming the Tide in East Sixty-eighth Street Residence.

Patrolman McAuley of the East Sixty-seventh Street Police Station, while scouting for roundsmen off post, was meandering up East Sixty-eighth Street yesterday, when he stopped suddenly to assure himself that he had not fallen asleep in his rounds. James Jacobson's house, No. 213, was the most remarkable residence he had ever seen. It was boarded up, the family being away for the Summer, but there were streams of water pouring out of the second-story windows. The same was true of the parlor floor and of the basement, so that the front of the house was adorned with a series of cascades.

To be sure that he had made no mistake, the policeman walked in front of the house and got his feet wet. With this assurance he hurried back to the station house.

The Sergeant looked at McAuley and asked him to come behind the desk to whisper his tale of woe in his ear. He did not want to prefer charges against the patrolman, and the only way was to get a whiff of his breath. It did not even smell of onions. Seeing that he was doubted, the patrolman pointed to his soggy shoes. The Sergeant told him to go to the back room, where there were a pair of shoes as broad and long as his own new ones which Patrolman Morrissey had forgotten to take home with him, and then he hastened Detectives Eisenberg and Griffin to the scene of the alleged phenomenon.

They broke in the front door, only to be met with a wall of water that took them off their feet. They went back into the flooded house, to find that tables, chairs, and everything floatable was racing about in the current formed by the outlet of the imprisoned water. Bric-a-brac that had serenely floated for some time crashed, and there were collisions between tables and stands, each one announced by the crash of fragile household ornaments. The cellar was full of water, so that it was dangerous to investigate there until help had been summoned and pumps put to work.

The leak was discovered on the second floor, in a bathtub. The water was shut off and Mr. Jacobson, a dealer in furs at 11 and 13 West Houston Street, was notified. The house had been closed when the family went to Arverne for the Summer, and the keys had been put in charge of the officers at the police station. Mr. Jacobson refused to talk of the flood or to make any estimate of the damage, saying that he expected to bring a lawsuit and did not choose to give out prematurely any information.

BRIDGE CRUSH REMEDY.

Brooklynites Advocate Nells Poulson's Plan—Commissioner Lindenthal to Decide Shortly.

Delegates from various Brooklyn improvement associations appeared before Bridge Commissioner Lindenthal yesterday to advocate the adoption of the plans presented by Nells Poulson, President of the Hecla Iron Works, for relieving the crush of surface cars at the Manhattan terminal of the Brooklyn Bridge.

Mr. Poulson presented his plan, and in explaining it said:

"The plan is to have only one loop elevated or depressed so that the passengers can pass under or above it. In this case, on account of the grade, it is better to elevate the loop.

"The cars will then come over from Brooklyn and stop on the north side for unloading, go empty over the elevated loop and then stop on the south side for loading before going back to Brooklyn. It has been proved to the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company both theoretically and by practical test, that the cars can stop one minute and five seconds on the north side, wait one minute and five seconds on the elevated loop and stop one minute and five seconds on the south side without interfering with the regular schedule of cars coming over the bridge, one every thirteen seconds, 102 feet apart.

This system, Mr. Poulson said, would increase the platform space to 30,000 square feet, and could be completed at comparatively small expense.

Commissioner Lindenthal then said that he knew that the four loops were bad, and that they would not have been put in if it was known that 50,000,000 passengers a year would have to be handled.

"There is this advantage, however," he said. "Each passenger knows where to go, for each line has a loop to itself and the people know where the cars are coming in. Crossing the tracks is not really dangerous to life and limb, as the cars can be stopped in six inches. No one has been run over at the Manhattan terminal except by being pushed under the cars.

"You must convince the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company of the feasibility of your plan," continued the Commissioner. "The city has nothing to do with the running of the cars. If I direct the company to adopt this plan the city will be responsible, and the city cannot force them to make the test. However, I will consider the plan and decide in a few days."

COLOMBIA'S CANAL TREATY.

Senor Velez of the Bogota Congress Thinks American Sentiment Hardly Favors Panama Route.

After a visit here of several weeks on private business, Señor Pedro Velez, member of the Colombian Congress from Cartagena and one of the House Committee which has charge of the Panama Canal treaty, will sail for Colon to-day on the steamer Alliance.

At the Hotel Majestic he said yesterday that during his stay in this city and in Washington he had carefully studied American sentiment relative to the canal project.

Señor Velez does not look for an early vote on the treaty, as there will be a long debate, and many amendments are sure to be offered to it.

"I cannot say how I shall vote," said the Congressman. "We always have to yield to the prevailing opinion of the country. But I must say that judge according to impressions received here from a generality of the press, my decision would be decidedly against the treaty.

"My mission has not been a political one, as has been reported. But I have devoted to this matter, on my own accord, the greatest attention, and I have gone through an enormous number of newspaper articles to post myself on the true sentiment of this country, which seems to be against the Panama Canal.

"If this present treaty negotiation with the United States Government would come to a standstill, I feel our Government and people would not in any case try to bargain on or sacrifice the French people, with whom our relations have always been cordial.

"The canal will be a benefit to Colombia, and to the world, but the sentiment here does not tend toward the advantageous circumstances that would induce to strengthen the desire of coming to more intimate and fraternal relations."

BIG STRUCTURE FOR PRINTERS.

Graphic Arts Building, Specially Designed, Will Cost $1,000,000.

The new Graphic Arts Building, to be erected on the south side of Thirty-eighth Street, between Eighth and Ninth Avenues, will be fourteen stories in height and will cost $1,000,000, according to the estimate of W. B. Tubby & Brother, architects, by whom plans were filed yesterday at the Building Department. The structure will cover a frontage of 250 feet, extending from Nos. 310 to 338, a site which has been acquired from time to time during the last year by the promoters of the enterprise, the Publishers and Promoters' Realty Company, of which Col. W. D. Mann of the Town Topics Publishing Company is President.

The new building, as its name indicates, has been designed to furnish accommodation to the printing, engraving, and other allied trades, and its construction will embody several novel features. A large plant will supply power to all tenants, besides moving five passenger and seven freight elevators, one of the latter having a capacity of ten tons. There will also be several conveyors running on endless chains. Four chutes for waste paper will be provided leading to a room in the basement, where there will be machinery for compressing it into bales. A loading platform will accommodate ten trucks without encroaching on the sidewalk. On the roof there will be a restaurant and a number of photograph galleries and dark rooms for the use of tenants.

MR. FORNES ACTING MAYOR.

President of Board of Aldermen Takes Charge in Mr. Low's Absence.

President Fornes of the Board of Aldermen yesterday took up the duties of Acting Mayor, which he will perform during the absence of Mayor Low on vacation. This will be practically until Sept. 1. Mr. Fornes arrived at the City Hall at 11 o'clock yesterday and formally took possession of the Mayor's office.

His first official act was to swear in eighteen temporary clerks in the Department of Taxes. These clerks are needed in the compilation of the Tax Department records for the levying and collection of both personal and real estate assessments, which are due on Oct. 1.

CANFIELD'S TRIAL IN BROOME.

That County Designated by Justice Giegerich for the Prosecution.

Justice Giegerich yesterday handed down a formal order fixing the venue in which Richard A. Canfield will be tried on the charge of running a gambling establishment at 2 East Forty-fourth Street as Broome County.

When Justice Giegerich decided that Canfield could not have a fair trial in New York County he did not specify the county to which the case should be transferred.

SAY GOODS WERE HIDDEN

Creditors of Schafran Brothers, Clothiers, Make Charges.

Claim That Offer of 30 Cents on the Dollar Followed Assignments of Concealed Goods in Warehouse.

Investigation of the affairs of Schafran Brothers, manufacturers of clothing at 536 Broadway, who made an assignment on June 24 and afterward offered a settlement of 30 cents cash on the dollar, has brought out evidence indicating that the firm had previously placed goods in concealment.

Messrs. Hays and Hershfield had, on the day following the assignment, filed a petition in bankruptcy, and upon their application Charles M. Hough was appointed temporary receiver. It was then that the firm made its offer of settlement, and a committee of investigation was appointed. It is said that there was found to be a balance of $96,079 to be accounted for from May 31, 1902, to June 24, 1903; that after May, 1903, the firm ceased to make a profit—previously about 8 per cent.—and that the tickets had all been removed from the piece goods.

Messrs. Hays and Hershfield, it seems, were led to believe that assets had been concealed, and Justice Adams granted an order for the examination of Schafran Brothers and witnesses.

This examination is said to have disclosed the fact that a few days before the assignment the firm sent thirty-two cases of goods to the Everard Storage Warehouse and twenty-four cases to the Abingdon Storage Warehouse.

Though the defendants claim to have obtained two loans on the cases sent to the Everard Warehouse, giving the negotiable warehouse receipts as additional security, yet one of the alleged lenders, B. Cahn, testified that the receipts were sent to him by Schafran Brothers without his knowledge as to their purpose, and that no such loan had been made by him.

Bernard Schafran testified that he obtained a loan of $2,000 in April, and an additional loan of $1,000 three days before he failed, and that he personally delivered to Cahn a firm note for $3,000, and as further security, the receipts for sixteen cases in the Everard warehouse. He said that he expended the money for personal uses; that he made no entries in the firm books, and that he never told his brother what disposition he had made of the money.

This transaction is absolutely denied by Cahn, who, upon a written demand made by Messrs. Hays and Hershfield, on behalf of the receiver, turned over to them the two negotiable receipts for the sixteen cases of merchandise, with the statement that he had no valid claim or lien on them, and no right to withhold them.

Neither member of the firm will give the value of the sixteen cases of goods, but it is estimated that they are worth about $8,000.

Bernard Schafran also testified that on the other sixteen cases stored in the Everard warehouse he obtained a loan of $3,000 from the Cooper Exchange Bank. That transaction, and the presence of the merchandise in the Abingdon warehouse, has apparently not been investigated as yet. Schafran declared that he spent $2,000 of the Cahn loan on his sister's wedding, and the $1,000 on the entertainment of another sister from San Francisco.

The first committee of investigation was composed of Mr. Goetting, Mr. Seyd, and representatives of the Northern National and American Exchange Banks.

The capital claimed by the firm in May, 1902, was $96,000.

TROLLEY FROM STAMFORD NOW

Electric Lines Reach Steam Road's Whole Suburban Territory.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Aug. 3.—Cars will be running over the New York and Stamford Railroad from the Town Hall in Stamford to New Rochelle, with one change, within a week, and it will then be possible to go from here to New York by trolley. The completion of a line over the Post Road from Stamford to the village of Greenwich marks an important advance in the development of electric railroads in this section. With a direct line from Stamford to Port Chester, connection may be made with the Belmont-McDonald four-track electric road between New York and Port Chester, for which a charter has been granted and a right of way obtained. The New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad fought the electric four-track scheme at every point, but was beaten. It was considered improbable that the New York and Port Chester Road could get a charter from the Connecticut Legislature, and hence the importance of this link connecting Stamford with Port Chester.

Among the directors of the New York and Stamford Railroad is Col. N. R. Heft, who a week ago resigned as President of the Stamford and Meriden street railroad lines, which are owned and operated by the New Haven Road. Col. Heft had advised the New Haven people to prepare to compete with the Belmont-McDonald electric line by running electric cars over the present New Haven system from Stamford to New York, making direct connections with the elevated road and the underground system. This scheme was not favorably acted upon, and then Col. Heft, acting for himself, bought up a string of lines between here and New York for the New York and Stamford Railroad Company.

These lines in many instances run through the territory of the New York and Port Chester, and it is understood that arrangements have been made whereby the Belmont-McDonald road can run its cars over the Stamford and Port Chester tracks wherever it is found advantageous, and in this way can extend operations as far as Stamford, which is considered the last of the suburban towns on the New Haven line.

QUEENS TROLLEY DEAL.

Belief in Wall Street That It Is a Belmont Transaction Is Increasing.

While it was not possible yesterday to secure an official statement regarding the future ownership of the Queens County Electric Railway system, which changed hands on Friday last, the belief is increasing in Wall Street that the Belmont interests will turn up as the real owners. The officials of the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, which acquired the property as agent for somebody else, continued to maintain an absolute silence regarding the matter, on the plea that they were not at liberty to disclose their principal.

William H. Baldwin, Jr., President of the Long Island Railroad, and a Director of the trust company, repeated his statement that neither the Pennsylvania nor the Long Island Railroad interests were in any way identified with the transaction. He said positively that they had not bought the property. Another representative of the Pennsylvania interests expressed it as his opinion that the Belmont interests were the buyers. Mr. Belmont himself was not in town, but at the office of his banking firm his representative declined to discuss the matter in any way, refusing to either confirm or deny the report. It is believed that a statement will be made public on the return of Mr. Belmont to-day.

In financial circles the fact that not even the largest stockholders or the Directors of the Queens County lines knew who the real purchaser was was considered an almost unprecedented occurrence.

CHICAGO METROPOLITAN.

Dividends Passed on Account of Extraordinary Expenses.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Metropolitan Elevated Railway Company, held to-day, the regular quarterly dividends were practically passed. The board made the following written statement to President McAllister:

"In view of the fact that the net earnings for four months are known to the Directors and owing to the increased cost of operation and to the increased cost of materials and supplies and the extraordinary settlements from damages and injury suits formerly pending, the board has for the present deferred until the end of the fiscal year any payment of dividends on preferred stock."

Parlor Car Rates on New Haven Road.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—E. D. Hewins, a cotton dealer of Boston, to-day filed a complaint with the Inter-State Commerce Commission, alleging that the New York, New Haven, and Hartford Railroad imposes unjust rates in charging the same rate of $1 for a parlor car seat between Boston and New York as between either of those points and intermediate stations.

SCORE INJURED IN WRECK.

Pan Handle Freight and Passenger Trains Crash in a Fog—Some of Those Hurt May Die.

HARTFORD CITY, Ind., Aug. 3.—A head-on collision at 2:40 this morning between a west-bound Pan Handle freight and an east-bound passenger train injured twenty-one persons. Some may die.

The freight train was delayed on the main track by a broken drawbar, and a fog prevented the passenger engineer from seeing a flag signal sent ahead until too late.

Both engines were reversed when they met, but the reversal was not made in time to check them to a material extent.

The second baggage car telescoped the smoker, tearing through half of its length and sweeping the people from its path like chaff.

The passengers from the other cars rushed to the aid of those in the front of the smoker, but it was nearly an hour and a half after the accident before the last one was taken from the wreck.

The most seriously injured are George Galtwein, George Aldworth, J. A. Watts, Christopher Gerhardt, William J. Wells, and P. J. Barrett, all of Chicago; M. L. Balm, Richmond; C. H. Frederick, Ridgeville, Ind.; Richard Harvey, Elmwood; Benjamin Palacors, Denver; John R. Kline, Logansport, a conductor, who was going to Bradford to take out the local; George Rowe, engineer of the freight; E. W. Snyder, W. A. Rumell, Ephraim Whistler, and W. H. Maul, all of Logansport.

EXECUTED DENYING GUILT.

Turckowski, Sentenced June 22, Dies at Sing Sing Without an Appeal Having Been Taken.

OSSINING, N. Y., Aug. 3.—Protesting his innocence, Antonio Turckowski, a Pole, who was convicted of the murder of John Shepoloski, a Brooklyn saloon keeper, was executed in Sing Sing Prison this morning. On his way to the chair from his cell, and even after he had been seated in the chair, he kept repeating: "I am innocent. I must have another trial. I do not know for what I am to die." Two shocks were required to kill him.

Turckowski was the first person to be killed in the electric chair whose case had not been carried to a higher court. The time between his sentence and execution was even less than that accorded Czolgosz, who assassinated President McKinley. Turckowski murdered Shepoloski at 16 North Sixth Street, Brooklyn, on the night of March 6 last. He was sentenced to death on June 22, and made a confession, in which he said that Mrs. Shepoloski planned the murder and dealt the fatal blow. Mrs. Shepoloski's testimony was so conflicting that she was indicted for perjury. She is now awaiting trial.

ROEBLINGS WANT PAYMENT.

Their Work on Williamsburg Bridge Completed and Their Claim Amounts to $231,000.

Bridge Commissioner Lindenthal was notified yesterday by the John A. Roebling's Sons' Company that the corporation has completed its work on the Williamsburg bridge and that it wants the money for the work. The bill amounts to $231,000, but it is not likely that much of the money will be paid over without a legal fight.

Of the total, $175,000 is being withheld by Controller Grout as a forfeit for the non-completion of the bridge on time. According to the terms of the original contract, the Roeblings agreed to pay a fine of $1,000 for each day the work remained uncompleted after the date set for the completion, and Commissioner Lindenthal says the company has been 175 days behind time. The Roeblings have been at work on the Williamsburg Bridge since April 11, 1896, when the first wire for the construction of the temporary foot bridge was strung.

The completion of the Roebling work now marks the end of the large contracts for the structure, and the work remaining to be done consists of painting and finishing odds and ends. The footpaths and roadways constitute the largest part of the remaining work.

THE AUGUST GRAND JURY.

The August Grand Jury was sworn in yesterday before Recorder Goff in the Court of General Sessions. George A. Plimpton, a publisher, of 70 Fifth Avenue, was appointed foreman. His associates are:

EDWARD R. SATTERLEE, insurance, 62 William Street.
SYLVESTER J. O'SULLIVAN, manager, 140 Broadway.
GEORGE F. JOHNSON, insurance, 128 Broadway.
GEORGE E. HOE, builder, 10 Liberty Street.
ALFRED H. SMITH, diamonds, 182 Broadway.
ALBERT J. WEBER, fireclay, 17 Park Row.
HENRY A. GRIMWOOD, merchant, 46 South Street.
ABRAHAM J. ATLER, paintings, 373 Fifth Avenue.
SETH M. MILLIKEN, dry goods, 75 Leonard Street.
JULIUS FRANKE, architect, 735 Bowery.
ROBERT COLBY, retired, 22 East Twenty-third Street.
MORITZ MEYER, retired, 344 West Fifty-fifth Street.
J. MONTGOMERY HARE, President, 68 Pine Street.
FREDERICK R. LEWYERTS, Treasurer, 36 Washington Place.
JOHN STITCH, pawn broker, 115 Third Avenue.
JOSEPH H. LOCKE, insurance, 97 Cedar Street.
FRANK REIDEL, real estate, 504 East Forty-second Street.
LOUIS METZGER, embroideries, 452 Broadway.
JOSEPH B. WHITMORE, real estate, 60 Ninth Avenue.
THOMAS GRAHAM, architect, 1,326 Madison Avenue.
J. LEWIS SCHAEFER, Treasurer, 1 Hanover Square.
E. O. RICHARDS, manager, 476 Broadway.

The name of ex-Mayor Hugh J. Grant appeared at the top of the list of prospective jurors, but it was not drawn during the process of selection.

ASSAULTED A POLICEMAN.

Three Men Arrested for Injuring a Williamsburg Officer.

Policeman Kennelly of the Clymer Street Station, Williamsburg, was the victim early yesterday morning of a brutal assault on the part of half a dozen men who had attended a wedding reception. The attack took place at Gerry Street and Harrison Avenue. The men were arguing in a boisterous manner when Kennelly undertook to interfere, and he was set upon and, after being kicked, punched, and jumped on, he was nearly choked to death. Policeman Joyce was beaten almost as badly before he succeeded in arresting Charles Miller, Joseph Leinbach, and William Minter. They were taken to the police station and Kennelly was removed to the Eastern District Hospital.

CAPT. REARDON SUSPENDED.

Dismissed Policeman Had Been Reinstated by Appellate Court.

Acting Commissioner Bingham of the Police Department announced yesterday morning that he had suspended Capt. John Reardon, pending the decision of the Corporation Counsel.

Reardon, who was formerly of the Greenpoint Station, was dismissed from the force by Commissioner Partridge, but was technically reinstated by a decision of the Appellate Division.

The four charges found against the Captain by Deputy Commissioner Thurston were reduced to two by the Appellate Division, so the sentence was annulled, and a new trial ordered.

DENOUNCES STOCK ISSUE

Court's Comment During Universal Tobacco Case Argument.

Vice Chancellor Pitney Says There Is No Honesty in a Stock Issue of $1,000,000 on a 25 or 30 Per Cent. Basis.

The application for the appointment of a receiver for the Universal Tobacco Company, filed at Trenton on July 15, came up before Vice Chancellor Pitney at Jersey City yesterday. The complainants are Edwin A. McAlpin, Joseph Tiernan, J. W. Rhoades, E. C. Babcock, Charles M. Allaire, and W. D. Judkin. They also ask for an injunction restraining the company from issuing bonds to the value of $1,000,000.

Gilbert Collins, counsel for complainants, read the bill of complaint, which charges that William H. Butler, President of the defendant company, had manipulated its business in his own interest and thereby involved it in financial difficulties. One of the allegations was that the company had been organized with $10,000,000 worth of stock, which was sold for from 25 to 32 cents a share.

Remarks by Mr. Collins on the increase of the company's stock from $100,000 to $1,000,000 and to alleged jugging with the stock were interrupted by Vice Chancellor Pitney, who said:

"I wish to express right here my judicial distrust of such practices. There is no honesty in a stock issue of $1,000,000 on a 25 or 30 per cent. basis and the forcing out of the holders of the common stock to the preferment of those holding preferred stock. That sort of practice is a fraud on the people who invest their money, and it is thievery to do it."

Attorney General Robert H. McCarter, counsel for the defendant company, read an affidavit made by William H. Butler, President of the company, who denied all the allegations set up. He said that in his conduct of the company's business he had at all times acted in good faith. He told of his connection with other companies, and said he had retired from the Union Tobacco Company when it was absorbed by the trust. He said the present charges were made maliciously for the purpose of injuring him. He denounced all the complainants except McAlpin as dummies, and said that Rhoades, Tiernan, and Allaire were employees of the company and only became stockholders when certain stock was transferred to them by George R. Sheldon, Henry R. Wilson, and Frank Jilford, Tiernan being an employe of the company, while Rhoades and Allaire are clerks in J. S. Hollins & Co., New York brokers. To the affidavit is appended a history of the organization of the company. It also showed how all stock had been issued and paid for.

A brief argument by Messrs. Collins and McCarter followed, and the case was adjourned to Aug. 11.

TRUST COMPANIES TO MERGE?

North American Said to Contemplate Joining Trust Company of America.

It is said that negotiations are well advanced for the merger of the North American Trust Company with the Trust Company of America. Ashbel P. Fitch, President of the Trust Company of America, is out of town, and Vice-President Leup said he had nothing for publication.

Oakleigh Thorne, President of the North American Trust Company, made a similar reply when questioned about the matter, consequently the details of the transaction were not obtainable last night.

LEGAL NOTES.

SERVING NOTICE OF INTENTION TO SUE ON CORPORATION COUNSEL.—Assistant Corporation Counsel William B. Cromwell contended, on an appeal to the Appellate Division from a judgment on a verdict for Charles W. Shaw in his suit against the city for personal injuries, that a reversal should be ordered because the plaintiff had not alleged in his complaint or proved on the trial that a notice of intention to sue had been filed with the Corporation Counsel, as required by Chapter 573, Page 801, of the Laws of 1896. Miss Mary Coleman, counsel for Shaw, was, however, able to show that it was alleged and admitted that prior to the commencement of the action the plaintiff presented to and filed with the Controller a claim for the damages for which a recovery was had, which contained a statement of the time and place of the accident and the facts connected with it. It was also shown that a like notice had been served on the Corporation Counsel. The Appellate Division decides that, while the notice was defective in that it was in form directed to the Controller, and did not contain an explicit intention to sue, the defects were unimportant, and especially so when taken in connection with the acts of the Corporation Counsel. The court has this to say on the subject: "Within a few days after the notice had been served the plaintiff was required to submit to an examination, conducted by an assistant to the Corporation Counsel, as to the claim which he had made. The notice was entitled, 'Charles W. Shaw against the City of New York.' It is admitted that the plaintiff claimed and demanded from the city damages for personal injuries, and, when served upon the Corporation Counsel, this was understood by him as a notice of an intention to sue under the statute, as is evidenced by the examination referred to. The statute, it will be observed, prescribed no particular form, although it states in general terms the nature of the notice required. The object sought to be accomplished by the statute was to require a notice to be given to the legal adviser of the city of the nature of the claim, the place where and the circumstances under which it arose, and an intention on the part of the one making the claim to enforce it, to the end that such adviser might investigate, while the matter was fresh in the minds of witnesses, the facts materially connected with or involved in it. The notice served, the court concluded, accomplished that object.

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FINES BY BOARDS OF HEALTH.—Albert R. Greenleaf is the owner of property fronting on a highway in the town of Fayette, Seneca County. Near his place, and also facing on the highway, is the Cayuga Hotel. A sewer which ran from the hotel to and on Mr. Greenleaf's premises was taken up by him after it had been abandoned. The town Board of Health subsequently notified him to repair it, and when Mr. Greenleaf failed to comply with the notice he was served with an order to show cause why he had acted as he did, and on his non-appearance, was fined. The order recited no place of meeting for the Board of Health, and it, in fact, had no office or meeting place. The Fourth Appellate Division has given a decision holding that Mr. Greenleaf, if he felt aggrieved, should not have proceeded by writ of certiorari to review the board's action, but should have waited until sued for the amount of the fine, and then set up the facts of the case as a defense. The court said, in part, by Justice Hiscock: "The validity of the fine which the board attempted to impose upon him in this case stands as though said board had proceeded to fine respondent without any pretense of giving him a notice or a hearing. Under such circumstances, we have no doubt that, if an attempt is ever made in a legally constituted court to collect of respondent said fine, he may contest and litigate fully the facts upon which its imposition is based. The Board of Health in such action will not be able to substitute its mere determination that respondent has been guilty of improper conduct for facts to prove that he actually was so guilty. If he was in fact guilty of unlawfully obstructing the sewer in question and interfering with matters within the jurisdiction of the Board of Health, the latter may be able to collect the fine which it sought to impose; but if, upon the other hand, it is proved that he was not guilty of such conduct, his property cannot be taken away from him because the Board of Health, without sufficient warrant, has improperly determined that he did commit unlawful acts."

Guess we palavered too much in yesterday's advertisement—obscured the fact that 1600 outing suits had been greatly reduced.

The prices of some were cut right in two.

$10 or $12 now.

Plenty in all sizes; mostly coat and trouser suits—some have vests too.

Wool crash, flannels, batiste, striped white serge.

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258 Broadway, opposite City Hall.
and 7 and 9 Warren St.
842 Broadway, cor. 13th.
and 14b to 14d 4th Ave.
1040 Broadway, cor. 85d.
and 44 West 33d St.
We all orders by mail.

THE JUNIOR CRACKER—nourishing and appetizing. A delicacy of delicacies. 15 cents. All Grocers.
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TRUNKS, BAGS, SUIT CASES
IN FACT
Everything for the Traveler.
BUY DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURERS.
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NO BAR TO DOCK INQUIRY

Justice Bischoff Denies Prohibition Writ to Fleming.

Court Action Due to Justice Mayer's Affidavit—General Inquiries Before Magistrates Discussed.

Justice Bischoff, in the Supreme Court, denied yesterday the application by Contractor John Fleming for an alternative writ of prohibition restraining Justice Julius M. Mayer of the Court of Special Sessions from proceeding with his examination in the "John Doe" Dock Board inquiry. Justice Bischoff finds, in effect, that it appears without contradiction that Mr. Fleming's examination has been concluded and that he is under no requirement to attend the hearing further, and that he cannot prohibit from testifying a witness who already has testified.

All this was much of a surprise to L. Laflin Kellogg, Mr. Fleming's counsel, who stated that he had only just learned yesterday morning that Justice Mayer had filed an affidavit that the proceedings, so far as Mr. Fleming was concerned, had been concluded.

"If they had at the beginning of these proceedings been so concluded," said Mr. Kellogg, "and we had been so informed, of course this writ of prohibition would not have been applied for. The conclusion of these proceedings and the filing of the affidavit without notice three days after the argument would seem to justify the opinion that the proceedings were concluded to avoid the possible effect of the decision here asked for. Mr. Fleming has not signed, nor has he been asked to sign, the deposition. If the Magistrate or the District Attorney do not think it worth while to have him sign the depositions it would naturally be inferred that the examination which they had taken was one not desired and one that they did not intend to use.

"If any of my clients are subpoenaed, and so desire, another writ of prohibition will be obtained. It is quite evident to me that neither Justice Mayer nor the District Attorney knew of any specific, designated crime. If they had they would have produced it and presented it upon the argument of the case."

The main ground upon which the application was made was that the information laid did not charge the defendants with any specified crime.

"A mere form of words charging nothing and subjecting no person to responsibility for the utterance," says Justice Bischoff in his decision, "could be made the basis of a general inquiry by or before a Magistrate into every question arising between members of the community which might be deemed to have a bearing upon some half-suspected crime, and all persons would be bound to attend, if directed, and to testify to any matter which the person conducting the inquiry might deem of moment.

"The policy of our law is to confine the general power of inquiry to the Grand Jury, a body periodically chosen from the whole body of citizens of the community itself, whose exercise of that power, with due regard to the rights of citizens, is safeguarded by the number of its members.

"If the provisions of law regulating the substance of the information upon which the Magistrate may proceed are not to be strictly followed, or if a different construction of those provisions would be Constitutional, the Grand Jury, as an institution, would have little reason for existence."

Wireless Apparatus on Liners.

The work of fitting out the steamships of the American and Red Star lines with wireless telegraphic apparatus has practically been completed. The Kroonland, which sailed for Antwerp on Saturday, had her instruments placed on her in the week she was in port. The Finland was equipped on this side, and when she sailed from here on her last trip her instruments were in working order. The Zeeland, due to sail from this port on Saturday, had her wireless instruments placed on board on the other side, though she was fitted for their installation while in port here. The Vaderland also has been equipped.

To Resume Pottery Making.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Aug. 3.—F. Mortimer of New York City has signed an agreement to buy the Adam Green Pottery Works, in this city, from the New Brunswick Savings Institution, and has paid a deposit. The works were formerly operated by Adam Green, but were partially destroyed by fire three years ago. Mr. Green made no attempt to revive the industry, and allowed a mortgage on the plant, held by the savings institution, to be foreclosed. Mr. Mortimer is having the plant repaired and made ready for operation.

Arrested on Ship as Horse Thief.

James Ahearn, a steerage passenger of the White Star Line Arabic, which arrived from Liverpool Sunday, was arrested on his arrival charged with horse stealing. The detectives said Ahearn came to America fourteen years ago, and that five months ago he stole a horse and buggy from a

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Blue Serges and Cheviots,
Gray Serges,
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Have been $18 to $25.

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Great Sale Fancy Negligee and soft bosom shirts; were $1 to $2.50, Now 75c.

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AMUSEMENTS.

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LUNA PARK
COLOSSAL CARNIVAL OF NATIONS
Will be the greatest Day in History of Amusement World.
$20,000 PROGRAM FOR 10 CENTS
Including WILL H. HILL, King of the High Wire from top of Electric Tower.
OSONATOS, Marvelous Casting Act. HASSAN BEN ALI TROUPE, Acrobatic Arabs.
BIJOU CIRCUS, JOSIE ASHTON, Premiere Bare Back Rider. ADAMS TROUPE, World's Greatest Clowns.
CYCLE LOOP THE LOOP into the Waters of the Lagoon.
CARL GOLIATH, Feats of Strength. VAN CLEAF, Burlesque Equestrian.
F. HERBERTS, Wonderful Contortionists. ORLOFF TROUPE, Triple Bars.
GREAT CAMERONI, Sliding for Life.
GILBERT'S GOATS, Butt in. H. C. WARD, Equilibrist.
NAZARIE, Scaaish Ring. BOLMINIAN Troubadors.
HOWARD and KEENAN, Bicycle Tramps on High Wire.
ARABIAN MINDERS, FILIPINO TRIO, IAN, FILIPINO, VENETIAN QU